FFY 2022 – 2026 Transportation Improvement Program

MONTACHUSETT METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION

Endorsed May 19th, 2021



Prepared in cooperation with the Massachusetts Department of Transportation and the U.S. Department of Transportation. The views and opinions of the Montachusett Regional Planning Commission expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation or the U.S. Department of Transportation.

The Montachusett MPO and the MRPC fully complies with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and related statutes and regulations in all programs and activities. The Montachusett MPO operates without regard to race, color, national origin, English Proficiency, ancestry, creed, income, gender, age and/or disability. Any person who believes him/herself or any specific class of persons, to be subject to discrimination prohibited by Title VI may by him/herself or by representative file a written complaint with the MRPC or the MMPO. Complaints are to be filed no later than 180 days from the date of the alleged discrimination. Please contact Glenn Eaton at 978-345-7376 ext. 310 for more information.



MONTACHUSETT

REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Offices: 464 Abbott Ave., Leominster, Massachusetts 01453 (978) 345-7376 Fax: (978) 348-2490



MONTACHUSETT METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION ENDORSEMENT OF THE FFY 2022 – 2026 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Whereas, the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) has completed its review in accordance with 23 CFR Part 450 Section 324 (Development and content of the Metropolitan Transportation Plan) and 23 CFR Part 450 Section 326 (Transportation Improvement Program: General) and hereby certifies that the FFY 2022-2026 TIP is financially constrained and that it conforms to the Montachusett 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plan. Based on the results of the review and analyses, the Montachusett 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plan and FFY 2022-2026 TIP are consistent with the air quality goals of, and in conformity with, the Massachusetts State Implementation Plan.

Therefore, the Committee of Signatories representing the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) by a majority vote hereby endorses the Montachusett Region FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP).

The Committee of Signatories representing the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) by a majority vote hereby endorses the FFY 2022-2026 TIP for the Montachusett MPO with the chair signing on behalf of all members.

Jamey Tesler, Secretary and CEO
Massachusetts Department of Transportation

Stephan Woelfel for

5/19/2021

This page left blank.

MONTACHUSETT

REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Offices: 464 Abbott Ave., Leominster, Massachusetts 01453 (978) 345-7376 Fax: (978) 348-2490



Certification of the Montachusett Region MPO 3C Transportation Planning Process

Concurrent with the submittal of the proposed TIP to the FHWA and FTA, The Montachusett Region Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) certifies that its conduct of the metropolitan transportation planning process complies with all applicable requirements, which are listed below, and that this process includes activities to support the development and implementation of the Regional Long-Range Transportation Plan and Air Quality Conformity Determination, the Transportation Improvement Program and Air Quality Conformity Determination, and the Unified Planning Work Program.

- 1. 23 USC 134, 49 USC 5303, and this subpart;
- 2. Sections 174 and 176 (c) and (d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 USC 7504, 7506 (c) and (d) and for applicable State Implementation Plan projects;
- 3. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 USC 2000d-1) and 49 CFR Part 21;
- 4. 49 USC 5332, prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, sex, or age in employment or business opportunity.
- 5. Section 1101(b) of the Fast Act (Pub. L. 114-94) and 49 CFR Part 26 regarding the involvement of disadvantaged business enterprises in U.S. DOT-funded projects;
- 6. 23 CFR part 230, regarding implementation of an equal employment opportunity program on Federal and Federal-aid highway construction contracts;
- 7. The provisions of US DOT and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 USC 12101 et seq.) and 49 CFR Parts 27, 37, and 38;
- 8. The Older Americans Act, as amended (42 USC 6101), prohibiting discrimination on the basis of age in programs or activities receiving federal financial assistance;
- 9. Section 324 of Title 23 USC regarding the prohibition of discrimination based on gender;
- 10. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC 794) and 49 CFR Part 27 regarding discrimination against individuals with disabilities;
- 11. Anti-lobbying restrictions found in 49 USC Part 20. No appropriated funds may be expended by a recipient to influence or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any agency, or a member of Congress, in connection with the awarding of any federal contract.

The Committee of Signatories representing the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) by a majority vote hereby endorses the Self Certification Compliance Statement for the Montachusett MPO with the chair signing on behalf of all members.

Jamey Tes**le**r, Secretary and CEO

Massachusetts Department of Transportation

4/21/2021

Date



MONTACHUSETT

REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Offices: 464 Abbott Ave., Leominster, Massachusetts 01453 (978) 345-7376 Fax: (978) 348-2490



Certification of the Montachusett Region MPO Transportation Planning Process 310 CMR 60.05: Global Warming Solutions Act Requirements for the Transportation Sector and the Massachusetts Department of Transportation

This will certify that the FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program for the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization is in compliance with all applicable requirements in the State Regulation 310 CMR 60.05: Global Warming Solutions Act Requirements for the Transportation Sector and the Massachusetts Department of Transportation. The regulation requires the Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) to:

- 1. 310 CMR 60.05, 5(a)(1): Evaluate and report the aggregate transportation GHG emissions and impacts of RTPs and TIPs;
- 2. 310 CMR 60.05, 5(a)(2): In consultation with MassDOT, develop and utilize procedures to prioritize and select projects in RTPs and TIPs based on factors that include aggregate transportation GHG emissions impacts;
- 3. 310 CMR 60.05, 5(a)(3): Quantify net transportation GHG emissions impacts resulting from the projects in RTPs and TIPs and certify in a statement included with RTPs and TIPs pursuant to 23 CFR Part 450 that the MPO has made efforts to minimize aggregate transportation GHG emissions impacts;
- 4. 310 CMR 60.05, 5(a)(4): Determine in consultation with the RPA that the appropriate planning assumptions used for transportation GHG emissions modeling are consistent with local land use policies, or that local authorities have made documented and credible commitments to establishing such consistency;
- 310 CMR 60.05, 8(a)(2)(a): Develop RTPs and TIPs;
- 6. 310 CMR 60.05, 8(a)(2)(b): Ensure that RPAs are using appropriate planning assumptions;
- 7. 310 CMR 60.05, 8(a)(2)(c): Perform regional aggregate transportation GHG emissions analysis of RTPs and TIPs;
- 8. 310 CMR 60.05, 8(a)(2)(d): Calculate aggregate transportation GHG emissions for RTPs and TIPs;
- 9. 310 CMR 60.05, 8(a)(2)(e): Develop public consultation procedures for aggregate transportation GHG reporting and related GWSA requirements consistent with current and approved regional public participation plans;
- 10. 310 CMR 60.05, 8(c): Prior to making final endorsements on the RTPs, TIPs, STIPs, and projects included in these plans, MassDOT and the MPOs shall include the aggregate transportation GHG emission impact assessment in RTPs, TIPs, and STIPs and provide an opportunity for public review and comment on the RTPs, TIPs, and STIPs.
- 11. 310 CMR 60.05, 8(a)(1)(c): After a final GHG assessment has been made by MassDOT and the MPOs, MassDOT and the MPOs shall submit MPO-endorsed RTPs, TIPs or projects within 30 days of endorsement to the Department for review of the GHG assessment.

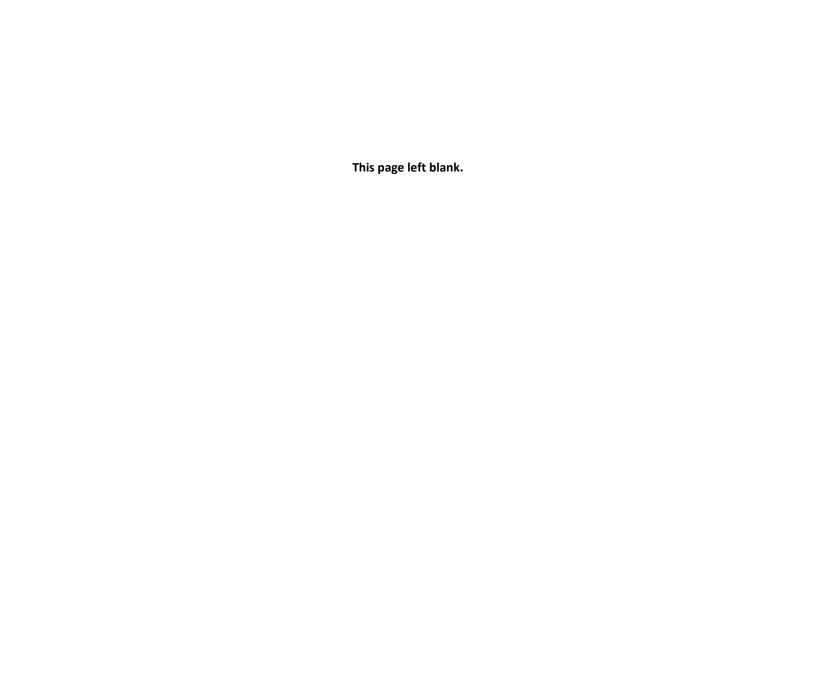
The Committee of Signatories representing the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) by a majority vote hereby endorses the GWSA Statement for the Montachusett MPO with the chair signing on behalf of all members.

Jamey Tesler, Secretary and CEO

Massachusetts Department of Transportation

4/21/2021

Date



Notice of Nondiscrimination Rights and Protections to Beneficiaries

Federal "Title VI/Nondiscrimination" Protections

The Montachusett Regional Planning Commission (MRPC) operates its programs, services, and activities in compliance with federal nondiscrimination laws including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI), the Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, and related statutes and regulations. Title VI prohibits discrimination in federally assisted programs and requires that no person in the United States of America shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin (including limited English proficiency), be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal assistance. Related federal nondiscrimination laws administrated by the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Transit Administration, or both prohibit discrimination on the basis of age, sex, and disability. These protected categories are contemplated within MRPC's Title VI Programs consistent with federal interpretation and administration. Additionally, MRPC provides meaningful access to its programs, services, and activities to individuals with limited English proficiency, in compliance with US Department of Transportation policy and guidance on federal Executive Order 13166.

State Nondiscrimination Protections

MRPC also complies with the Massachusetts Public Accommodation Law, M.G.L. c 272 §§ 92a, 98, 98a, prohibiting making any distinction, discrimination, or restriction in admission to or treatment in a place of public accommodation based on race, color, religious creed, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, disability, or ancestry. Likewise, MRPC complies with the Governor's Executive Order 526, section 4 requiring all programs, activities, and services provided, performed, licensed, chartered, funded, regulated, or contracted for by the state shall be conducted without unlawful discrimination based on race, color, age, gender, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, religion, creed, ancestry, national origin, disability, veteran's status (including Vietnam-era veterans), or background.

Additional Information

To request additional information regarding Title VI and related federal and state nondiscrimination obligations, please contact:

Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) and Montachusett Regional Planning Commission (MRPC) Title VI Coordinator MRPC 464 Abbott Ave.
Leominster, MA 01453 (978) 345-7376 geaton@mrpc.org

Complaint Filing

To file a complaint alleging a violation of Title VI or related federal nondiscrimination law, contact the Title VI Specialist (above) within 180 days of the alleged discriminatory conduct.

To file a complaint alleging a violation of the state's Public Accommodation Law, contact the Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination within 300 days of the alleged discriminatory conduct at:

Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination (MCAD)
One Ashburton Place, 6th Floor
Boston, MA 02109
617-994-6000 ~~ TTY: 617-994-6196

Language Assistance

English: If this information is needed in another language, please contact the MRPC Title VI Coordinator at 978-345-7376.

Spanish: Si necesita esta información en otro idioma, por favor contacte el coordenador del MRPC del Título VI al 978-345-7376.

Portuguese: Caso esta informação seja necessária em outro idioma, favor contar o Coordenador em Título VI do MRPC pelo telefone 978-345-7376.

French: Si cette information est nécessaire dans une autre langue, s'il vous plaît communiquer avec le coordonnateur MRPC Titre VI au 978-345-7376.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

MPO Endorsement	
3C Certification	
Global Warming Solution Act Certification	
Notice of Nondiscrimination Rights and Protections to Beneficiaries	iv
TABLE OF CONTENTS	
MONTACHUSETT METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION SIGNATORIES	vii
MPO SUB-SIGNATORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS	vii
EXOFFICIO MEMBERS	
MONTACHUSETT REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION (MRPC) OFFICERS	vii
MONTACHUSETT JOINT TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE (MJTC) OFFICERS	vii
MONTACHUSETT REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION STAFF	vii
MONTACHUSETT JOINT TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE	b
EXOFFICIO MEMBERS	b
ORGANIZATION MEMBERS	b
INTRODUCTION	
TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (TIP) DEVELOPMENT PROCESS	
Requirement for Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)	1
Procedures for Development of TIP	1
Public Participation Procedures	
Coordination/Consultation Process	
Project Selection/Prioritization – Transportation Evaluation Criteria	
AMENDMENT/ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES	
COORDINATION WITH REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING	
EQUITY DISTRIBUTION ANALYSIS OF TIP PROJECTS	
Methodology	
FFY 2022-2026 Target Eligible Projects	
2017-2021 Projects Five Year Lookback	
2017-2021 Projects Five Year Lookback Equity Analysis	
Summary of Equity Analysis	
Summary of Community Distribution	
SPECIAL EFFORTS FOR ELDERLY AND DISABLED	
FY22 Projects	
FEDERAL LEGISLATION	
Regional Transportation Plan – Performance Measures	
Statewide and Regional Transportation Performance Management	25
Safety Performance Measures (PM1)	
Bridge & Pavement Performance Measures (PM2)	
Reliability, Congestion, & Emissions Performance Measures (PM3)	
Transit Asset Management	
TAM Performance Measures and Targets	
Public Transit Agency Safety Plan (PTASP)	
TRANSPORTATION FUNDING PROGRAMS	
Description of Highway Programs	
Glossary of Terms	
Description of Transit Funding Programs	
Formula Grants	
Discretionary Grants	
STATE POLICIES AND DIRECTIVES	
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY	
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY - HIGHWAY	
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY - HIGHWAY	
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY - TRANSIT	
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY – TRANSIT	
SCENARIO 2 & 3 FUNDING PERCENTAGE PER CATEGORY	
OULIVANIO 4 & J I UNDINO FLINGENTAGE FER DATEGUTTT	40

TARGET PROJECTS BY CATEGORY	49
TARGET PROJECT INVESTMENT PERCENTAGE PER CATEGORY	49
FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS	51
Financial Plan for the FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program Montachusett MPO	51
Reliability, Modernization & Expansion Expenditures	57
STATUS OF PREVIOUS ANNUAL ELEMENT PROJECTS	
Status of FFY 2021 Montachusett Highway TIP Projects	58
Status of Transit Project	
AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY INFORMATION - MONTACHUSETT METROPOLITAN PLANNING	
ORGANIZATION - FFY 2022-2026 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	60
Introduction	60
Legislative and Regulatory Background	60
Current Conformity Determination	
TRANSPORTATION AND TRANSIT PROJECT PRIORITIES: FEDERAL & STATE SECTIONS	
APPENDIX A – REGIONAL PRIORITIES FOR WHICH FUNDING HAS NOT BEEN IDENTIFIED	
APPENDIX B – MONTACHUSETT MPO TRANSPORTATION EVALUATION CRITERIA	
APPENDIX C – 2022 – 2026 TIP GREENHOUSE GAS MONITORING AND EVALUATION	
Introduction	
State policy context	
The role of MPOs	
Project-level GHG tracking and evaluation in TIPs	
Calculation of GHG Impacts for TIP Projects	
Calculation of GHG Impacts for TIP Projects	
Regional Greenhouse Gas Impact Summary Tables for FFY 2022 – 2026 TIP	86
Highway Projects with GHG Emissions Analysis	
EMISSIONS ANALYSIS	
APPENDIX D – EQUITY DISTRIBUTION ANALYSIS OF TIP PROJECTS MAPS	
APPENDIX E – OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE TABLES	
ATTACHMENT 1 - COMMENTS RECEIVED ON DRAFT TIP	110

MONTACHUSETT METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION SIGNATORIES

Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT) Secretary

MassDOT Highway Division Administrator

Jonathan L. Gulliver.

Mantachusett Parianal Planning Commission (MRRC) Chairman

Montachusett Regional Planning Commission (MRPC) Chairman

Guy Corbosiero

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (MART) Chairman and

Mayor Dean Mazzarella

Mayor City of Leominster

Mayor City of Gardner Mayor Michael Nicholson
Mayor City of Fitchburg Mayor Stephen DiNatale

Winchendon Board of Selectmen Subregion 1

Ashburnham Board of Selectmen Subregion 2

Lunenburg Board of Selectmen Subregion 3

Lancaster Board of Selectmen Subregion 4

Michael-Rey Jeffries

Jay M. Moody

MPO SUB-SIGNATORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS

David Mohler, Director OTP, MassDOT, for Secretary Jamey Tesler Arthur Frost, Project Development Engineer for Administrator Jonathan L. Gulliver Glenn Eaton, Executive Director, MRPC, for Chairman Corbosiero Mohammed H. Khan, Administrator, MART, for Chairman Mayor Dean Mazzarella

EXOFFICIO MEMBERS

Jeffrey H. McEwen, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration
Peter Butler, Regional Administrator Federal Transit Administration

MONTACHUSETT REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION (MRPC) OFFICERS

Guy Corbosiero, Chairman Winchendon
John Telepciak, Vice Chairman Phillipston
Laura Shifrin, Treasurer Townsend
Roger Hoyt, Asst. Treasurer/Secretary Ashburnham

MONTACHUSETT JOINT TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE (MJTC) OFFICERS

Jon Wyman, ChairmanWestminsterNicolas Bosonetto, P.E., Vice ChairmanFitchburgTracy Murphy, SecretaryWinchendon

MONTACHUSETT REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION STAFF

Glenn Eaton, Executive Director

Linda Parmenter, Administrative/Human Resources Director

Linda Quinlivan, Fiscal Director

Brad Harris, Transportation Director George Snow, Principal Transportation Planner

Sheri Bean, Principal Planner

Brian Doherty, AICP, Principal Transportation Planner

George Kahale, Transit Director Holly Ford, Executive Assistant John Hume, Planning & Development Director

Karen Chapman, Principal Planner Jonathan Vos, Regional Planner Jason Stanton, GIS/IT Director Kayla Kress, GIS Analyst

MONTACHUSETT JOINT TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

COMMUNITY APPOINTED BY SELECTMEN/MAYOR APPOINTED BY PLANNING BOARD

Ashburnham Roger Hoyt

Ashby Alan Pease

Athol Dick Kilhart

Ayer Mark Archambault

Clinton Phil Duffy

Fitchburg Nicolas Bosonetto Paula Caron

Gardner Treavor Beauregard

Groton Russell Burke
Harvard Frin McBee

Harvard Erin McBee
Hubbardston Travis Brown Alice Livdahl

Lancaster Michael Antonellis

Leominster David DiGiovanni Peter Latchis
Lunenburg Paula Bertram Matthew Brenner

Petersham Nancy Allen
Phillipston Gordon Robertson
Parallelan

Royalston Roland Hamel

Shirley Janet Tice
Sterling Richard Maki Kirsten Newman

Templeton Charles Carroll II
Townsend Don Klein Beth Faxon

Westminster Jon Wyman

Winchendon Brian Croteau Guy Corbosiera

EXOFFICIO MEMBERS

Bryan Pounds Office of Transportation Planning (OTP) and

Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT)

Jeffrey H. McEwen Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Division Administrator Peter Butler Federal Transit Administration (FTA), Regional Administrator

Department of Environmental Protection (DEP)

Paula Simmons MassDOT Highway Division - District 2
Arthur Frost MassDOT Highway Division - District 3

Montachusett Regional Planning Commission (MRPC)

Mohammed Khan Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (MART)

ORGANIZATION MEMBERS

Al Futterman Nashua River Watershed Association (NRWA)

Amalgamated Transit Union #690 (ATU 690)

Richard Liberatore Fitchburg Airport Commission

Roy M. Nascimento North Central MA Chamber of Commerce

Joan Goodwin Fitchburg Council on Aging

Jessica Strunkin Mass Development

Peter Lowitt Devens Enterprise Commission (DEC)
Patricia Pistone Montachusett Opportunity Council, Inc.

Kristen Lamoureux The ARC of Opportunity

INTRODUCTION

This document is the product of a comprehensive, continuous and cooperative effort to improve and sustain the transportation systems of the Montachusett Region. The decisions and priorities established within are derived and shaped through outreach to and input from local officials, the Montachusett Joint Transportation Committee (MJTC), the Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (MART), the Montachusett Regional Planning Commission (MRPC), the Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT), the MassDOT Highway Division and any and all interested individuals, organizations and stakeholders in the public at large. Throughout the development and decision-making process, all individuals in the Region are strongly encouraged to participate in the transportation planning process, voice any opinions or concerns and help shape and guide the development of this document.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (TIP) DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

Requirement for Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

The TIP is required under Federal Regulations issued jointly by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). This TIP is a prioritized listing of transportation projects proposed for implementation for the Montachusett Region during the future five federal fiscal years. This time period is broken down into the coming year (Year 1 Element) and the following four years (Year 2 through Year 5). The TIP projects are also identified by funding category so that where necessary priorities may be established for projects within each funding program. Unless otherwise noted, the agency responsible for advertising highway projects is the Massachusetts Department of Transportation Highway Division and, for transit projects, the Montachusett Regional Transit Authority. The reader will note that some of the same projects may be found again in this year's Year 1 Element because they have been delayed by various problems in their design or environmental requirements, while other projects found in last year's TIP have been removed due to implementation.

Procedures for Development of TIP

The MRPC staff annually develops the TIP project listing. Sources used include the MassDOT's eSTIP online project application, MassDOT Project Information System, MassDOT Highway Division Districts 2 and 3, local officials, the Montachusett Joint Transportation Committee (MJTC), the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP), the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO), regional stakeholders, the general public and Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) identified in the Transportation Element of the State Implementation Plan (TESIP).

The local planning process conforms to the private enterprise requirements of the FTA Act, Section 5309, Section 5303 and Section 5307. Specifically, this is demonstrated in the FTA Section 5307 Urban Area Formula Program. Funding from each of these grants is supplied to private transportation providers who provide, under contract, mass transportation services to the Montachusett Regional Transit Authority and to various communities to through Council on Aging services. The private operators are Management of Transportation Services, Inc., Management of Transportation Services Gardner, Inc., Dial-A-Mart Services, Inc., and Management of Transportation Services Gardner, Athol Division. Input from all the providers is utilized in the planning process.

Public Participation Procedures

The Montachusett Public Participation Program (PPP) establishes the procedures utilized to ensure "opportunities for any and all interested individuals to participate early and often in the transportation decision making process." The PPP also seeks to outline "the process that the MMPO will use to reach out to persons identified under the regulations/laws of Title VI, Environmental Justice (EJ), Limited English Proficiency (LEP), Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA) and as well as any other traditionally underrepresented population." The MRPC recently amended the PPP in order to change the length for public review and comment periods for the TIP, the Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP), the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and other major transportation related documents from 30 days to 21 days. This change allows for a more consistent review process and schedule while still providing ample opportunity for public involvement. After a 45-day public review and comment period, the amended PPP was endorsed by the MPO on March 15, 2017 and became effective as of this date. The PPP also includes provisions for the MPO to reduce the comment period for required documents to a minimum of 10 days under extraordinary circumstances. The PPP is "considered a living document that will change, grow and adapt in order to help the MMPO sustain its work to engage diverse community members throughout its Region. Therefore, the MMPO will modify its public participation methods and activities over time, based on ideas and feedback from community members and the MMPO's evaluation of its public participation process and effectiveness." Future updates and/or revisions will also be undertaken as requirements and/or changes are identified due to the passage of the FAST Act, and any future continuing resolutions or federal authorizing legislation.

In conformance with the amended PPP, the draft TIP is distributed for a 21-day public review and comment period. Following completion of the 21-day review period, any comments or issues received are addressed and reflected in the final TIP. This document is then reviewed by the MJTC/MRPC and MMPO and is recommended for endorsement by the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) at a subsequent MMPO meeting.

The fully endorsed TIP is then distributed to Federal, State and local agencies and groups, including FTA, FHWA, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), again, in conformance with the PPP.

Throughout the development procedure, the Montachusett Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) is compiled in accordance with Title 23 CFR Section 450.324 and 310 CMR 60.03(6)h that requires that the TIP development provide an adequate opportunity for public review and comment. As such, during the TIP development process, a memo announcing the commencement of the TIP was distributed to members of the MPO outreach list including those identified as serving the Title VI and EJ populations. The memo was also translated into Spanish based on our current LEP (Limited English Proficiency) Plan. These memos identified upcoming times and dates where the TIP was to be discussed. It also invited comments and input from all potentially impacted populations including those of Title VI and EJ. These memos were also published to the MRPC webpage. For a listing of the groups contacted as well as a list of meeting dates, please refer to the Coordination/Consultation Process section later in this document.

The Montachusett Regional Transit Authority, a FTA Section 5307/5310/5339 applicant, has consulted with the Montachusett Regional Planning Commission and concurs that the public involvement process adopted by the MPO for the development of the TIP satisfies the public hearing requirements that pertain to the development of the "Program of Projects" (POP) for regular Section 5307, Urbanized Area Formula Program, grant applications including the provision for public notice and the time established for public review and comment.

For FTA projects that are not routine, i.e. applications that require an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement, the public involvement provided for herein for the TIP review is not sufficient. Additional public involvement, as presented in the joint FHWA/FTA environmental regulations, 23 CFR part 771 will be required by FTA for grant approval.

Coordination/Consultation Process

During the development process of the TIP, the MRPC coordinates with:

- MassDOT Highway Division Districts 2 and 3;
- MassDOT Office of Transportation Planning;
- Montachusett Regional Transit Authority;
- Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization;
- Montachusett Joint Transportation Committee.

In addition to specific meetings scheduled for TIP project and Transportation Evaluation Criteria (TEC) review, public meetings of the MJTC and MRPC provide opportunity for input from the general public and interested groups. Notices related to the TIP development and the public comment periods are disseminated to members of the MRPC Transportation Mailing Matrix in accordance with the Montachusett Public Participation Plan (PPP) (MPO endorsed May 25, 2016 and Amended March 25, 2017).

As part of this outreach process, efforts to ensure meeting the requirements of Environmental Justice and Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act are continually examined. This includes the development of a Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Access Plan (MPO Adopted September 2019), translation of memos and certain documents into other languages (based upon the LEP, this is currently done for Spanish), the availability of translation tools for the MRPC website and the inclusion of advocates for special groups in the MJTC membership. MRPC staff maintains a continual review and update process of electronic contact information, i.e. email addresses, in order to correct issues such as broken or non-existent addresses and personnel changes. This electronic mailing list comprises the major PPP distribution list for transportation issues and notices. The update of this electronic mailing list remains an important aspect of our public participation process.

Members of the outreach list include but are not limited to:

Public/Private Groups - Montachusett Joint Transportation Committee (MJTC) Members; Montachusett Regional Planning Commission (MRPC) Members; Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization (MMPO) Members; Mayors; Boards of Selectmen; Planning Departments; Planning Boards; City and Town Clerks; Town Administrators; Police Departments; Fire Departments; Public Work Departments; Conservation Commissions; Congressmen; Senators; State Senators and Representatives; Local Media; Libraries; Councils on Aging; Private Transportation Providers; Regional Transit Authority; Chambers of Commerce; City Councilors; Environmental Protection Agency; Department of Environmental Management; State and Federal Agencies; Housing Authorities; School Districts; Hospitals and Medical Centers; Trail Advocacy Groups and Organizations; Community Development Corporations; and Emergency Management Agencies and Directors.

Special Interest Groups - Montachusett Opportunity Council; Local Transit Union; Cleghorn Neighborhood Center; Spanish American Center; MA Rehab Commission; Fitchburg Spanish Council; Local Community Development Corporations; Airport Managers; Neighborhood Groups; Community Action Groups

The FFY 2022 – 2026 TIP has been or will be discussed at the following scheduled meetings:

- January 7, 2021 MRPC Meeting
- January 13, 2021 MJTC Meeting
- January 20, 2021 Montachusett MPO Meeting
- February 4, 2021 MRPC Meeting
- February 9, 2021 TIP Readiness Day
- February 10, 2021 MJTC Meeting
- February 17, 2021 Montachusett MPO Meeting
- March 4, 2021 MRPC Meeting
- March 10, 2021 MJTC Meeting
- March 17, 2021 Montachusett MPO Meeting
- April 14, 2021 MJTC Meeting
- April 21, 2021 Montachusett MPO Meeting
- May 6, 2021 MRPC Meeting
- May 12, 2021 MJTC Meeting
- May 19, 2021 Montachusett MPO Meeting
- June 3, 2021 MRPC Meeting

Through this extensive mailing and notification process, it is anticipated that local and state agencies and officials, as well as other groups/organizations, will be notified of the TIP development process and further coordination and/or consultation will occur as decisions and documents are prepared. As stated in 23 CFR 450.316 (3) (b) the MPO continues to seek to consult with "agencies and officials responsible for other planning activities within the Metropolitan Planning Area (MPA) that are affected by transportation or coordinate its planning process (to the maximum extent practicable) with such planning activities".

In addition, notices and information encouraging input to the TIP development process have been placed on the MRPC website. This includes all appropriate meeting dates, memos announcing the start of the comment period and the availability of draft documents as well as the draft document itself. These posting were also made to the website in a Spanish language version. Upon endorsement of the TIP by the MPO, final versions of the TIP as well as a project summary are then made available via the MRPC website. All comments received during the public comment and review period, as well as appropriate responses to them, are detailed in the Appendix Comments and Responses at the end of this document.

<u>Project Selection/Prioritization – Transportation Evaluation Criteria</u>

For the purposes of project selection and programming, any project listed in Year 1 of the endorsed TIP will be considered to have the concurrence of the MPO without further action required. Prioritization of projects will have taken place by virtue of placement of a project in Years 1 to 5 of the TIP. Out years may contain unallocated funding amounts based upon anticipated federal aid regional target funds. These yearly listing will be further defined as specific projects in subsequent year TIPs.

Prioritization of projects is based upon input from MassDOT regarding project design and implementation status, local prioritization from chief elected officials, scoring of the project based upon the Transportation Evaluation Criteria (TEC), fiscal constraints for the Montachusett Region, consensus vote by the MJTC and formal adoption by the MPO. Throughout this procedure, input from local citizens are reviewed and considered where appropriate in the prioritization process.

As indicated, an initial project listing is obtained from MassDOT and the local communities. These projects are then reviewed one by one to ascertain their current status as to design and potential advertising dates. Projects are then scored and

evaluated utilizing the Transportation Evaluation Criteria (TEC). The TEC is a series of criteria to "be applied by the appropriate implementing agency during the project development stage to ensure that our limited budgetary and staff resources are committed to the best proposals; to assist the MPO process of programming federal funding through the regional Transportation Improvement Programs; and to examine existing projects in the pipeline to determine which should ultimately proceed to design and construction."

The criteria are used to cover all types of transportation projects from simple resurfacing to reconstruction and expansion. Benefits and impacts are examined for transportation as well as economic development, community effects, environmental justice issues, land use and environmental impacts. Final scores based upon the TEC then become part of the decision and prioritization process.

The Montachusett TEC is based on a scoring scale of 0 to 66 with the higher the score the greater the project priority. To establish the 66-point scale, 26 separate questions were derived and grouped into six (6) categories. The categories and individual questions/criteria per category breakdowns as follows:

Montachusett TEC Category and Scoring Summary									
	No. of Individual	Total Maximum							
Category	Questions/Criteria	Category Score							
Condition	4	14							
Mobility	4	10							
Safety	4	13							
Community Effects and Support	4	13							
Land Use and Economic Development	5	11							
Environmental Effects	5	5							
Totals	26	66							

Montachusett TEC Category and Scoring Summary

The Maximum Category scores reflect the relative importance of that category as determined by the MPO during the establishment of the Montachusett TEC, i.e. Condition, Safety and Community Effects and Support were deemed to be of greater significance in the prioritization process. For a sample TEC scoring sheet, please refer to the appendix of this document.

At the start of each TIP development cycle, MPO staff reviews the latest information and status of the regions projects in order to update their individual TEC scores. As projects move forward, more details related to their scope, purpose and impacts can usually be derived. This in turn results in a better ability to score the project based on the TEC questions.

After all projects are scored, a prioritized listing is established by the MPO. This listing helps to drive the development of each of the individual federal fiscal years of the TIP. Two additional elements of the project also play into the prioritization process; the projects estimated total cost and its current design status. The current design status of a project significantly affects its potential for advertisement in a particular fiscal year. Delays in permitting, right-of-way, environmental impacts, etc. can prevent a highly-scored project from being included in particular year. Thus, close coordination with MassDOT on project development is an important aspect of developing a workable TIP. In addition, the TIP is required to be fiscally constrained, i.e. a region cannot program more projects than the anticipated federal funds available for its region. MassDOT provides each region with these federal "target" figures to assist in the development of a fiscally constrained document. These fiscal limits can impact how many projects can be allocated in a certain year, thus consensus on cost estimates are also key in the TIP process. From this, a project listing by fiscal year is developed. The listing is then reviewed by state and local

officials, as well as the MJTC and the MPO, to determine fiscal constraint by funding year. Any problems are then identified. Through the MPO, projects are adjusted and prioritized in order to resolve the identified problems.

The following table provides the Montachusett FFY 2022 – 2026 TIP Project Priority Listing based upon their respective TEC scoring.

			MONTACHUSETT I	MΡ	O F	FΥ	202	22-	202	26 T	IP I	PRC	ĴΕ	CTS	5 - 1	ΓΕС	SC	OR	ING	i Pl	RIO	RIT	IZE	ED L	.IST	IN	G					
			Condition					Mo	bility		Safety		Community Efts & Spprt			Spprt	ort Land Use & Econ Dev				v	Environmental Effects				ts						
FFY 2021- 2025 TIP Year	Project ID#	Community	Description	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	Total	Design Status	Est Cost ProjectInfo
2023-2025	604499	Leominster	Leominster- Resurfacing And Related Work on Rt 12 (Central St)	4	2	4	2	2	2	2	0	3	1	0	0	2	2	1	1	4	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	38	25%	\$13,283,024
	609213	Harvard	Harvard- Resurfacing and Box Widening on Ayer Road, from Route 2 to the Ayer Town Line	4	3	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2	4	3	1	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	1	35	25%	\$10,136,843
2023	607432	Westminster	Westminster - Rehabilitation & Box Widening on Rt 140, From Patricia Rd to the Princeton T.L.	4	3	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	4	3	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	1	0	1	33	75%	\$6,375,205
	610681	Clinton	Reconstruction of Sterling Street (Route 62), From Willow/Lawrence Street to Main Street	4	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	2	1	2	4	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	31	Prelim	\$3,120,110
2022	608779	Lancaster	Lancaster- Intersection Improvements on Route 117/Route 70 at Lunenburg Road and Route 117/Route 70 at Main Street	2	2	3	2	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	3	2	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	31	100%	\$5,747,806
	608723	Athol	Athol- Intersection Improvements at Crescent Street and Chestnut Hill Avenue	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	3	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	30	25%	\$6,285,786
	608415	Athol	Athol- Intersection Improvements at Route 2A and Brookside Road	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	3	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	30	Prelim	\$1,544,720
	606640	Ayer	Ayer- Resurfacing & Related Work on Rt 2A (Fitchburg Rd & Park St)	4	3	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	25	Prelim	\$2,400,000
2025	609279	Gardner	Gardner- Roundabout Construction at Elm Street, Pearl Street, Central Street and Green Street	4	2	2	0	1	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	25	25%	\$2,511,127
2022	608793	Hubbardston	Hubbardston- Highway Reconstruction of Route 68 (Main Street), from 1,000 ft North of Williamsville Road to Elm Street	3	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	2	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	25	100%	\$5,241,283
2025	609244	Ashburnham	Ashburnham- Roadway Rehabilitation on Rt 101	4	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	1	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	1	25	25%	8,556,417
2023	608784	Templeton	Templeton- Roundabout Construction at The Intersection of Patriots Road, South Main Street, North Main Street and Gardner Road	4	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	25	25%	\$1,653,316
	609227	Ayer	Ayer- Roadway Rehabilitation on Route 2A/111 (Park Street and Main Street)	4	0	3	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	23	Prelim	\$4,800,000
	608832	Lancaster	Lancaster- Interchange Improvements at Route 2 Exit 34 (Old Union Turnpike)	0	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	4	2	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	23	Prelim	\$6,060,800
	608177	Ashby	Ashby - Reconstruction of Route 119 (Townsend Road) from Bernhardt Road to Route 31.	4	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	21	Prelim	\$6,727,500
	608424	Templeton	Templeton- Reconstruction of Route 68, From King Phillip Trail (Route 202) North to the Phillipston Town Line (2.65 Miles)	4	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	18	75%	\$6,049,662
	608879	Winchendon	Winchendon- Resurfacing & Related Work on Maple Street (Route 202), From Vine Street to Glenallen Street (1.36 Miles)	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	15	Prelim	\$1,680,444
	607604	Sterling/West Boylston	Sterling/West Boylston - Improvements on Route 140 at I-190	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	14	Prelim	\$3,647,110
	611989*	Athol	Athol - Sidewalk Installation along Templeton Road (Route 2A) 0.9 miles	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Prelim	2,340,300
			Shaded Rows = New TIP Project																													

Shaded Rows = New TIP Project

* Project received on 3/12/21; awaiting additional information before scoring

AMENDMENT/ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

In order to minimize constraints on programming projects, the endorsed TIP will have the provision, as adopted by the MPO, that will allow relatively minor modifications be made to the TIP without formal MPO action. Significant changes will continue to require MPO action through the amendment process.

Minor modifications may include such actions as:

changes in funding amounts (typically less than 10% of the total cost) or categories within the same fiscal year.

Minor modifications will be accomplished through an agreed-upon administrative action with the approval of the MPO. That action will include approval of the modification by the MPO at a duly constituted meeting and written notification of the MPO members. Under an adjustment, a formal signatory endorsement and a 21-day public review period will not be required.

Significant changes to the TIP include major actions such as:

- moving a project in either direction between the sequential years, ex. Years 1 and 2, Years 2 and 3, etc.;
- the addition or deletion of a Federal Aid project;
- if the design, scope or budget of a project is found to have changed significantly as determined by the MJTC and MPO (typically cost changes of more than 10%);
- moving a project from Non-Federal Aid to one of the Federal Aid funding categories;
- moving a project in either direction between non-sequential fiscal years, ex. from Year 1 of the TIP to Year 3;
- advancing a project from the Appendix project list to either Years 1, 2, 3 or 4.
- advancing a project from the out Year 5 to either Years 1, 2 or 3.

Significant changes to the TIP will require formal endorsement of an amendment. This amendment process will include a 21-day public comment period, or an abbreviated comment period of not less than ten (10) days under what the MPO considers to be extraordinary circumstances, as outlined in the federal planning regulations and the Montachusett Public Participation Program (as endorsed May 25, 2016 and amended on March 15, 2017), approval of the amendment and signatory endorsement by MPO members at a subsequent MPO meeting.

The MPO will review each request change and determine whether the adjustment or amendment procedure is required for the proposed action. Additionally, MassDOT's Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) procedures offer more detailed examples of what would constitute an amendment or adjustment. When such an action is warranted and it is not clear from the indicators above which action that may be, the STIP procedures will be consulted to determine what action is appropriate.

Highway Project STIP Revision Definitions and Procedures

Type of			
Revision	Definition	Procedure	Notes
Major Project Cost Change	Increase or decrease of \$500,000 or greater for projects programmed under \$5,000,000 and greater than 10% of the total cost for projects programmed over \$5,000,000	Amendment	The "increase" or "decrease" in cost is relative to the Total Federal Participating Cost (TFPC) of a project.
Minor Project Cost Change	Increase or decrease of \$499,999 or less for projects programmed under \$5,000,000 and less than 10% of the total cost for projects programmed over \$5,000,000.	Adjustment	See above.
Project Description Change	Change in the description of the project as it is listed in the STIP.	Adjustment or Administrative Modification	Project description changes are treated as administrative modifications for minor changes (e.g. spelling errors, more detailed descriptions, adding mile-markers, etc.).
Major Project Scope Change	A revision to the project scope large enough to necessitate an additional review by MassDOT's Project Review Committee (PRC) – typically accompanied by major project cost change.	Amendment	In some cases, a major scope change will require the initiation of a new project through MassDOT's Project Initiation Form (PIF), and review/approval by PRC. This would require deactivation and removal of the currently programmed project.
Minor Project Scope Change	A minor revision to the project scope that does not significantly alter the original PRC approved scope of work.	Adjustment	In many cases, changes in this category will also include a minor cost change.
Project Addition	The programming of a new project in any federal fiscal year of the active TIP.	Amendment or Adjustment	Project additions are treated as amendments if the project was not part of any previously approved STIP that has been vetted through the public process.
Project Removal	The removal of a project in any federal fiscal year of the active TIP.	Amendment	Exception: if a project is removed from an active TIP or the STIP due to it being previously advanced/advertised, or is moved to the statewide list from a regional TIP, the action would be considered an adjustment.
Change in Funding Source	A change in the project's funding source, including federal and non-federal sources which fall within the project cost change revisions listed above.	Adjustment	Changes in funding sources for projects are permissible for advertisement purposes if the FHWA Division Office has been consulted.
Change in Additional Information	A change in any item listed in the "Additional Information" column of the STIP not covered in any other item listed here (e.g. earmark details, project proponent, etc.)	Administrative Modification	N/A
Change in Year of Programming	Moving a currently programmed project earlier or later than an originally programmed year.	Amendment	Changes to a project delivery schedule (advancement or delay) requires an amendment for the change in programmed FFY.

Transit Project STIP Revision Definitions and Procedures

Type of Revision	Definition	Procedure	Notes
Major Project Cost Change	Increase or decrease of \$500,000 or greater for projects under \$5,000,000 and greater than 10% of the total cost for projects exceeding \$5,000,000	Amendment	The "increase" or "decrease" in cost is relative to the combined federal and nonfederal aid participating cost of the project.
Minor Project Cost Change	Increase or decrease of \$499,999 or less for projects under \$5,000,000 and less than 10% of the total cost for projects exceeding \$5,000,000.	Adjustment	See above.
Project Description Change	Change in the description of the project as it is listed in the STIP.	Adjustment or Administrative Modification	Project description changes are treated as administrative modifications for minor changes (e.g. spelling errors, more detailed descriptions, etc.).
Major Project Scope Change	A revision to the project scope deemed large enough to require public review and comment (e.g. changing the number of stations)	Amendment	In many cases, changes in this category will also include a major cost change.
Minor Project Scope Change	A minor revision to the project scope that does not significantly alter the original scope of work (e.g. changes to the bus model for vehicle replacement projects).	Adjustment	In many cases, changes in this category will also include a minor cost change.
Project Addition	The programming of a new project in any federal fiscal year of the current TIP.	Amendment or Adjustment	Project additions are treated as amendments if the project was not part of any previously approved STIP that has been vetted through the public process.
Project Removal	The removal of a project in any federal fiscal year of the current TIP.	Amendment	Exception: if a project is removed from a TIP or the STIP due to it being previously advanced/advertised, or is moved to the statewide list from a regional TIP, the action would be considered an adjustment.
Change in Funding Source	Change in the funding source, including federal and non-federal sources that fall within project cost change revisions listed in the first two rows.	Adjustment	Changes in funding sources for projects are permissible for obligation purposes with written notice from the FTA region office.
Change in Year of Programming	Moving a currently programmed project earlier or later than the originally programmed year.	Amendment or Adjustment	Note: Federal funds shall be programmed in the federal fiscal year in which the award will occur. Changes in year of programming are only treated
			as adjustments if they involve advancing federal funds to align with the year of the grant award.

COORDINATION WITH REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

The 2020 Montachusett Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) was completed and endorsed by the MPO on July 17, 2019. It provides the basic framework for implementing future short-range and long-range transportation and air quality improvements in the Montachusett Region. In addition, it sets the basic transportation goals and objectives for the region. These goals and objectives are consistent with the long-range land use plan and the social, economic, and environmental policies of the region.

The 2020 RTP serves as a long-term blueprint of the region's transportation system. The current network is compared to the past and envisioned 20 years into the future. Needs are identified and a framework of projects and priorities are set across all modes, i.e. highway, transit, bicycle and pedestrian, freight, etc. The RTP also serves to provide as a basis for any federally financed transportation and transit project, program or study.

The RTP decisions reflect the federally certified 3C (comprehensive, cooperative and continuous) process, and are based upon Federal, State and local policies, detailed technical analysis, and citizen participation.

Projects in the Fiscal Year 2022-2026 TIP are consistent with the previous as well as the current Regional Transportation Plan for the Montachusett Region as completed in 2003, 2007, 2012, 2016 and 2020. The transit portion of the region's transportation system and its needs is broken down into several components. These include operations of the Regional Transit Authority and its capital funding needs, as well as commuter rail services (from the MBTA) with park-and-ride managed by the RTA.

Recommendations in the Regional Transportation Plan concerning the Transit Authority component of the region's transportation system are drawn directly from transit development studies and other work tasks. Recommendations made to improve the MART transit system include:

- Continued monitoring of routes and schedules so that any beneficial changes can be identified and implemented;
- Alternative sources of funding for continued transit operations must be developed and instituted;
- The marketing effort must be upgraded and increased to inform the public of transit availability and efficiency;
- Additional support equipment, ramp equipped buses, lift equipped vans, etc., should be acquired;
- Driver safety, CPR, first aid, and sensitivity courses should be maintained;
- Transit services for the elderly and individuals with disabilities should continue to be upgraded as necessary to insure both availability and accessibility in compliance with MART's ADA complementary paratransit plan;
- Paratransit services provided by MART to social service agency clients should continue to be monitored for coordination of effort;

Recommendations for funding of the Mobility Assistance Program including the Section 5310 program are also noted in the Regional Transportation Plan. It states that in order to provide increased mobility for Montachusett residents that do not own automobiles or that choose to be less dependent on the automobile; MART will need to continue to develop and implement appropriate and innovative public transit programs. It also states that elderly and disabled services provided by MART and social service agencies should continue to be monitored for coordination of effort. The vehicles that MART is requesting under MAP would be used as replacements to the vehicles operated in the Dial-A-MART, COA, and ADA complementary Paratransit programs. The Dial-A-MART program coordinates transportation services for social service agencies, disability community advocacy organizations, etc. located in the Montachusett Region.

Capital funding needs can be broken down into three categories: vehicles for revenue service, capital equipment purchases, and construction/rehabilitation projects. The Regional Transportation Plan states that in addition to increased and improved routing and scheduling, it will be necessary for MART to maintain and improve the operating condition of its vehicle fleet. Federal Regulations under MAP-21 and the FAST Act also require that federal recipients maintain their federally funded assets in a State of Good Repair under a Transit Asset Management Plan. Vehicle fleets, equipment and facilities will be programed under the TIP in accordance with meeting the goals established in that plan.

EQUITY DISTRIBUTION ANALYSIS OF TIP PROJECTS

MassDOT and FHWA require MPO's to include a geographic and social equity analysis of past and current TIP projects. This analysis is broken into two parts. The first is an examination of federal target eligible projects contained within this TIP, i.e. FFY 2022-2026. The second involves a five year "look back" at prior TIP projects. For this analysis that would include projects from FFY 2017 to 2021.

Methodology

Projects identified for the two analyses include site specific projects, i.e. bridge replacements/rehabilitations and intersection improvements, as well as road and highway segments that may stretch several miles and across multiple communities. The identified projects were then mapped for each analysis against identified Environmental Justice (EJ) and/or Title VI populations. Staff then assessed the project locations relative to the identified populations.

For each of these analyses, the 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-year estimates were utilized. All applicable maps can be found in the appendix of this document. For some of the data, census estimates were only available at the Census Tract level. This data dealt with Foreign Born, Disabilities and Non-English Spoken at Home populations. The remaining census data estimates were available at the Block Group level. The tables below list the ACS data sources as well as whether they were broken down to the Census Tract or Block Group level. These tables, therefore, were used to determine Environmental Justice and Title VI designated areas.

Source: 2015-2019 ACS 5-Year Estimates

By Block Group

Variable	2014-2018 ACS
Variable	Table No.
Total Population	B03002
Majority Population	B03002
Poverty Determined Population	B17021
Below Poverty Population	B17021
Population 65 Years or Older Population	B09020
Median Household Income	B19013
Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Households	C16002

Source: 2014-2018 ACS 5-Year Estimates
By Census Tract

Variable	2014-2018 ACS
Variable	Table No.
Total Population	B05002
Foreign Born	B05002
Individuals with Disabilities	S1810
Percent Household Limited English Proficiency (LEP)	S1602
Percent Language Spoken at Home – Non-English	DP02

Environmental Justice (EJ) and Title VI populations are defined differently by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA). In addition, EJ analysis is based on different criteria, ex. poverty based on the statewide median income rather than the regional median income. The tables below define the Title VI and EJ criteria utilized in the regional analysis.

Environmental Justice and Title VI Definitions for Analysis

Environmental Justice Block Groups	Analysis Criteria
1. Block group whose annual median household	Statewide Median Income: \$81,215
income is equal to or less than 65 percent (%) of the	65% of Median Household Income: \$52,790
statewide median (\$81,215 in 2019);	Geography: Block Group
2. Twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the residents identifying as minority;	Minority Population Equal or Greater Than 25% Geography: Block Group
3. Twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the households having no one over the age of 14 who speaks English as their primary language or have a limited ability to read, speak, write, or understand English - Limited English Proficiency (LEP).	Limited English Proficiency Equal or Greater Than 25% Geography: <i>Block Group</i>

FTA Title VI Communities	Analysis Criteria
Minority – Percent of population including Hispanic or Latino of any race that is considered non-white and is higher than the regional average	Regional Average: 12.12% Geography: Block Group
2. Low Income - Percent estimated below poverty level that is higher than the regional average	Regional Average: 9.42% Geography: Block Group

FHWA Title VI Communities	Analysis Criteria
1. Elderly – Percent of Total Population > 65 that is	Regional Average: 15.42%
higher than the regional average	Geography: <i>Block Group</i>
2. Individuals with Disabilities – Percent of population	Regional Average: 11.79%
with a disability that is higher than the regional average	Geography: <i>Census Tract</i>
3. Minority – Percent of population including Hispanic	Regional Average: 12.12%
or Latino of any race that is considered non-white and is higher than the regional average	Geography: <i>Block Group</i>
4. Foreign Born – Percent of population that is Foreign Born and is higher than the regional average	Regional Average: 8.67% Geography: Census Tract
5. Language – Percent of Population Spoken Language	Regional Average: 15.70%
Other than English that is higher than the regional average	Geography: <i>Census Tract</i>

FFY 2022-2026 Target Eligible Projects

To assess the possible benefits or burdens of the projects within the FFY 2022-2026 TIP, those projects identified as federal aid target eligible were identified. The analysis for this TIP is limited to these projects as they are the projects with the most programming control of the MPO. Bridge projects as well as those on the Interstate system, etc., are prioritized at the state level.

The following table identifies 19 target eligible projects in the Montachusett Region, listed by their calculated TEC score as well as their anticipated FFY year listing for this TIP. Some of the projects are identified as being listed in the Appendix of the TIP. The Appendix is a listing of projects without an identified funding source or program year due to design status and/or fiscal constraint issues.

FFY 2022-2026 Target Eligible Projects

TIP Year	MassDOT ID #	Community	Description	TEC	Est Cost FFY 2021 Dollars	
2024- 26'	604499	Leominster	Leominster- Resurfacing and Related Work on Rt 12 (Central St)	38	\$13,283,024	
2023	607432	Westminster	Westminster - Rehabilitation & Box Widening on Rt 140, From Patricia Rd to the Princeton T.L.	33	\$6,375,205	
2026	609213	Harvard	Harvard- Resurfacing and Box Widening on Ayer Road, from Route 2 to the Ayer Town Line	32	\$10,136,843	
2022	608779	Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Lancaster Intersection Improvements on Route 117/Route 70 at Lunenburg Road and Route 117/Route 70 at Main Street				
			Clinton- Reconstruction of Sterling Street (Route 62), from Willow/Lawrence			
	610681	Clinton	Street to Main Street	31	\$3,120,110	
	608723	Athol	Athol- Intersection Improvements at Crescent Street and Chestnut Hill Avenue	30	\$6,285,786	
	608415	Athol	Athol- Intersection Improvements at Route 2A and Brookside Road	30	\$1,544,750	
	606640	Ayer	Ayer- Resurfacing & Related Work on Rt 2A (Fitchburg Rd & Park St)	25	\$2,400,000	
2023	609279	Gardner	Gardner- Roundabout Construction at Elm Street, Pearl Street, Central Street and Green Street	25	\$2,511,127	
2022	608793	Hubbardston	Hubbardston- Highway Reconstruction of Route 68 (Main Street), from 1,000 ft North of Williamsville Road to Elm Street		\$5,241,283	
2025	609244	Ashburnham	Ashburnham- Roadway Rehabilitation on Rt 101	25	\$8,556,417	
2023	608784	Templeton	Templeton- Roundabout Construction at The Intersection of Patriots Road, South Main Street, North Main Street and Gardner Road	25	\$1,653,316	
	609227	Ayer	Ayer- Roadway Rehabilitation on Route 2A/111 (Park Street and Main Street)	23	\$4,800,000	
	608832	Lancaster	Lancaster- Interchange Improvements at Route 2 Exit 34 (Old Union Turnpike)	23	\$6,060,800	
	608177	Ashby	Ashby - Reconstruction of Route 119 (Townsend Road) from Bernhardt Road to Route 31.	21	\$6,727,500	
2026	608424	Templeton	Templeton- Reconstruction of Route 68, From King Phillip Trail (Route 202) North to the Phillipston Town Line (2.65 Miles)	18	\$6,049,662	
	608879	Winchendon	Winchendon- Resurfacing & Related Work on Maple Street (Route 202), From Vine Street to Glenallen Street (1.36 Miles)	15	\$1,680,444	
	607604	Sterling/West Boylston	Sterling/West Boylston - Improvements on Route 140 at I-190	14	\$3,647,110	
	611989	Athol	Athol - Sidewalk Installation along Templeton Road (Route 2A) 0.9 miles	TBD	\$2,340,300	

FFY 2022-2026 Target Eligible Projects Equity Analysis

An analysis of the geographic distribution of the nine projects within the 2022-2026 TIP resulted in an understanding of the percentage of TIP projects and TIP funds allocated within Environmental Justice and Title VI geographic areas. The results of this analysis are as follows:

- The total regional population was determined, along with the population of each identified Environmental Justice and Title IV group (Row 1), from which the percentage of total population was determined for each group (Row 2).
- Of the 9 projects analyzed based on EJ and Title VI identified populations, a dollar amount which was programmed within each geographic area was determined (Row 3). It was then determined what percent of total funds were spent within each group (Row 4)
- Row 5 displays the comparison of the percentage of total population to the percentage of funding spent.

FFY 2022-2026 TIP Target Eligible Projects Equity Analysis Summar	FFY 2022-2026 TIP Tai	rget Eligible Proj	jects Equity Ana	lysis Summary
---	-----------------------	--------------------	------------------	---------------

		Tatal Basinas I Bassatian	EJ Block Groups		FTA Title VI Block Groups		FHWA Title VI Block Groups		FHWA Title VI Census Tracts			
		Total Regional Population	Income**	Minority	LEP HH*	Minority	Low Income**	Elderly	Minority	Disabilities	Foreign Born	Language***
1	Population	244,482	22,232	29,624	2,501	29,624	22,232	37,775	29,624	28,827	21,200	36,236
2	Percent of Total Regional Population	100%	9.09%	12.12%	1.02%	12.12%	9.09%	15.45%	12.12%	11.79%	8.67%	14.82%
3	Total Cost of TIP Projects (without YOI adjustments)		\$23,768,628	\$3,344,750	\$0	\$31,680,145	\$33,479,755	\$66,672,467	\$31,680,145	\$27,303,991	\$48,936,664	\$29,456,107
4	Percent of Regional Cost of Projects	100%	47.63%	6.70%	0.00%	63.48%	67.09%	133.61%	63.48%	54.72%	98.07%	59.03%
5	Difference in % Cost and % Population	0.00%	38.54%	-5.41%	-1.02%	51.37%	57.10%	118.16%	51.37%	42.92%	89.39%	44.04%

^{*} Percentage of Total Montachuset Region Households (91,878)

- An examination of Row 5 shows the majority of identified groups benefit disproportionately in these investments when compared to their overall regional population.
- There were two groups who saw less total percentage cost than percentage population, they are
 - The EJ population of Limited English Proficiency (LEP) per Household, in which there is only one such Block
 Group regionwide
 - The EJ population of Minority, which saw only a difference in investments compared to population (-5.41%). It should be noted that according to FTA Title VI block groups for minority populations, investments far outweigh the percentage of population (+51.37%).

^{**} Percentage of Poverty determined Montachuset Population (235,956)

^{***} Percentage of Montachuset Region Total Population Five Years and Older (230,739)

2017-2021 Projects Five Year Lookback

The following table identifies 14 projects for the Montachusett Region implemented in the last five years, i.e. from FFY 2017 to FFY 2021. All projects appeared in a prior TIP and were advertised for construction, initiated construction or completed construction prior to the development of this TIP.

FFY 2017-2021 TIP Five Year Look Back Projects

TIP Year	MassDOT ID #	Community	Description	Est Cost
2017	607475	Winchendon	Resurfacing & Related Work on Route 12, From Mill Street/Beginning of State Highway to New Hampshire State Line	\$1,571,623
2018	608188	Gardner/ Leominster/ Sterling	Intersection Improvements at 3 Locations	\$2,622,497
2018	606124	Fitchburg/ Lunenburg/ Leominster	Reconstruction of Summer Street and North Street	\$9,939,131
2019	608728	Winchendon	Resurfacing & Related Work on Route 202, From the Templeton Town Line to Main Street (3.1 Miles)	\$1,795,875
2019	604961	Clinton	Resurfacing & Related Work on Route 110 (High Street)	\$3,153,674
2019	607848	Hubbardston	Resurfacing & Related Work on Route 68, From Williamsville Road to the Gardner C.L.	\$4,190,296
2019	607446	Westminster	Intersection Improvements, Route 2A at Route 140	\$2,139,574
2020	605651	Leominster	Reconstruction on Route 13, From Hawes Street to Prospect Street	\$5,994,626
2020	607902	Ayer	Reclamation & Related Work on Route 2A, From Harvard Road to Main Street	\$3,837,875
2021	607431	Westminster	Westminster - Resurfacing & Related Work on Route 140, From Route 2A to Patricia Road	\$1,668,791
2021	608548	Winchendon	Winchendon- Improvements & Related word on Central Street (Route 202), from Front Street to Maple Street (0.5 Miles)	\$4,900,253
2021	608657	Lunenburg	Lunenburg- Bridge rehabilitation, L-17-009, Route 2A over Pearl Hill Brook	\$1,755,772
2021	608888	Gardner	Gardner- Reclamation and related work on Pearson Boulevard	\$1,264,648
2021	608891	Gardner	Gardner- Resurfacing and rumble strip installation on Rouet 140	\$1,791,202

2017-2021 Projects Five Year Lookback Equity Analysis

An examination of projects funded over the last five TIPs, identified 14 individual projects with an estimated total cost of \$46,625,837. As with the current Target Projects, a geographic distribution of these 14 projects against those areas categorized as Environmental Justice (EJ) or Title VI areas resulted in the following:

• The total regional population was determined, along with the population of each identified Environmental Justice and Title IV group (Row 1), from which the percentage of total population was determined for each group (Row 2).

- Of the 14 projects analyzed based on EJ and Title VI identified populations, a dollar amount which was spent within each geographic area was determined (Row 3). It was then determined what percent of total funds were spent within each group (Row 4)
- Row 5 displays the comparison of the percentage of total population to the percentage of funding spent.

FFY 2017-2021 TIP Five Year Look Back Projects Equity Analysis Summary

		Total	EJ Block Groups		FTA Title VI Block Groups		FHWA Title VI Block Groups		FHWA Title VI Census Tracts			
		Regional Population	Income **	Minority	LEP HH*	Minority	Low Income**	Elderly	Minority	Disabilities	Foreign Born	Language***
1	Population	244,482	22,232	29,624	2,501	29,624	22,232	37,775	29,624	28,827	21,200	36,236
2	Percent of Total Regional Population	100%	9.09%	12.12%	1.02%	12.12%	9.09%	15.45%	12.12%	11.79%	8.67%	14.82%
3	Total Cost of TIP Projects	\$46,625,837	\$8,787,398	\$20,347,456	\$0	\$32,239,258	\$17,783,973	\$40,639,666	\$32,239,258	\$16,929,497	\$25,547,803	\$21,709,928
4	Percent of Regional Cost of Projects	100%	18.85%	43.64%	0.00%	69.14%	38.14%	87.16%	69.14%	36.31%	54.79%	46.56%
5	Difference in % Cost and % Population	0.00%	9.75%	31.52%	-1.02%	57.03%	28.15%	71.71%	57.03%	24.52%	46.12%	31.57%

^{*} Percentage of Total Montachuset Region Households (91,878)

- An examination of Row 5 shows the majority of identified groups benefit disproportionately in these investments when compared to their overall regional population.
- There was one group who saw less total percentage cost than percentage population:
 - The EJ population of Limited English Proficiency (LEP) per Household, in which there is only one such Block Group regionwide

Summary of Equity Analysis

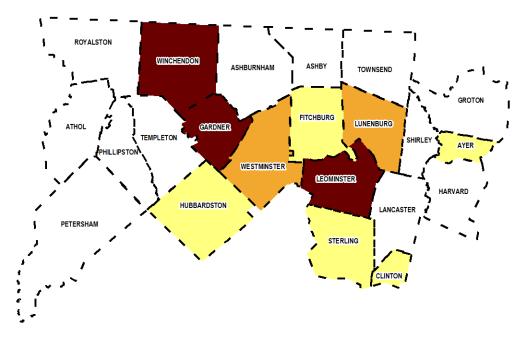
The percentage of TIP funds that have been allocated in Environmental Justice and FHWA or FTA areas is greater than the percentage of the region's population that reside in those areas. Overall, it can be determined that the projects implemented through the TIP process in the past five years have benefitted the Environmental Justice and Title VI populations in an equitable manner. Such analysis will be conducted on a yearly basis to ensure that the Environmental Justice and Title VI populations continue to benefit from the transportation planning process in the Montachusett Region.

Summary of Community Distribution

The map below shows the geographic equity analysis that was also conducted based on the projects conducted over the past five years for those specific communities. This map corresponds with the five-year lookback table on the previous page. The darker color shows where the most projects were conducted, and the communities shown in white had no projects that were specific to that community over the past five years (2017 - 2021).

^{**} Percentage of Poverty determined Montachuset Population (235,956)

^{***} Percentage of Montachuset Region Total Population Five Years and Older (230,739)



Number of Projects					
	3				
	2				
	1				

Based upon this analysis and review, it would appear that the Montachusett MPO is making an effort to address transportation planning issues in Title VI and EJ communities in the Region. Projects compiled in the last five years have been developed in an attempt to locate them in communities which either have an Environmental Justice population, FHWA Title VI population, FTA Title VI population, or a combination of all three. Future efforts should focus on the communities in which no funding has been spent in the recent past. Efforts will be made to continue to monitor such trends and encourage communities, especially those which have not been taking advantage of TIP funds, to engage in the process and develop projects for inclusion.

SPECIAL EFFORTS FOR ELDERLY AND DISABLED

The U.S. Department of Transportation's regulations regarding Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Handicap requires that transit operators certify that "special efforts are being made in its service to provide transportation that handicapped persons, including wheelchair users and semi-ambulatory persons can use." The Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (MART) has been so certified by FTA. The Montachusett Regional Planning Commission annually monitors and updates MART's compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act Regulations. In compliance with a DOT rule to implement the transportation provisions of the ADA, MART has submitted an ADA compliance Para-transit plan and at this time has met all six criteria established by the Regulations; therefore, the ADA plan is complete. The following policies regarding special efforts are currently in effect.

- half fare on fixed route transit for eligible elderly and disabled individuals;
- fixed route service designed to serve elderly housing, shopping centers, medical facilities, and elderly social centers;
- curb-to-curb service with lift equipped vans provided by local Councils on Aging/private operators;
- continuation of next day ADA eligible van service which operates the same hours as fixed route service;
- operation of Dial-A-MART program which is a coordination of transportation needs of clients of social service agencies;
- no restriction on trip purpose for ADA Para-transit services;
- a thirty-three and one third percent discount on monthly bus passes for eligible elderly and disabled individuals;

FY22 Projects

Projects in the FY22 TIP in the Section 5307 category contain program elements for the elderly and disabled. The estimated costs in the Year 1 Element in the Section 5307 category include the costs of operating the special services described above. Section 5310 projects are awarded by the state through a grant process. Projects awarded within the Montachusett region will be amended into the TIP after award.

FEDERAL LEGISLATION

In December 2015, the Federal Surface Transportation Authorization known as Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act passed into law. The FAST Act "largely maintains current structures and funding shares between highways and transit" and "makes changes and reforms to many Federal transportation programs, including streamlining the approval processes for new transportation projects, providing new safety tools, and establishing new programs to advance critical freight projects" (source: U. S. DOT website). The FAST Act retains most of the planning requirements of prior federal regulations, i.e. Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21) and the Safe Accountable Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU).

The FAST Act added two additional factors to the eight planning factors for both metro and statewide planning identified in MAP-21:

- Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity and efficiency;
- Increase the safety of the transportation system for all motorized and non-motorized users;
- Increase the ability of the transportation system to support homeland security and to safeguard the personal security of motorized and non-motorized users;
- Increase accessibility and mobility of people and freight;
- Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life and promote
 consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development
 patterns;
- Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight;
- Promote efficient system management and operation;
- Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system;
- Improve the resiliency and reliability of the transportation system and reduce or mitigate stormwater impacts of surface transportation; and
- Enhance travel and tourism.

A key feature of the FAST Act legislation that is maintained from prior legislation "is the establishment of a performance- and outcome-based program. The objective...is for States to invest resources in projects that collectively will make progress toward the achievement of the national goals." National performance goals have been established in seven areas:

- Safety To achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads.
- Infrastructure condition To maintain the highway infrastructure asset system in a state of good repair.
- Congestion reduction To achieve a significant reduction in congestion on the National Highway System.
- System reliability To improve the efficiency of the surface transportation system.
- Freight movement and economic vitality To improve the national freight network, strengthen the ability of rural communities to access national and international trade markets, and support regional economic development.
- Environmental sustainability To enhance the performance of the transportation system while protecting and enhancing the natural environment.
- Reduced project delivery delays To reduce project costs, promote jobs and the economy, and expedite the
 movement of people and goods by accelerating project completion through eliminating delays in the project
 development and delivery process, including reducing regulatory burdens and improving agencies' work practices.

Performance measures and targets are required to be established by FHWA, state DOTs, MPOs and other stakeholders in consultation with each other over the upcoming years. The Montachusett MPO is committed to working with MassDOT, FHWA and other partners to develop and track the performance of elements of the regional transportation system and to utilize these performance measures as a tool or guide in the transportation planning process.

<u>Regional Transportation Plan – Performance Measures</u>

MRPC staff has continued to review available data, information, state and federal goals and requirements to develop and expand regional local performance measures. A series of performance measures were identified during the development of the 2016 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and revisited in the 2020 RTP. These performance measures form the basis for system monitoring in the Montachusett Region only. Additionally, the regional performance measures are incorporated into the decision-making process for the TIP and where applicable are linked to transportation investment decisions, i.e., the Transportation Evaluation Criteria (TEC). As these measures are further defined and reviewed by the MPO, it is expected that the TEC will also be revised and/or updated to reflect them. Data for the regional performance measures are derived from a combination of agency data collection efforts, studies and statewide databases made available to the MRPC.

The following tables outline the RTP defined Goals, Objectives and Performance Measures that address the seven National performance goals.

Regional Transportation Plan Goals, Objectives and Performance Measures Summary

Goal 1 – Improve and Maintain Safety and Security	
Objectives	Performance Measures
• Seek to reduce the number and severity of vehicular crashes within the region across all modes.	1. Reduce the Regional EPDO and percentage of fatal and injury crashes among vehicles, bicycles and pedestrians by 10% over a 10-year period.
• Promote projects that are designed to address high crash locations and prioritize their implementation.	2. Reduce the fatality rate by 10% and the serious injury rate by 10% from current levels in 10 years.
 Promote and encourage education outreach programs to drivers, pedestrians and bicyclists regarding rules and responsibilities. 	3. Identify and/or implement 4 to 5 corrective projects at identified top 10 high incident locations over a 10-year period.
• Expand community involvement with federal and state programs and education initiatives such as Safe Routes to School.	4. Conduct 1 to 2 Road Safety Audits at identified high crash locations every 2 years.
• Seek to improve user awareness along all transportation networks through better identification, pavement markings and signage with an emphasis on bicycle and pedestrian routes.	5. Increase the number of communities involved in the Safe Routes to School program.

Goal 1 – Improve and Maintain Safety and Security (cont.)							
Objectives	Performance Measures						
Seek to expand the number and use of variable message signs along major roads such as Route 2 and I-190 to inform drivers of potential unsafe conditions and important alerts.	6. Maintain involvement with the Central MA Regional Homeland Security Council and evacuation planning efforts.						
Promote projects that address key identified emergency and evacuation routes in order to maintain effectiveness.	7. Maintain the average number of preventable fixed route crashes under 2+ per month and demand responsive crashes under 5+ per month.						

Goal 2 – Reduce Congestion and Improve Mobility					
Objectives	Performance Measures				
Monitor locations and promote projects that address congested roadways within the region.	Conduct Travel Time data collection along 3 to 5 major roadways throughout region on an annual basis.				
Support programs that quickly and efficiently address bridge deficiencies across all modes with an emphasis on freight and rail locations.	Identify 1 bottleneck location and conduct a study every 2 years in order to develop and/or implement corrective measures.				
Encourage communities to address local mobility issues in order to promote mode shift options in congested areas.	3. Increase the number of Complete Street certified communities within the region. Seek to have a majority of communities formally certified within 10 years.				
Seek to increase travel options within the region through the promotion of trails, Complete Streets, transit, land use and their interactions.					

Goal 3 – Promote and Seek Equitable Transportation for All					
Objectives	Performance Measures				
Seek to increase access to transit options through improved dissemination of available service information.	Increase formal membership and public outreach within Montachusett Joint Transportation Committee (MJTC) of Title VI and Environmental Justice groups.				
 Improve outreach and partnerships between RTA's and social service agencies, schools, health centers, neighborhood organizations, etc. 	Conduct benefits/burdens review of federal aid projects identified through the TIP process on an annual basis.				
 Seek to expand and increase transit service operations to improve job access and commercial services for all users. 	3. Continue to work with the Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (MART) to expand outreach to and usage by Title VI and Environmental Justice communities through promotions and training methods on how to utilize the system.				
 Promote the development of improvements and options across all modes for areas that serve Title VI and Environmental Justice populations. 					
Monitor fee options in order to maintain equitability for all users.					
 Actively seek and identify organizations and agencies of Title VI and Environmental Justice populations and conduct direct outreach to encourage involvement and participation in the planning process. 					

Goal 4 – Improve System Preservation and Maintenance of All Modes			
Objectives Performance Measures			
Seek to encourage and prioritize preservation projects within	Continue pavement management data collection and analysis		
communities in order to maintain a state of good repair for all efforts on an annual basis through a rotating 3-year schedul			
modes. federal aid eligible roadways.			

Goal 4 – Improve System Preservation and Maintenance of All Modes (cont.)					
Objectives	Performance Measures				
 Continue to monitor, and revise as needed, the Transportation Evaluation Criteria (TEC) to encourage those projects that help to maintain a state of good repair. 	Increase the percentage of categorized "Good" to "Excellent" federal aid eligible roadway miles within the region over a 10-year period.				
• Continue the promotion and prioritization of bridge projects throughout the region.	Decrease the number of identified "Structurally Deficient" bridges within the Region.				
Encourage communities to maintain and monitor trials that provide transportation options throughout the year.	4. Review and revise the Transportation Evaluation Criteria (TEC) every 2 to 5 years to maintain a viable prioritization process.				
 Seek to encourage additional funds for maintenance as well as the development of a potential federal/state funded preservation program. 	5. Maintain the number of road service calls due to mechanical failures on the fixed route and demand responsive systems under 10 per month.				
Encourage and support continued operation, maintenance, state of good repair and expansion of the transit system.	6. Maintain a percentage of operated scheduled trips per month at 90% or better.				
 Encourage communities with viable preservation projects to seek funding and implementation through and in collaboration with the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) process. 	7. Achieve an average on time ranking on the fixed route system of 95% by 2040.				
 Encourage state and local officials to evaluate the benefits of a joint procurement process for equipment, materials and services to help reduce costs. 					

Goal 5 – Improve Economic Vitality and Freight Movement					
Objectives	Performance Measures				
Seek to promote economic advantages of the regional trail network and recreational destinations.	Revise, update and distribute a Regional Trail map, in coordination with the Montachusett Regional Trail Coalition (MRTC), by 2020.				
Seek to establish and prioritize major trail connections throughout the region.	Review and analyze 1 to 2 freight corridors through development of a Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) task every 5 years.				
Seek to promote and expand commuter transit and rail options beyond the urban centers.					
Prioritize and improve railroad and other restricted bridges in order to enhance freight mobility.					
Seek to improve freight and general vehicle access and connection to Route 2 throughout the region.					

Goal 6 – Improve Transportation Options and Promote Heathy Modes					
Objectives	Performance Measures				
Seek to expand travel options and modes across the region through improved connections and services.	Increase the number of bicycle facilities, ex. Bicycle racks and lockers and on-board bus racks, at transit centers within 12 years.				
Promote additional bicycle facilities for transit centers and vehicles.	2. Conduct 3 to 4 walk audits over a 12-year period in interested communities.				
Promote an improved local review process that addresses issues related to Complete Streets, trail development, sidewalk implementation and mobility improvement as well as mode shift options within their community.	3. Establish a top 5 list of prioritized trail connections, within and across communities, in 4 years with updates every 4 years.				

Goal 6 – Improve Transportation Options and Promote Heathy Modes (cont.)				
Objectives	Performance Measures			
 Seek to increase and encourage a shift from single occupant vehicles to transit, bicycle and pedestrian modes through improved transit, van/car pool and trail options. Improve infrastructure, i.e. sidewalks, benches, shelters, shared lanes, etc., along competing modes to encourage increased usage. 				

Goal 7 – Reduce Green House Gas and Promote Environmental Practices and Sustainability				
Objectives	Performance Measures			
Seek to reduce Greenhouse Gas emissions through support and implementation of Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ) and Transportation Alternative Program (TAP) projects as well as state mode shift goals.	Increase percentage of alternative fuel vehicles within the overall transit fleet by 2020.			
Prioritize vehicle replacement in the transit fleet with applicable and cost effective alternative fuel vehicles.	Program and implement 100% of Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ) projects within the regional Transportation Improvement Program (TIP).			
Encourage communities to promote and support Green Streets through Low Impact (LID) and Transit Oriented (TOD) Development projects as well as stormwater drainage improvement.				
Encourage and promote transit options to new residential and smart growth developments.				
Encourage and support the use of alternative fuel vehicles by the public with infrastructure support services and by transit systems through vehicle replacement programs.				

As previously stated, these performance measures are to be utilized on a regional level to assist in monitoring RTP goals. They are not intended to replace any state performance measure adopted by the MPO.

<u>Statewide and Regional Transportation Performance Management</u>

FHWA defines Transportation Performance Management as a strategic approach that uses system information to make investment and policy decisions to achieve national performance goals. In short, Transportation Performance Management:

- Is systematically applied, a regular ongoing process
- Provides key information to help decision makers allowing them to understand the consequences of investment decisions across transportation assets or modes
- Improving communications between decision makers, stakeholders and the traveling public.
- Ensuring targets and measures are developed in cooperative partnerships and based on data and objective information

On a regional level, MRPC relies on it's regional Performance Measures (systems information) to inform the TEC process (investment and policy decisions) to achieve regional performance goals. On the national level, FHWA has established its own Performance Measures to inform decision making.

Effective on April 14, 2016 FHWA established a final rule on the first of its Performance Measures, Safety Measures (PM 1). Targets related to PM 1 were then set by MassDOT and adopted by the Montachusett MPO for Calendar Year (CY) 2020 on

January 22, 2019. Subsequently, FHWA established two additional performance measures that state Departments of Transportation and MPOs needed to adopt and track. The National Highway System Bridge and Pavement Condition Performance Measure (PM 2) and the Systems Performance Measures, Congestion, Reliability and Emissions (PM 3) were required to be established by the end of 2018. MassDOT then provided statewide target information for PM 2 and PM 3 to the Montachusett MPO for their review and either their adoption by the MPO or the establishment of their own regional PM 2 and PM 3. After review and discussion, the Montachusett formally adopted the statewide PM 2 targets on October 17, 2018 and PM 3 targets on September 19, 2019.

Safety Performance Measures (PM1)

Montachusett MPO has chosen to adopt the statewide safety performance measure targets set by MassDOT for Calendar Year (CY) 2021. In setting these targets, MassDOT has followed FHWA guidelines by using statewide crash data and Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) data for vehicle miles traveled (VMT) in order to calculate 5-year, rolling average trend lines for all FHWA-defined safety measures. For CY 2021 targets, four of the five (5) safety measures - total number of fatalities, rate of fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (see Figure 1 below), total number of serious injuries, and rate of serious injuries per 100 million VMT (see Figure 2 below)—were established by extending their trend lines into the 2017-2021 5-year period. All four of these measures reflect a modest decrease in statewide trends. The fifth safety measure, the total number of combined serious injuries and fatalities for non-motorized modes (see Figure 3 below), is the only safety measure for which the statewide trend depicts an increase until 2016 but have decreased modestly starting in 2017. MassDOT's effort to increase non-motorized mode share throughout the Commonwealth has posed a challenge to simultaneously reducing non-motorized serious injuries and fatalities. Rather than adopt a target that depicts an increase in the trend line, MassDOT has elected to establish a target of non-motorized serious injuries and fatalities and for CY 2021 that remains constant from the rolling average for 2015-2019. In recent years, MassDOT and the Montachusett MPO have invested in "complete streets," bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure, intersection, and safety improvements in both the Capital Investment Plan (CIP) and Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) to address increasing mode share and to incorporate safety mitigation elements into projects. Moving forward, Montachusett MPO, alongside MassDOT, is actively seeking to improve data collection and methodology for bicycle and pedestrian VMT counts and to continue analyzing crash clusters and crash counts that include both motorized and non-motorized modes in order to address safety issues at these locations.

In all safety categories, MassDOT has established a long-term target of "Toward Zero Deaths" through MassDOT's Performance Measures Tracker¹ and will be establishing safety targets for the MPO to consider for adoption each calendar year. While the MPO is not required by FHWA to report on annual safety performance targets, FHWA guidelines require MPOs to adopt MassDOT's annual targets or to establish their own each year.

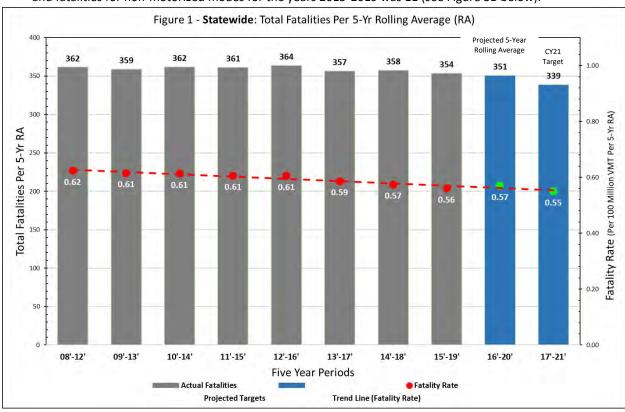
The safety measures MassDOT has established for CY 2021, and that the Montachusett MPO has adopted, are as follows:

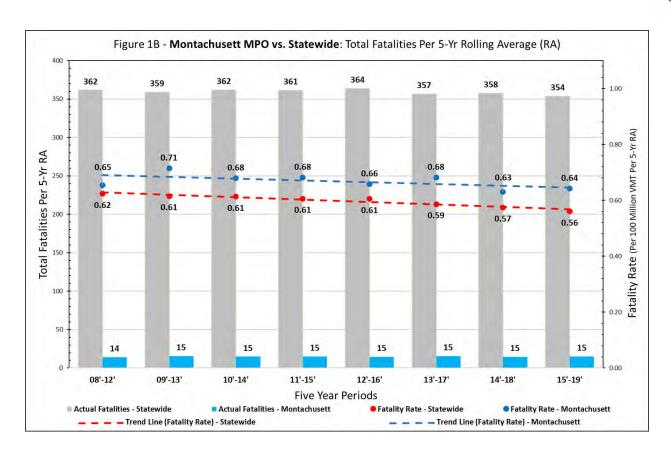
- 1) **Fatalities**: MassDOT's long-term goal is zero deaths and injuries. That said, the target number for fatalities for CY 2021 is 339, down from an average of 354 fatalities for the years 2015-2019 (see Figure 1 below). In the Montachusett region, the 5-year average fatalities for the years 2015-2019 was 15 (see Figure 1B below).
- 2) Rate of Fatalities per 100 million VMT (rate): The target fatality rate for CY 2021 is 0.55, down from a 0.56 average for years 2015-2019 (see Figure 1 below). In the Montachusett region, the average fatality rate for years 2015-2019 was 0.64 and generally follows the same downward trend as the Statewide trend (see Figure 1B below).

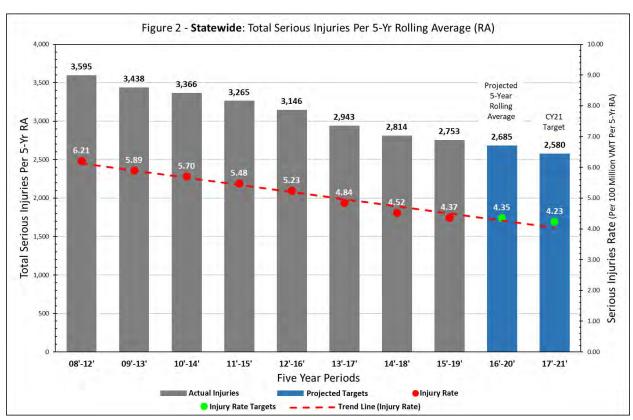
_

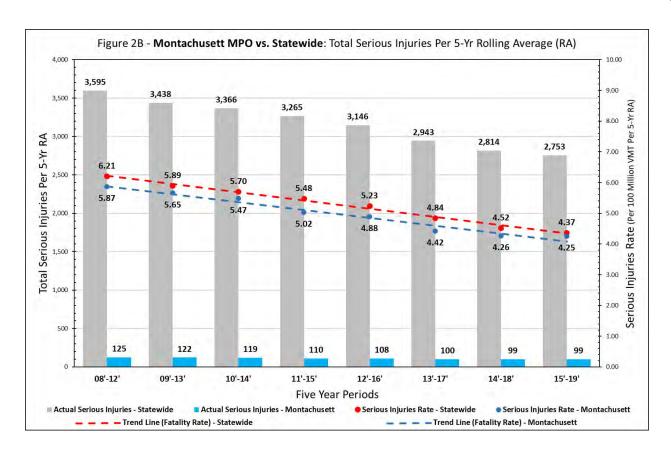
¹ https://www.mass.gov/lists/tracker-annual-performance-management-reports

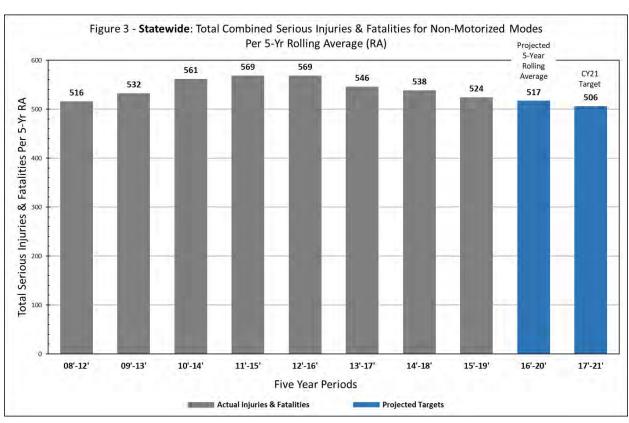
- 3) **Serious Injuries**: The target number for serious injuries for CY 2021 is 2,580, down from the average of 2,753 for years 2015-2019 (see Figure 2 below). In the Montachusett region, the 5-year average number of serious injuries for the years 2015-2019 was 99 (see Figure 2B below).
- 4) Rate of Serious Injuries per 100 million VMT (rate): The target serious injury rate for CY 2021 is 4.23, down from the 4.37 average for years 2015-2019 (see Figure 2 below). In the Montachusett region, the 5-year average serious injuries rate for the years 2015-2019 was 4.25 and generally follows the same downward trend as the Statewide trend (see Figure 2B below).
- 5) Total Number of Combined Serious Injuries and Fatalities for Non-Motorized Modes: The CY 2021 target number of combined serious injuries and fatalities for non-motorists is 506 per year, down from the average of 524 for years 2015-2019 (see Figure 3 below). In the Montachusett region, the 5-year average total number of combined serious injuries and fatalities for non-motorized modes for the years 2015-2019 was 11 (see Figure 3B below).

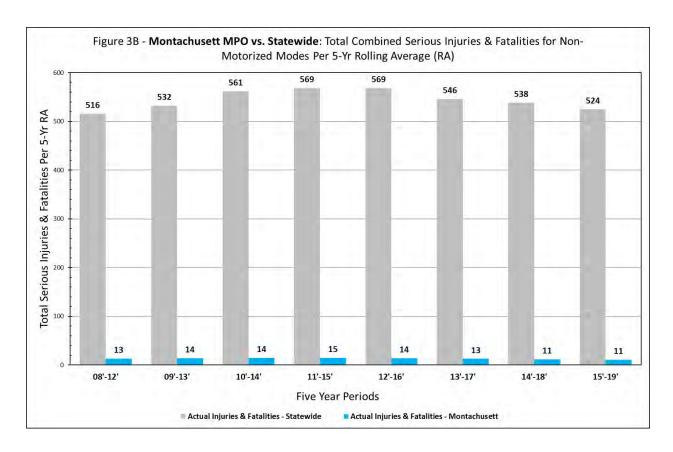












Source of Data: MassDOT, Office of Transportation Planning

Bridge & Pavement Performance Measures (PM2)

Montachusett MPO has chosen to adopt the 2-year (2020) and 4-year (2022) statewide bridge and pavement performance measure targets set by MassDOT. MassDOT was required to adopt a statewide target by May 20th, 2018, with MPOs either adopting the statewide target or establishing their own by November 2018. In setting these targets, MassDOT has followed FHWA guidelines by measuring bridges and pavement condition using the 9-point National Bridge Inventory Standards (NBIS); the International Roughness Index (IRI); the presence of pavement rutting; and the presence of pavement cracking. 2-year and 4-year targets were set for six individual performance measures: percent of bridges in good condition; percent of bridges in poor condition; percent of Interstate pavement in good condition; percent of Interstate pavement in good condition; and percent of non-Interstate pavement in poor condition. All of the above performance measures are tracked in greater detail in MassDOT's Transportation Asset Management Plan (TAMP), which was finalized in July 2019.

Targets for bridge-related performance measures were determined by identifying which bridge projects are programmed and projecting at what rate bridge conditions deteriorate. The bridge-related performance measures measure the percentage of deck area, rather than the total number of bridges.

Original performance targets for pavement-related performance measures were based on a single year of data collection. These measures were revisited at the 2-year mark (2020), once three years of data were available, for more informed target setting.

MassDOT continues to measure pavement quality and to set statewide short-term and long-term targets in the MassDOT Performance Management Tracker using the Pavement Serviceability Index (PSI), which differs from IRI. These measures and targets are used in conjunction with federal measures to inform program sizing and project selection.

Reliability, Congestion, & Emissions Performance Measures (PM3)

Montachusett MPO has chosen to adopt the 2-year (2020) and 4-year (2022) statewide reliability, congestion, and emissions performance measure targets set by MassDOT. MassDOT was required to adopt a statewide target by May 20th, 2018, with MPOs either adopting the statewide target or establishing their own by November 2018. In 2020, a review of targets was conducted by MassDOT and the Montachusett MPO adopted the updated targets in November 2020.

MassDOT followed FHWA regulation in measuring Level of Travel Time Reliability (LOTTR) on both the Interstate and non-Interstate NHS as well as Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) on the Interstate system using the National Performance Management Research Dataset (NPMRDS) provided by FHWA. These performance measures aim to identify the predictability of travel times on the roadway network by comparing the average travel time along a given segment against longer travel times. For LOTTR, the performance of all segments of the Interstate and of the non-Interstate NHS are defined as either reliable or unreliable based on a comparison between the 50th percentile travel time and the 80th percentile travel time, and the proportion of reliable segments is reported. For TTTR, the ratio between the 50th percentile travel time and the 90th percentile travel time for trucks only along the Interstate system is reported as a statewide measure. As this data set has but one year of consistent data, FHWA guidance has been to set conservative targets and to adjust future targets once more data becomes available. To that end, MassDOT's reliability performance targets are set to remain the same.

Montachusett MPO — an agency whose planning area includes communities in the Boston Urbanized Area (UZA), and as a signatory to the 2018 Boston UZA Memorandum of Understanding (Boston UZA MOU)—has also adopted 2-year (2020) and 4-year (2022) Boston UZA-wide congestion performance measure targets. These performance measures are the percentage of non-single occupancy vehicle (SOV) travel and the Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED). Targets were developed in coordination with state Departments of Transportation and neighboring MPOs with planning responsibility for portions of the Boston UZA.

The percentage of non-SOV travel is approximated using the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS) Journey-to-Work data. In the Boston UZA, the proportion of non-SOV travel has been steadily increasing and is projected to continue increasing at a rate of 0.32% annually.

PHED is measured by totaling the number of hours spent in excessive delay (defined as travel time at 20 miles per hour or at 60% of the posted speed limit, whichever is greater) in peak hours (between 6:00am and 10:00, and between 3:00pm and 7:00pm) divided by the total UZA population. As of target-setting, there was only one year of data available. As such, the performance targets have been set flat until further data is available.

Emissions reduction targets are measured as the sum total of all emissions reductions anticipated through CMAQ-funded projects in non-attainment or air quality maintenance areas (currently the cities of Lowell, Springfield, Waltham, and Worcester, and the town of Oak Bluffs) identified in the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). This anticipated emissions reduction is calculated using the existing CMAQ processes.

Summary of Performance Measures and Targets

Performance Measures	Baseline	2-Year Condition/ Performance	2-Year Target	4-Year Target	4-Year Adjustment
Percentage of Pavements of the Interstate System in Good Condition		75.6%		70.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Interstate System in Poor Condition		0.1%		4.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Good Condition	32.9%	34.1%	30.0%	30.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Good Condition (Full Distress + IRI)					
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Poor Condition	31.4%	31.4%	30.0%	30.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Poor Condition (Full Distress + IRI)					
Percentage of NHS Bridges Classified as in Good Condition	15.1%	15.6%	15.0%	16.0%	
Percentage of NHS Bridges Classified as in Poor Condition	13.1%	13.5%	13.0%	12.0%	
Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Interstate That Are Reliable	70.0%	69.1%	68.0%	68.0%	
Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Non-Interstate NHS That Are Reliable		82.4%		80.0%	
Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) Index	1.84	1.86	1.85	1.85	
Annual Hours of Peak Hour Excessive Delay Per Capita: Urbanized Area 1		25.6%		18.3%	
Percent of Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle (Non-SOV) Travel: Urbanized Area 1	33.6%	34.6%	34.5%	35.1%	35.8%
Total Emission Reductions: PM2.5	0.000		0.000	0.000	
Total Emission Reductions: NOx	0.742	0.490	0.500	1.600	1.710
Total Emission Reductions: VOC	1.667	0.534	0.600	0.900	0.559
Total Emission Reductions: PM10	0.000		0.000		
Total Emission Reductions: CO	24.452	6.637	1596.51 0	1596.510	6.530

Transit Asset Management

In 2012, the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) mandated, and in 2015 the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST) reauthorized, FTA to develop a rule to establish a strategic and systematic process of operating, maintaining and improving public transportation capital assets effectively through their entire life cycle. FTA's national Transit Asset Management System Rule:

- Defines "state of good repair"
- Requires grantees to develop a TAM plan
- Establishes performance measures
- Establishes annual reporting requirements to the National Transit Database
- Requires FTA to provide technical assistance

In July 2016, FTA published a Final Rule for Transit Asset Management. The rule requires FTA grantees to develop asset management plans for their public transportation assets, including vehicles, facilities, equipment, and other infrastructure.

TAM requirements in this final rule are part of a larger performance management context. MAP-21 created a performance-based and multimodal program to strengthen the U.S. transportation system, which is comprised of a series of nine rules overseen by FTA and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). FTA is tasked with developing other rules, including the National Public Transit Safety Plan and the Public Transportation Agency Safety Plan, and has worked jointly with FHWA on a rule to manage Statewide and Metropolitan Planning.

The Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (MART) completed a TAM plan in September of 2018 and presented it to the Montachusett MPO. The Montachusett MPO has adopted targets in the following categories in the spring of 2019

- Rolling Stock
- Equipment
- Facilities

As dictated by the Final Rule, a Tier I TAM Plan must include the following nine elements:

- 1) Inventory of Capital Assets An inventory of the number and type of capital assets. The inventory must include all capital assets that a provider owns, except equipment with an acquisition value under \$50,000 that is not a service vehicle.
- 2) Condition Assessment A condition assessment of those inventoried assets for which a provider owns or has direct capital responsibility.
- 3) Identification of Decision Support Tool or Processes A description of analytical processes or decision-support tools that a provider uses to estimate capital investment needs over time and develop its investment prioritization.
- 4) Investment Prioritization A project-based prioritization of investments.
- 5) TAM and SGR policy A TAM policy is the executive-level direction regarding expectations for transit asset management; a TAM strategy consists of the actions that support the implementation of the TAM policy.

- 6) Implementation strategy The operational actions that a transit provider decides to conduct, in order to achieve its TAM goals and policies.
- 7) List of key annual activities The actions needed to implement a TAM plan for each year of the plan's horizon.
- 8) Identification of resources A summary or list of the resources, including personnel, that a provider needs to develop and carry out the TAM plan.
- 9) Evaluation plan An outline of how a provider will monitor, update, and evaluate, as needed, its TAM plan and related business practices to ensure the continuous improvement.

TAM Performance Measures and Targets

Asset Category - Performance Measure	Asset Class	2021 Target	2022 Target	2023 Target	2024 Target	2025 Target
REVENUE VEHICLES						
Age - % of revenue	BU - Bus	10%	10%	0%	0%	5%
vehicles within a	CU - Cutaway Bus	16%	15%	15%	10%	10%
particular asset class	MB - Mini-bus	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
that have met or	MV - Mini-van	N/A				
exceeded their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB)	SV - Sport Utility Vehicle	N/A				
	VN - Van	45%	40%	30%	15%	0%
EQUIPMENT						
Age - % of vehicles that have met or exceeded	Non Revenue/Service Automobile	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
their Useful Life	Steel Wheel Vehicles	N/A				
Benchmark (ULB)	Trucks and other Rubber Tire Vehicles	25%	20%	15%	5%	0%
	Generators	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Solar Panel Arrays	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
FACILITIES						
Condition - % of	Administration	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
facilities with a	Maintenance	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
condition rating below	below Parking Structures		0%	0%	0%	0%
3.0 on the FTA Transit	Passenger Facilities	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Economic Requirements Model	Operations, vernice		0%	0%	0%	0%

Public Transit Agency Safety Plan (PTASP)

The Public Transportation Agency Safety Plan (PTASP) details the safety processes and procedures for the Montachusett Regional Transit Authority (MART). The plan utilizes existing agency safety practices and best practices to be implemented to meet the new regulation set in 49 CFR Part 673 of the federal guidelines.

The PTASP includes formal documentation to guide the agency in proactive safety management policy, safety risk management, safety assurance, and safety promotion. The goal is to provide management and labor a comprehensive, collaborative approach to managing safety. The plan includes the process and schedule for an annual review of safety performance measures and to update processes that may be needed to advance the organization's safety practices. Below are the Targets set in this plan.

Safety Performance Targets

Specify performance targets based on the safety performance measures established under the National Public Transportation Safety Plan.

The targets below are based on the review of the previous five years of MART's safety performance data.

Mode of Transit Service	Fatalities (Total)	Fatalities (Rate)	Injuries (Total)	Injuries (Rate)	Safety Events (Total)	Safety Events (Rate)	System Reliability (Miles between Failures)
Fixed Route	0	0	5	7.5	5	7.5	20,000
Demand Response	0	0	5	2	5	2	100,000

^{*}Rates are per 1,000,000 vehicle revenue miles

Safety Performance Target Coordination

Describe the coordination with the State and Metropolitan Planning Organization(s) (MPO) in the selection of State and MPO safety performance targets.

The Accountable Executive shares our ASP, including safety performance targets, with the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) in our service area each year after its formal adoption by the Advisory Board. MART's Accountable Executive also provides a copy of our formally adopted plan to the Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT). MART staff are available to coordinate with MassDOT and the MPO in the selection of MassDOT and MPO safety performance targets upon request.

Targets Transmitted	State Entity Name	Date Targets Transmitted		
to the State	MassDOT	06/01/20		
Targets Transmitted	MPO Name	Date Targets Transmitted		
to the MPOs	Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization	9/16/20		

TRANSPORTATION FUNDING PROGRAMS

Description of Highway Programs

Federal Aid is received by the State as reimbursement, and the State is required to contribute a matching share to most projects receiving Federal funds.

The FAST Act has generally maintained the program structure of MAP-21 that had combined several activities previously carried out under existing formula programs into a new core formula program structure. The FAST Act includes the following:

- National Highway Performance Program (NHPP)
- Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBGP)
- Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)
- Railway-Highway Grade Crossings Program
- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ)
- National Highway Freight Program (NHFP)
- STBGP Set-Aside (formerly the Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP))
- STBG Off System Bridge (STBG-BR-Off)

This TIP includes projects funded under these programs as well as potentially carried over programs from prior federal authorizations such as High Priority Program (HPP) funds.

All of the programs listed are administered by the MassDOT. A project may be initiated by MassDOT or the local community. If approved, the project is submitted to Federal Highway Administration for funding. A description of each of these programs follows:

- National Highway Performance Program (NHPP): The enhanced National Highway Performance Program (NHPP) is composed of rural and urban roads serving major population centers, international border crossings, intermodal transportation facilities, and major travel destinations. It includes the Interstate System, all principal arterials (including some not previously designated as part of the NHS) and border crossings on those routes, highways that provide motor vehicle access between the NHS and major intermodal transportation facilities, and the network of highways important to U.S. strategic defense (STRAHNET) and its connectors to major military installations. The funding split for this program is generally 80% federal 20% state.
- <u>Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBGP)</u>: The FAST Act converts the long-standing Surface Transportation Program into the Surface Transportation Block Grant Program acknowledging that this program has the most flexible eligibilities among all Federal-aid highway programs and aligning the program's name with how FHWA has historically administered it. The STBG promotes flexibility in State and local transportation decisions and provides flexible funding to best address State and local transportation needs. As under MAP-21, the FAST Act directs FHWA to apportion funding as a lump sum for each State then divide that total among apportioned programs. Each State's STBG apportionment is calculated based on a percentage specified in law. The funding split for this program is generally 80% federal 20% state.
- <u>Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)</u>: The FAST Act continues the Highway Safety Improvement Program
 (HSIP) to achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads, including nonState-owned public roads and roads on tribal lands. The HSIP requires a data-driven, strategic approach to improving
 highway safety on all public roads that focuses on performance. The funding split is 90% federal and 10% state.

- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ): The CMAQ program is continued in the FAST Act to provide a flexible funding source to State and local governments for transportation projects and programs to help meet the requirements of the Clean Air Act. Funding is available to reduce congestion and improve air quality for areas that do not meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for ozone, carbon monoxide, or particulate matter (nonattainment areas) and for former nonattainment areas that are now in compliance (maintenance areas). The funding split for this program is generally 80% federal 20% state.
- STBGP Set-Aside: The FAST Act eliminates the MAP-21 Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) and replaces it with a set-aside of Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG) program funding for transportation alternatives (TA). These set-aside funds include all projects and activities that were previously eligible under TAP, encompassing a variety of smaller-scale transportation projects such as pedestrian and bicycle facilities, recreational trails, safe routes to school projects, community improvements such as historic preservation and vegetation management, and environmental mitigation related to stormwater and habitat connectivity. The funding split for this program is generally 80% federal 20% state.
- Nationally Significant Freight & Highway Projects (NSFHP) Program: The FAST Act establishes the NSFHP program to provide financial assistance through competitive grants known as FASTLANE grants or credit assistance to nationally and regionally significant freight and highway projects that align with the program goals, i.e. improve safety, efficiency and reliability, generate economic benefits, reduce highway congestion and bottlenecks, improve freight connectivity, enhance the resiliency of critical highway infrastructure, improve roadways vital to national energy security, and address the impacts of population growth on freight and people movement. The funding split is generally 60% federal and 40% other sources. An additional 20% may be funded with other federal assistance dollars.
- <u>High Priority Projects</u>: This program provides designated funding for specific projects identified in SAFETEA-LU.
 Projects are identified with a specified amount of funding over the 5 years of SAFETEA-LU. The funds designated for a project are available only for that project until expended. HPP projects are fully funded and are included on the TIP when they are expected to be "ready to go." The funding split is 80% federal and 20% state.
- STBG Off System Bridge (STBG-BR-Off): An off-system bridge is a highway bridge located on a public road that is not a Federal-aid highway. Eligible activities for the set aside for off-system bridges are replacement (including replacement with fill material), rehabilitation, preservation, protection (including painting, scour countermeasures, seismic retrofits, impact protection measures, security countermeasures, and protection against extreme events) and application of calcium magnesium acetate, sodium acetate/formate, or other environmentally acceptable, minimally corrosive anti-icing and deicing compositions for bridges (and approaches to bridges and other elevated structures) and tunnels on public roads of all functional classifications, including any such construction or reconstruction necessary to accommodate other transportation modes.

FAST Act funding information from FHWA Fact Sheets found at the FAST Act website: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/fastact/factsheets/index.cfm

Glossary of Terms

The terms used in the main part of this TIP are defined as follows:

- <u>MassDOT Project ID</u>: indicates Massachusetts Department of Transportation Highway Division Project Identification Number.
- <u>MassDOT Project Description</u>: indicates the city or town in which the project is to be implemented and gives details of the type of work to be performed and specific locations.
- MassDOT District: indicates in which MassDOT Highway Division District of the Montachusett Region the project occurs. The communities in the MRPC Region fall within District 2, with offices in Northampton, and District 3, with offices in Worcester.
- <u>Funding Source</u>: indicates funding program under which the project is eligible for dollar allocations, such as National Highway Performance Program or Surface Transportation Block Grant Program.
- <u>Total Programmed Funds, Federal Funds, Non-Federal Funds</u>: presented for each project for each fiscal year are estimated total costs and the source/share of the funds, i.e. Federal or State. Projects where costs and activity are not available will be labeled NA.
- Additional Information: indicates information pertinent to the project in order to provide the reader with a more detail look at the project. This includes, if applicable: a) Planning / Design / or Construction; b) total project cost and funding sources used; c) advance construction status; d) MPO project TEC score; e) name of entity receiving a transfer; f) name of entity paying the non-state non-federal match; g) earmark details; h) TAP project proponent; i) other information such as the current cost of the project (in Year 1 dollars) and the Year of Expenditure (YOE) cost based on the inflation factor for that year (i.e. Year 2 YOE increase of 4%; Year 3 YOE increase of 8%; Year 4 YOE increase of 12%; and Year 5 YOE increase of 16%).

<u>Description of Transit Funding Programs</u>

The FAST Act supports transit funding through fiscal year 2020, reauthorizes FTA programs and includes changes to improve mobility, streamline capital project construction and acquisition, and increase the safety of public transportation systems across the country. Discretionary and Formula funds are also available. Formula grant programs are funded to States based on formulas of population. Each grant program is referred to by name and usually by a number that correlates to the section number of the authorization.

Formula Grants

- <u>Urbanized Area Formula Program (5307) Funds</u>: This formula program makes funds available on the basis of a statutory formula to all urbanized areas in the country. Eligible activities are capital projects, planning and job access/reverse commute projects. Operating assistance is continued as an eligible expense under Section 5307. Operating assistance caps are now in place for urbanized areas over 200,000 but operating fewer than 100 buses (no rail), not just those under 200,000 (as determined by the U.S. Census Bureau), as is the case in previous law.
- <u>Transportation for Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities (5310) Funds</u>: This program provides capital funding for transportation services for elderly and disabled persons. Authorization under MAP-21 has moved the formula allocation from a single statewide allocation to an Urbanized Area allocation. The funds may go to private, non-profit organizations or to public bodies which coordinate service. Also funds available to our area are in a single allocation with two other "Small Urban" areas, therefore MassDOT has made all the apportioned funds a competitive

application. No less than 55% of these funds must be used for capital projects. Up to 45% may be used for operating assistance projects that would formerly been eligible under New Freedom funds. No more than 10% may be used be a recipient for Administrative Expenses associated with a project. The Rail and Transit Division of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation through the State Transportation Bond authorization program, makes capital grants available through its Mobility Assistance Program to public agencies to purchase vehicles and related equipment for transporting elderly and disabled persons.

- Formula Grants for Other than Urbanized Areas (5311) Funds: program provides capital, planning, and operating assistance to states to support public transportation in rural areas with populations of less than 50,000, where many residents often rely on public transit to reach their destinations. The program also provides funding for state and national training and technical assistance through the Rural Transportation Assistance Program. States must spend at least 15% of its annual apportionment for the development and support of intercity bus transportation, unless it can certify, after consultation with intercity bus service providers, that the intercity bus needs of the state are being adequately met.
- <u>Bus and Bus Facilities</u> (5339) <u>Funds</u>: This program provides capital assistance for new and replacement buses, related equipment, and facilities. These funds have both a formula-based program by urbanized area and a competitive discretionary program. As with the 5310 formula, 5339 is apportioned to our region via the state thru an allocation for "Small Urban," with a statewide allocation as well. Therefore, a competitive process thru MassDOT has been established for the 3-small urban and 3 rural RTA's to obtain these funds. The Federal share of eligible capital costs is no more than 80 percent of the net capital project cost. MART can also apply as a direct recipient when competitive funds are released via a Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) by USDOT/FTA. Since these competitive applications do not coordinate with the timing of MassDOT's Capital Improvement Plan process and are not guaranteed; they are often matched with Transportation Development (Toll) Credits and later amended into the TIP upon award notification.
- <u>State of Good Repair Formula Grants (5337)</u>: Eligible recipients are state and local government authorities in urbanized areas with fixed guideway public transportation facilities operating for at least 7 years. The Montachusett Regional Transit Authority is not an eligible recipient since there is not currently any fixed guideway or high-speed motorbus operated under the authority.

Discretionary Grants

The Federal Transit Administration and the U.S. Department of Transportation still have a few discretionary grant programs that MART is eligible to apply under. A Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) is published in the Federal Register each year stating program amounts and instructions for applying for these Competitive grants. Please see FTA's website for more details at http://www.fta.dot.gov/grants/15926.html.

Capital Investment Grants (5309): This is FTA's primary grant program for funding major transit capital investments, including heavy rail, commuter rail, light rail, streetcars, and bus rapid transit. It is a discretionary grant program unlike most others in government. Instead of an annual call for applications and selection of awardees by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the law requires that projects seeking CIG funding complete a series of steps over several years to be eligible for funding. For New Starts and Core Capacity projects, the law requires completion of two phases in advance of receipt of a construction grant agreement – Project Development and Engineering. For Small Starts projects, the law requires completion of one phase in advance of receipt of a construction grant

agreement – Project Development. The law also requires projects to be rated by FTA at various points in the process according to statutory criteria evaluating project justification and local financial commitment.

- RAISE Discretionary Grants: Rebuilding American Infrastructure with Sustainability and Equity (RAISE) Transportation Discretionary Grants are for planning and capital investments in surface transportation infrastructure and are to be awarded on a competitive basis for projects that will have a significant or regional impact. RAISE funding can support roads, bridges, transit, rail, ports or intermodal transportation.
- Low or No Emission Vehicle Deployment Program (5339 c): The main purpose of the LoNo Program is to deploy the cleanest and most energy efficient U.S.-made transit buses that have been largely proven in testing and demonstrations but are not yet widely deployed in transit fleets. The LoNo Program provides funding for transit agencies for capital acquisitions and leases of zero emission and low-emission transit buses, including acquisition, construction, and leasing of required supporting facilities such as recharging, refueling, and maintenance facilities.
- <u>Public Transportation Innovative and other Research & Technology Programs 5312:</u> Under the FAST Act there are
 currently 3 programs eligible under 5312 research/demonstration funds. All of them have the same goal of providing
 funding to develop innovative products and services assisting transit agencies in better meeting the needs of their
 customers.
- <u>Pilot Program for Transit-Oriented Development Planning 5309</u>: helps support FTA's mission of improving public transportation for America's communities by providing funding to local communities to integrate land use and transportation planning with a transit capital investment that is seeking or recently received funding through the <u>Capital Investment Grant (CIG) Program</u>. Comprehensive planning funded through the program must examine ways to improve economic development and ridership, foster multimodal connectivity and accessibility, improve transit access for pedestrian and bicycle traffic, engage the private sector, identify infrastructure needs, and enable mixed-use development near transit stations.

STATE POLICIES AND DIRECTIVES

weMove Massachusetts

MassDOT released weMove Massachusetts (WMM): Planning for Performance, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' 2040 Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) in May of 2014. This plan includes seven major components:

- 1) Transportation Reform emphasis on customers, innovation, accountability, performance management, efficiency, stewardship and stronger collaboration across transportation divisions;
- 2) Data and Analysis critical to sound decision making;
- 3) Transportation System Needs Identification—to help choose the right transportation investments;
- 4) youMove Massachusetts Themes ten value statements that capture the diverse values users;
- 5) Customer and Stakeholder Engagement- incorporate the priorities of customers and stakeholders;
- 6) Statewide Transportation Plans- implement modal plans;
- 7) Statewide Priorities and Policies ensure accountability.

The policies of the Commonwealth will be reviewed, considered and incorporated in the planning studies developed as part of the work tasks outlined in this UPWP. Recommendations derived from these studies will be consistent with state policies.

Healthy Transportation Policy Directive

On September 20, 2013, MassDOT announced the Healthy Transportation Policy Directive designed to increase bicycling, transit and walking options. The directive is intended to promote multimodal access for users of the transportation networks and systems.

The Healthy Transportation Directive builds upon the goals established under MassDOT's GreenDOT Implementation Plan and mode shift goal. The Directive requires all MassDOT Districts to review all projects under design to "ensure they are consistent with ...goals."

Elements included in the Directive are as follows:

All MassDOT facilities will consider adjacent land uses and be designed to include wider sidewalks, landscaping, crossing opportunities and other features to enhance healthy transportation options;

Reviews will be conducted of cluster sites where incidents have occurred with healthy transportation users;

MassDOT will develop a guide to assist communities proposing Shared Use Paths on or along rail beds in order to accelerate the path design process.

Additional information on the Healthy Transportation Policy Directive and MassDOT's GreenDOT comprehensive environmental responsibility and sustainability initiative can be viewed at https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2016/11/pf/greendot.pdf.

701 CMR 7.00 Use of Road Flaggers and Police Details on Public Works Projects

701 CMR 7.00 (the Regulation) was promulgated and became law on October 3, 2008. Under this Regulation, the CMR is applicable to any Public Works Project that is performed within the limits of, or that impact traffic on, any Public Road. The Municipal Limitation referenced in this Regulation is applicable only to projects where the Municipality is the Awarding Authority.

For all projects contained in the TIP, the Commonwealth is the Awarding Authority. Therefore, all projects must be considered and implemented in accordance with 701 CMR 7.00, and the Road Flagger and Police Detail Guidelines.

By placing a project on the TIP, the Municipality acknowledges that 701 CMR 7.00 is applicable to its project and design and construction will be fully compliant with this Regulation.

This information and additional information relative to guidance and implementation of the Regulation can be found by contacting the MassDOT Highway Division. (www.massdot.state.ma.us/highway/Main.aspx)

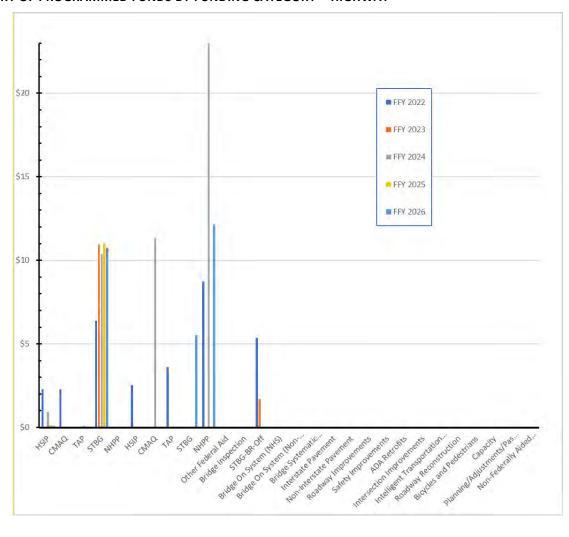
SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY

The following table and chart present a summary of total funds programmed within the Montachusett Region by funding category for each federal fiscal year of this TIP. All figures presented represent the total project costs, i.e. federal/state/local amounts combined, for that particular funding category.

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY - HIGHWAY

						Total
Funding Category	FFY 2022	FFY 2023	FFY 2024	FFY 2025	FFY 2026	FFY 2022-2026
HSIP	\$2,299,122	\$0	\$912,000	\$128,000	\$107,653	\$3,446,775
CMAQ	\$2,299,122	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,299,122
TAP	\$0	\$0	\$114,000	\$16,000	\$13,458	\$143,458
STBG	\$6,390,845	\$10,961,234	\$10,374,000	\$11,039,187	\$10,742,163	\$49,507,429
NHPP	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
HSIP	\$2,503,398	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,503,398
CMAQ	\$0	\$0	\$11,343,036	\$0	\$0	\$11,343,036
TAP	\$3,607,523	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,607,523
STBG	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,533,217	\$5,533,217
NHPP	\$8,728,511	\$0	\$39,943,071	\$0	\$12,166,093	\$60,837,675
Other Federal Aid	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Bridge Inspection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
STBG-BR-Off	\$5,356,482	\$1,692,891	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,049,373
Bridge On System (NHS)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Bridge On System (Non-NHS)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Bridge Systematic Maintenance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Interstate Pavement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Non-Interstate Pavement	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Roadway Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Safety Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ADA Retrofits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Intersection Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Intelligent Transportation Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Roadway Reconstruction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Bicycles and Pedestrians	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Capacity	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Planning/Adjustments/Pass-throughs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Non-Federally Aided Projects	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Subtotal	\$31,185,003	\$12,654,125	\$62,686,107	\$11,183,187	\$28,562,584	\$146,271,006
GREEN = TARGET FUNDS						

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY - HIGHWAY

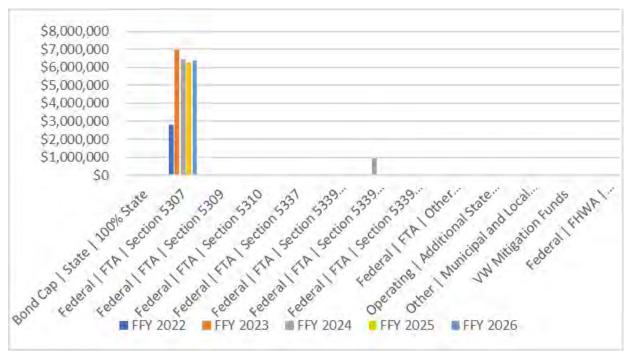


SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY - TRANSIT

						Total
Funding Category	FFY 2022	FFY 2023	FFY 2024	FFY 2025	FFY 2026	FFY 2022-2026
Bond Cap State 100% State	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal FTA Section 5307	\$2,783,750	\$6,972,000	\$6,424,500	\$6,260,000	\$6,397,500	\$28,837,750
Federal FTA Section 5309	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal FTA Section 5310	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal FTA Section 5337	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal FTA Section 5339 Non- Competitive	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal FTA Section 5339 Small Urban	\$0	\$0	\$950,000	\$0	\$0	\$950,000
Federal FTA Section 5339 Statewide	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal FTA Other Federal Transit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Operating Additional State Assistance State Contract Assistance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Municipal and Local Transit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
VW Mitigation Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal FHWA Transportation Development Credits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Subtotal	\$2,783,750	\$6,972,000	\$7,374,500	\$6,260,000	\$6,397,500	\$29,787,750
GRAND TOTAL	\$33,968,753	\$19,626,125	\$70,060,607	\$17,443,187	\$34,960,084	\$176,058,756

NOTE: All funding amounts listed are Total costs that include federal and matching non-federal funds.

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY FUNDING CATEGORY - TRANSIT



SUMMARY OF PROGRAMMED FUNDS BY 2020 RTP STRATEGY

Executive Order No. 579 established the Commission on the Future of Transportation in the Commonwealth. This Commission was charged with examining issues related to transportation in Massachusetts in the year 2040. Five key trends identified for consideration by the Commission included: "changing demographics; a more volatile climate; disruptive technological advances; increased electrification; and a higher level of automation." In response to this Executive Order, the Commission compiled and released a report entitled "Choices for Stewardship: Recommendations to Meet the Transportation Future."

MRPC staff reviewed this document during the development of the 2020 RTP, endorsed July 17, 2019. Along with feedback from MassDOT, it was decided to use a scenario planning approach for the Montachusett Region. Subsequently, using the Commission report as a guide and based on trends and data, applicable scenarios were developed for the region.

From an analysis of the trends identified in the RTP as well as the stated Vision, Goals, Objectives and Strategies, three different scenarios were compiled. Along with the broader concepts of each scenario, a list of applicable funding options and concepts were also examined. These funding options (or programs) are based upon input derived through the outreach process and detailed in the Public Outreach, Input and Participation chapter of the RTP. By tying program funding options to the scenario concepts, a financial plan can be developed and evaluated.

<u>Scenario Development Summary</u>

- Scenarios developed by the Commission on the Future of Transportation in the Commonwealth were reviewed. Trend analysis was also examined to see how they relate to the developed scenarios.
- Regional trends in demographics and projections were identified. Issues such as an aging population, changes in housing and employment, increases in educational attainment, etc. help to identify needs that must be addressed in order for municipalities and the region to continue to grow and thrive. As an example, the projected slowdown in population, employment and household growth, will need to be addressed by communities as they determine how to best provide access to basic necessities for their residents.
- An analysis of responses derived from the RTP survey highlight how residents and officials prioritize transportation needs as well as how they characterize their communities now and in the future. The results indicate that the majority of respondents are satisfied with the existing character of their town and wish to see that it is maintained in the future, i.e. a bedroom community now and a bedroom community 25 years from now. This would indicate that large scale expansion of the highway network is not a favorable solution/scenario to address the projected demographic changes. Rather scenarios should make use of the current road networks (with safety and infrastructure upgrades), expand and enhance bike, pedestrian and transit options within and across communities and maintain the regions current characteristics. The question therefore to ask is, "Do municipalities want to stay within their boundaries and provide more opportunities for residents by improved local mobility (Scenario 3 Strong Community Centers) or do they take advantage of established commercial and employment districts in the region by improved long distance mobility (Scenario 2 Multiple Hubs)?"
- This question, in conjunction with the Regional Vision Statement that seeks to "provide a multi-modal transportation system that is safe, secure, efficient and affordable to all individuals" led to the three scenarios developed and outlined in the RTP.

Scenario 1 - Status Quo examined past TIP funding patterns in order to establish the following a breakdown for the identified funding categories

Scenario 2 (Multiple Hubs) - Scenario 2 seeks to promote and emphasize the longer transportation networks that connect one town to another. This promotes inter (or between) community access at the cost of the in-town transportation networks.

Scenario 3 (Strong Community Centers) - Scenario 3 places the priority on projects that promote travel within (or intra) the community. An emphasis on funding a shorter more contained transportation network promotes a more vibrant town center.

Each scenario was examined and discussed with both the MJTC and the MPO. After discussion and staff analysis it was determined that Scenario's 2 and 3 would be the ideal funding strategy to follow. Below is a chart of basic funding guidelines which both scenario 2 and 3 share.

SCENARIO 2 & 3 FUNDING PERCENTAGE PER CATEGORY

	Funding Percentage Per Strategy Federal Aid Target Funds Scenario 2 & 3	Total Allocation % to Funding Category
1	Road Maintenance & Infrastructure	40%
2	Transit Options	14%
3	Pedestrian & Bicycle Facilities	12%
4	Safety (High Crash Locations)	9%
5	Climate Change & Environment	6%
6	Congestion Relief	4%
7	Complete Streets	5%
8	Regional Access	5%
9	Community Access	4%
10	Other	1%

To ensure the region is following the strategies set in the RTP, it is important to track investments in the TIP. Each Target Section project assigned a year in the 2022 – 2026 TIP was classified under an investment category in the table from above. (ex. A pavement preservation project was considered Road Maintenance & Infrastructure) From this we can see a comparison between the strategies set in the RTP and real investments through the TIP. Although many projects contain components which could be classified under multiple categories, each project category was determined on the most defining attribute of the project. The following Tables show investments contained in this TIP, and a comparison in investments and RTP strategy.

TARGET PROJECTS BY CATEGORY

TARGET PROJECT INVESTMENT PERCENTAGE PER CATEGORY

Project	Year	Cost	Category
608779 - LANCASTER- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT LUNENBURG ROAD AND ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT MAIN STREET	2022	\$5,747,806	Congestion Relief
608793 - HUBBARDSTON- HIGHWAY RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 68 (MAIN STREET), FROM 1,000 FT NORTH OF WILLIAMSVILLE ROAD TO ELM STREET	2022	\$5,241,283	Road Maintenance & Infrustructure
609279 - GARDNER- ROUNDABOUT CONSTRUCTION AT ELM STREET, PEARL STREET, CENTRAL STREET AND GREEN STREET	2023	\$2,611,572	Safety
607432 - WESTMINSTER- REHABILITATION & BOX WIDENING ON ROUTE 140, FROM PATRICIA ROAD TO THE PRINCETON T.L.	2023	\$6,630,213	Road Maintenance & Infrustructure
608784 - TEMPLETON- ROUNDABOUT CONSTRUCTION AT THE INTERSECTION OF PATRIOTS ROAD, SOUTH MAIN STREET, NORTH MAIN STREET AND GARDNER ROAD	2023	\$1,719,449	Safety
604499 - LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08-022	2024 - 2026	\$14,345,666	Road Maintenance & Infrustructure
609244 - ASHBURNHAM- ROADWAY REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 101 SOUTH	2025	\$9,583,187	Road Maintenance & Infrustructure
609213 - HARVARD- RESURFACING AND BOX WIDENING ON AYER ROAD, FROM ROUTE 2 TO THE AYER TOWN LINE	2026 - 2027	\$11,758,738	Road Maintenance & Infrustructure
608424 - TEMPLETON- RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 68, FROM KING PHILLIP TRAIL (ROUTE 202) NORTH TO THE PHILLIPSTON TOWN LINE (2.65 MILES)	2026	\$7,017,608	Road Maintenance & Infrustructure

Federal Aid Target Funds Scenario 2 & 3	Total Allocation % to Funding Category	Investment in 2022- 2026 TIP
Road Maintenance & Infrastructure	40%	84%
Transit Options	14%	
Pedestrian & Bicycle Facilities	12%	
Safety (High Crash Locations)	9%	7%
Climate Change & Environment	6%	
Congestion Relief	4%	9%
Complete Streets	5%	
Regional Access	5%	
Community Access	4%	
Other	1%	

The previous table indicates a disproportionate number of investments to the Road Maintenance and Infrastructure category; however, it is important to note many projects contain attributes which can be classified within different categories. For example, project 609213 – Harvard; this project contains many elements of complete streets and bike-ped facility improvements, as well as climate change components due to the many drainage upgrades which will increase the resiliency of the roadway, however, since the main catalyst for which the project was developed was due to the condition of the facility itself, it was counted as in the Road Maintenance and Infrastructure category.

FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

Financial Plan for the FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program Montachusett MPO

The financial plan contained herein is financially constrained and indicates that the Montachusett Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) reflects the highway program emphasis on the maintenance and operation of the current roadway and bridge system with the ability to provide for additional capital improvements. Only projects for which funds can be expected have been included. The following table compares anticipated federal target funds (Federal \$ (M) Target/Availability) to the federal funds for those projects programmed in each Fiscal Year (Federal \$ (M) Programmed). For each fiscal year, programmed funds do not exceed anticipated target funds.

Federal Target Funds vs. Federal Funds Programmed

	2022				
			Non-Federal \$	Federal \$ (M)	
	Total \$ (M)	Federal \$ (M)	(M)	Target/	
Funding Category	Programmed	Programmed	Programmed	Availability	
HSIP	2.299	2.069	0.230	0.000	
CMAQ	2.299	1.839	0.460	0.000	
TAP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
STBG	6.391	5.113	1.278	0.000	
NHPP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Total TARGET HSIP/CMAQ/TAP/STBG/NHPP	10.989	9.021	1.968	8.681	
HSIP	2.503	2.253	0.250	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	3.608	2.886	0.722	0.000	
STBG	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
NHPP	8.729	6.983	1.746	0.000	
Other Federal Aid	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Inspection	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Off System	5.356	4.285	1.071	4.285	
Bridge On System (NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (Non-NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Systematic Maintenance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Safety Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ADA Retrofits	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intersection Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intelligent Transportation Systems	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Reconstruction	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bicycles and Pedestrians	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Capacity	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Planning/Adjustments/Pass-throughs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Federally Aided Projects	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
,	31.185	25.428	5.757	12.966	
Bond Cap State 100% State	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5307	2.784	2.784	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5337	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Non-Competitive	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Small Urban	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Statewide	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Other Federal Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Operating Additional State Assistance State					
Contract Assistance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Other Municipal and Local Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
VW Mitigation Funds	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FHWA Transportation Development	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.000	
Credits	0.000	0.000		0.000	
	2.784	2.784	0.000	0.000	

Federal Target Funds vs. Federal Funds Programmed (cont.)

	2023				
Funding Category	Total \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Non-Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Target/ Availability	
HSIP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
STBG	10.961	8.769	2.192	0.000	
NHPP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Total TARGET HSIP/CMAQ/TAP/STBG/NHPP	10.961	8.769	2.192	8.859	
HSIP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
STBG	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
NHPP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Other Federal Aid	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Inspection	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Off System	1.693	1.354	0.339	1.354	
Bridge On System (NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (Non-NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Systematic Maintenance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Safety Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ADA Retrofits	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intersection Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intelligent Transportation Systems	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Reconstruction	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bicycles and Pedestrians	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Capacity	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Planning/Adjustments/Pass-throughs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Federally Aided Projects	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	12.654	10.123	2.531	10.213	
Bond Cap State 100% State	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5307	6.972	6.972	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5337	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Non-Competitive	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Small Urban	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Statewide	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Other Federal Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Operating Additional State Assistance State					
Contract Assistance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Other Municipal and Local Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
VW Mitigation Funds	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FHWA Transportation Development					
Credits	0.000	0.000		0.000	
	6.972	6.972	0.000	0.000	

Federal Target Funds vs. Federal Funds Programmed (cont.)

	2024				
Funding Category	Total \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Non-Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Target/ Availability	
HSIP	0.912	0.821	0.091	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	0.114	0.091	0.023	0.000	
STBG	10.374	8.299	2.075	0.000	
NHPP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Total TARGET HSIP/CMAQ/TAP/STBG/NHPP	11.400	9.211	2.189	8.681	
HSIP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CMAQ	11.343	9.074	2.269	0.000	
TAP				0.000	
	0.000	0.000	0.000		
STBG	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
NHPP	39.943	31.954	7.989	0.000	
Other Federal Aid	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Inspection	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Off System	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (Non-NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Systematic Maintenance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
nterstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Safety Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ADA Retrofits	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ntersection Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ntelligent Transportation Systems	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Reconstruction	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bicycles and Pedestrians	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Capacity	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Planning/Adjustments/Pass-throughs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Federally Aided Projects	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
, ,	62.686	50.240	12.446	8.681	
Bond Cap State 100% State	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5307	6.425	6.425	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5337	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Non-Competitive	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Small Urban	0.950	0.950	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Statewide	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Other Federal Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Operating Additional State Assistance State	2.300	5.500	2.300	2.000	
Contract Assistance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Other Municipal and Local Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
/W Mitigation Funds	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FHWA Transportation Development	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Credits	0.000	0.000		0.000	
	7.375	7.375	0.000	0.000	

Federal Target Funds vs. Federal Funds Programmed (cont.)

	2025				
Funding Category	Total \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Non-Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Target/ Availability	
HSIP	0.128	0.115	0.013	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	0.016	0.013	0.003	0.000	
STBG	11.039	8.831	2.208	0.000	
NHPP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Total TARGET HSIP/CMAQ/TAP/STBG/NHPP	11.183	8.959	2.224	8.908	
HSIP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
STBG	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
NHPP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Other Federal Aid	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Inspection	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Off System	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (Non-NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Systematic Maintenance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Safety Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ADA Retrofits	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intersection Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
·	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intelligent Transportation Systems Roadway Reconstruction	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
·	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bicycles and Pedestrians Capacity	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Planning/Adjustments/Pass-throughs	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Federally Aided Projects	11.183				
		8.959	2.224	8.908	
Bond Cap State 100% State	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5307	6.260	6.260	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5337	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Non-Competitive	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Small Urban	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Statewide	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Other Federal Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Operating Additional State Assistance State					
Contract Assistance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Other Municipal and Local Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
VW Mitigation Funds	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FHWA Transportation Development Credits	0.000	0.000		0.000	
	6.260	6.260	0.000	0.000	

Federal Target Funds vs. Federal Funds Programmed (cont.)

	2026				
Funding Category	Total \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Non-Federal \$ (M) Programmed	Federal \$ (M) Target/ Availability	
HSIP	0.108	0.097	0.011	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	0.013	0.011	0.003	0.000	
STBG	10.742	8.594	2.148	0.000	
NHPP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Total TARGET HSIP/CMAQ/TAP/STBG/NHPP	10.863	8.701	2.162	9.052	
HSIP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CMAQ	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TAP	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
STBG	5.533	4.427	1.107	0.000	
NHPP	12.166	9.733	2.433	0.000	
Other Federal Aid	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Inspection	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Off System	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge On System (Non-NHS)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bridge Systematic Maintenance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Interstate Pavement	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Safety Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ADA Retrofits	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intersection Improvements	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Intelligent Transportation Systems	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Roadway Reconstruction	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Bicycles and Pedestrians	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Capacity	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Planning/Adjustments/Pass-throughs	0.000	0.000		0.000	
	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Non-Federally Aided Projects				1	
5 10 10 1 100 1 100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	28.563	22.861	5.702	9.052	
Bond Cap State 100% State	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5307	6.398	6.398	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5310	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5337	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Non-Competitive	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Small Urban	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Section 5339 Statewide	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FTA Other Federal Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Operating Additional State Assistance State	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Contract Assistance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Other Municipal and Local Transit	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
VW Mitigation Funds	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Federal FHWA Transportation Development Credits	0.000	0.000		0.000	
	6.398	6.398	0.000	0.000	

- 1. Moneys do not include statewide federal aid or Regional "Mega" projects which are programmed but are excluded from the regional targets provided to MRPC.
- 2. FTA Programmed amounts are Federal dollars only and do not include state or local shares.

Reliability, Modernization & Expansion Expenditures

For the purposes of this table, Reliability projects are considered those projects that maintain the operation of existing facilities or infrastructure, i.e. resurfacing/rehabilitation of road surfaces, rehabilitation/replacement of a bridge, intersection geometrics, rehabilitation/renovation of existing transit facilities etc.; Modernization projects are assumed to be those projects modernize the transportation system to make it safer and more accessible and to accommodate growth, i.e. projects that go beyond a state of good repair, provide expanded capacity, contain significant safety/accessibility improvements etc.; Expansion projects are those that expand diverse transportation options for communities throughout the Commonwealth, i.e. expanded highway, transit, rail, bicycle and pedestrian networks.

Reliability, Modernization & Expansion Expenditures

		Highway	Transit		Percent
FFY		(Fed & NFA)	(Fed & NFA)	Total	of Total
2022	Reliability	\$19,326,276	\$2,783,750	\$22,110,026	65.09%
	Modernization	\$11,858,727	\$0	\$11,858,727	34.91%
	Expansion	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00%
	Total	\$31,185,003	\$2,783,750	\$33,968,753	
2023	Reliability	\$4,998,782	\$6,972,000	\$11,970,782	52.20%
	Modernization	\$10,961,234	\$0	\$10,961,234	47.80%
	Expansion	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00%
	Total	\$15,960,016	\$6,972,000	\$22,932,016	
2024	Reliability	\$39,943,072	\$7,374,500	\$47,317,572	67.54%
	Modernization	\$11,400,000	\$0	\$11,400,000	16.27%
	Expansion	\$11,343,036	\$0	\$11,343,036	16.19%
	Total	\$62,686,108	\$7,374,500	\$70,060,608	
2025	Reliability	\$9,583,187	\$6,260,000	\$15,843,187	90.83%
	Modernization	\$1,600,000	\$0	\$1,600,000	9.17%
	Expansion	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00%
	Total	\$11,183,187	\$6,260,000	\$17,443,187	
2026	Reliability	\$19,183,701	\$6,397,500	\$25,581,201	73.17%
	Modernization	\$3,845,666	\$0	\$3,845,666	11.00%
	Expansion	\$5,533,217	\$0	\$5,533,217	15.83%
	Total	\$28,562,584	\$6,397,500	\$34,960,084	

STATUS OF PREVIOUS ANNUAL ELEMENT PROJECTS

Status of FFY 2021 Montachusett Highway TIP Projects

Target Projects

Project No.	Community	Description	Status
608657	Lunenburg	LUNENBURG- BRIDGE REHABILITATION, L-17-009, ROUTE 2A OVER PEARL HILL BROOK	Advertised 12/5/2020
608891	Gardner	GARDNER- RESURFACING AND RUMBLE STRIP INSTALLATION ON ROUTE 140	75% Design public hearing on 3/24/21
608888	Gardner	GARDNER- RECLAMATION AND RELATED WORK ON PEARSON BOULEVARD	100% design 12/16/2020
607431	Westminster	WESTMINSTER- RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 140, FROM ROUTE 2A TO PATRICIA ROAD	Advertised 1/2/2021
608548	Winchendon	WINCHENDON- IMPROVEMENTS & RELATED WORK ON CENTRAL STREET (ROUTE 202), FROM FRONT STREET TO MAPLE STREET (0.5 MILES)	100% Design 11/16/2020

Non-Target Projects

Project No.	Community	Description	Status
608561	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 12 (NORTH MAIN STREET) AT HAMILTON STREET; ROUTE 12 (NORTH MAIN STREET) AT NELSON STREET	PS&E received as of 2/11/21
609411	Multiple	FITCHBURG- LEOMINSTER- TWIN CITIES RAIL TRAIL CONSTRUCTION (PHASE II) $$	Moved to 2024

Status of Transit Project

RTA	Section	Description	Federal Funds	Approval Status	Grant #	Comments
Montachusett	5307	New Automatic Passenger Counters (50)	\$224,445	Unobligated	TBD MA-2021-xx	FTA award in process. Contract signed w/vendor.
Montachusett	5307	Rehab Fitchburg Intermodal Center	\$40,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Almost fully expended.
Montachusett	5307	Rehab Fitchburg Admin/Maintenance Facility - Stairs	\$8,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. RFR/RFP to be released soon
Montachusett	5307	Replace/Upgrade IT Related Support Equipment	\$200,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Almost fully expended
Montachusett	5307	Acquire - Support Vehicle	\$33,600	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Budget fully expended.
Montachusett	5307	Rehab Fitchburg Admin/ Maintenance Facility - Pavement	\$200,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. RFR/RFP to be released soon
Montachusett	5307	Rehab Fitchburg Admin/ Maintenance Facility - Fire Safety	\$28,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. RFR/RFP to be released soon
Montachusett	5307	Shop Equipment	\$120,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. RFR/RFP in process for award
Montachusett	5307	Rehab Gardner Maintenance Facility	\$120,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. In Design.
Montachusett	5307	Eng/Design Historic Mass Trans Bldgs. (Incl. Ops)	\$40,120	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Contract signed w/vendor.
Montachusett	5307	Rehab/Reno Historic Mass Trans Bldgs. (Incl. Ops)	\$243,319	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. In Design.
Montachusett	5307	Purchase Vehicle Locator System	\$285,150	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Contract signed w/vendor.
Montachusett	5307	Acquire - Mobile Fare Collection Equip	\$500,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. RFR/RFP in process for award
Montachusett	5307	Replacement Engines on 35' Buses (2)	\$40,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Budget fully expended.
Montachusett	5307	Rehab of Fitchburg Admin/Maintenance Facility	\$160,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. RFR/RFP in process for award
Montachusett	5307	Rehab Gardner Maintenance Facility	\$16,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Contract signed w/vendor.
Montachusett	5307	Buy Replacement Cutaways (1)	\$55,176	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Delivery April 26, 2021
Montachusett	5339 Formula	Buy Replacement Cutaways (4)	\$220,704	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. Delivery April 26, 2021
Montachusett	5339 Formula	Rehab Leominster Admin/Storage Facility	\$398,116	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. In Design.
Montachusett	5339 Disc.	Acquire - Mobile Fare Collection Equip	\$1,000,000	Unobligated	TBD	FTA award in process. RFR/RFP in process for award
Montachusett	5307	50/50 Operating Assistance	\$1,500,396	Obligated	MA-2020-40	Fully Expended
Montachusett	5307	ADA Paratransit Service	\$175,000	Obligated	MA-2020-40	Fully Expended
Montachusett	5307	Buy Replacement <30 FT Bus (2)	\$197,852	Obligated	MA-2020-40	Fully Expended
Montachusett	5307	Buy Replacement Vans (5)	\$271,200	Obligated	MA-2020-40	Fully Expended
Montachusett	5339 Disc.	Replacement Buses for Right Sized Fleet	\$4,500,000	Obligated	MA-2020-28	\$2,329,303 expended. Rest of vehicles to be delivered in May 2021.
Montachusett	5339	Buy Bike Racks & Bus Equip	\$18,856	Obligated	MA-2019-13	RFR to be released April 2021
Montachusett	5307 CMAQ	Wachusett Station Enhancements	\$296,000	Obligated	MA-2017-08	\$222K in outlays; ~\$74K remains to be obligated

AIR QUALITY CONFORMITY INFORMATION - MONTACHUSETT METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION - FFY 2022-2026 TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

This section documents the latest air quality conformity determination for the 1997 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) in the Montachusett Region. It covers the applicable conformity requirements according to the latest regulations, regional designation status, legal considerations, and federal guidance. Further details and background information are provided below:

Introduction

The 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) require metropolitan planning organizations within nonattainment and maintenance areas to perform air quality conformity determinations prior to the approval of Long-Range Transportation Plans (LRTPs) and Transportation Improvement Programs (TIPs), and at such other times as required by regulation. Clean Air Act (CAA) section 176(c) (42 U.S.C. 7506(c)) requires that federally funded or approved highway and transit activities are consistent with ("conform to") the purpose of the State Implementation Plan (SIP). Conformity to the purpose of the SIP means that means Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funding and approvals are given to highway and transit activities that will not cause or contribute to new air quality violations, worsen existing violations, or delay timely attainment of the relevant NAAQS or any interim milestones (42 U.S.C. 7506(c)(1)). EPA's transportation conformity rules establish the criteria and procedures for determining whether metropolitan transportation plans, transportation improvement programs (TIPs), and federally supported highway and transit projects conform to the SIP (40 CFR Parts 51.390 and 93).

A nonattainment area is one that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has designated as not meeting certain air quality standards. A maintenance area is a nonattainment area that now meets the standards and has been re-designated as maintaining the standard. A conformity determination is a demonstration that plans, programs, and projects are consistent with the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for attaining the air quality standards. The CAAA requirement to perform a conformity determination ensures that federal approval and funding go to transportation activities that are consistent with air quality goals.

Legislative and Regulatory Background

The entire Commonwealth of Massachusetts was previously classified as nonattainment for ozone, and was divided into two nonattainment areas. The Eastern Massachusetts ozone nonattainment area included Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes, Essex, Middlesex, Nantucket, Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk, and Worcester counties. Berkshire, Franklin, Hampden, and Hampshire counties comprised the Western Massachusetts ozone nonattainment area. With these classifications, the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) required the Commonwealth to reduce its emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NOx), the two major precursors to ozone formation to achieve attainment of the ozone standard.

The 1970 Clean Air Act defined a one-hour national ambient air quality standard (NAAQS) for ground-level ozone. The 1990 CAAA further classified degrees of nonattainment of the one-hour standard based on the severity of the monitored levels of the pollutant. The entire commonwealth of Massachusetts was classified as being in serious nonattainment for the one-hour ozone standard, with a required attainment date of 1999. The attainment date was later extended, first to 2003 and a second time to 2007.

In 1997, the EPA proposed a new, eight-hour ozone standard that replaced the one- hour standard, effective June 15, 2005. Scientific information had shown that ozone could affect human health at lower levels, and over longer exposure times than one hour. The new standard was challenged in court, and after a lengthy legal battle, the courts upheld it. It was finalized in June 2004. The eight-hour standard is 0.08 parts per million, averaged over eight hours and not to be exceeded more than once per year. Nonattainment areas were again further classified based on the severity of the eight-hour values. Massachusetts as a whole was classified as being in moderate nonattainment for the eight-hour standard, and was separated into two nonattainment areas—Eastern Massachusetts and Western Massachusetts.

In March 2008, EPA published revisions to the eight-hour ozone NAAQS establishing a level of 0.075 ppm, (March 27, 2008; 73 FR 16483). In 2009, EPA announced it would reconsider this standard because it fell outside of the range recommended by the Clean Air Scientific Advisory Committee. However, EPA did not take final action on the reconsideration so the standard would remain at 0.075 ppm.

After reviewing data from Massachusetts monitoring stations, EPA sent a letter on December 16, 2011 proposing that only Dukes County would be designated as nonattainment for the new proposed 0.075 ozone standard. Massachusetts concurred with these findings.

On May 21, 2012, (77 FR 30088), the final rule was published in the Federal Register, defining the 2008 NAAQS at 0.075 ppm, the standard that was promulgated in March 2008. A second rule published on May 21, 2012 (77 FR 30160), revoked the 1997 ozone NAAQS to occur one year after the July 20, 2012 effective date of the 2008 NAAQS.

Also on May 21, 2012, the air quality designations areas for the 2008 NAAQS were published in the Federal Register. In this Federal Register, the only area in Massachusetts that was designated as nonattainment is Dukes County. All other Massachusetts counties were designated as attainment/unclassified for the 2008 standard. On March 6, 2015, (80 FR 12264, effective April 6, 2015) EPA published the Final Rulemaking, "Implementation of the 2008 National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for Ozone: State Implementation Plan Requirements; Final Rule." This rulemaking confirmed the removal of transportation conformity to the 1997 Ozone NAAQS and the replacement with the 2008 Ozone NAAQS, which (with actually a stricter level of allowable ozone concentration than the 1997 standards) classified Massachusetts as "Attainment/unclassifiable" (except for Dukes County).

However, on February 16, 2018, the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit in *South Coast Air Quality Mgmt. District v. EPA* ("South Coast II," 882 F.3d 1138) held that transportation conformity determinations must be made in areas that were either nonattainment or maintenance for the 1997 ozone NAAQS and attainment for the 2008 ozone NAAQS when the 1997 ozone NAAQS was revoked. These conformity determinations are required in these areas after February 16, 2019. On November 29, 2018, EPA issued *Transportation Conformity Guidance for the South Coast II Court Decision* (EPA-420-B-18-050, November 2018) that addresses how transportation conformity determinations can be made in areas. According to the guidance, both Eastern and Western Massachusetts, along with several other areas across the country, are now defined as "orphan nonattainment areas" – areas that were designated as nonattainment for the 1997 ozone NAAQS at the time of its revocation (80 FR 12264, March 6, 2015) and were designated attainment for the 2008 ozone NAAQS in EPA's original designations rule for this NAAQS (77 FR 30160, May 21, 2012).

Current Conformity Determination

After 2/16/19, as a result of the court ruling and the subsequent federal guidance, transportation conformity for the 1997 NAAQS – intended as an "anti-backsliding" measure – now applies to both of Massachusetts' orphan areas. Therefore, a conformity determination was made for the 1997 ozone NAAQS on the 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plans. This conformity determination was finalized in July 2019 following each MPO's previous endorsement of their regional transportation plan, and approved by the Massachusetts Divisions of FHWA and FTA on October 15, 2019. This conformity determination continues to be valid for the Montachusett Region FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program, and Massachusetts' FFY 2022-2026 STIP, as each is developed from the conforming 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plans.

The transportation conformity regulation at 40 CFR 93.109 sets forth the criteria and procedures for determining conformity. The conformity criteria for TIPs and RTPs include: latest planning assumptions (93.110), latest emissions model (93.111), consultation (93.112), transportation control measures (93.113(b) and (c), and emissions budget and/or interim emissions (93.118 and/or 93.119).

For the 1997 ozone NAAQS areas, transportation conformity for TIPs and RTPs for the 1997 ozone NAAQS can be demonstrated without a regional emissions analysis, per 40 CFR 93.109(c). This provision states that the regional emissions

analysis requirement applies one year after the effective date of EPA's nonattainment designation for a NAAQS and until the effective date of revocation of such NAAQS for an area. The 1997 ozone NAAQS revocation was effective on April 6, 2015, and the *South Coast II* court upheld the revocation. As no regional emission analysis is required for this conformity determination, there is no requirement to use the latest emissions model, or budget or interim emissions tests.

Therefore, transportation conformity for the 1997 ozone NAAQS for the Montachusett Region FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program and 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plans can be demonstrated by showing that remaining requirements in Table 1 in 40 CFR 93.109 have been met. These requirements, which are laid out in Section 2.4 of EPA's guidance and addressed below, include:

- Latest planning assumptions (93.110)
- Consultation (93.112)
- Transportation Control Measures (93.113)
- Fiscal Constraint (93.108)

Latest Planning Assumptions:

The use of latest planning assumptions in 40 CFR 93.110 of the conformity rule generally apply to regional emissions analysis. In the 1997 ozone NAAQS areas, the use of latest planning assumptions requirement applies to assumptions about transportation control measures (TCMs) in an approved SIP (See following section on Timely Implementation of TCMs).

Consultation:

The consultation requirements in 40 CFR 93.112 were addressed both for interagency consultation and public consultation. Interagency consultation was conducted with FHWA, FTA, US EPA Region 1, MassDEP, and the Massachusetts MPOs on March 6, 2019 to discuss the latest conformity-related court rulings and resulting federal guidance. Regular and recurring interagency consultations have been held since on an (at least) annual schedule, with the most recent conformity consultation held on January 21, 2021. This ongoing consultation is conducted in accordance with the following:

- Massachusetts' Air Pollution Control Regulations 310 CMR 60.03 "Conformity to the State Implementation Plan of Transportation Plans, Programs, and Projects Developed, Funded or Approved Under Title 23 USC or the Federal Transit Act"
- The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Memorandum of Understanding among the Massachusetts Department of Transportation, Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, Massachusetts Metropolitan Planning Organizations, and Regional Transit Authorities, titled <u>The Conduct of Air Quality Planning and Coordination for</u> <u>Transportation Conformity</u> (dated September 16, 2019)

Public consultation was conducted consistent with planning rule requirements in 23 CFR 450.

Title 23 CFR Section 450.324 and 310 CMR 60.03(6)(h) requires that the development of the TIP, RTP, and related certification documents provide an adequate opportunity for public review and comment. Section 450.316(b) also establishes the outline for MPO public participation programs. The Montachusett MPO's Public Participation Plan was formally adopted in 20017. The Public Participation Plan ensures that the public will have access to the Montachusett TIP/RTP and all supporting documentation, provides for public notification of the availability of the Montachusett TIP/RTP and the public's right to review the document and comment thereon, and provides a 21-day public review and comment period prior to the adoption of the Montachusett TIP/RTP and related certification documents.

The public comment period for this conformity determination commenced on April 26, 2021. During the 21-day public comment period, any comments received were incorporated into this Plan. This allowed ample opportunity for public comment and MPO review of the draft document. The public comment period will close on May 17, 2021 and subsequently, the Montachusett MPO endorsed this air quality conformity determination on May 19, 2021. These procedures comply with

the associated federal requirements.

Timely Implementation of Transportation Control Measures:

Transportation Control Measures (TCMs) have been required in the SIP in revisions submitted to EPA in 1979 and 1982. All SIP TCMs have been accomplished through construction or through implementation of ongoing programs. All of the projects have been included in the Region's Transportation Plan (present or past) as recommended projects or projects requiring further study.

Fiscal Constraint:

Transportation conformity requirements in 40 CFR 93.108 state that TIPs and transportation plans and must be fiscally constrained consistent with DOT's metropolitan planning regulations at 23 CFR part 450. The Montachusett Region 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program and 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plan are fiscally constrained, as demonstrated in this document.

In summary and based upon the entire process described above, the Montachusett MPO has prepared this conformity determination for the 1997 Ozone NAAQS in accordance with EPA's and Massachusetts' latest conformity regulations and guidance. This conformity determination process demonstrates that the FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program and the 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plan meet the Clean Air Act and Transportation Conformity Rule requirements for the 1997 Ozone NAAQS, and have been prepared following all the guidelines and requirements of these rules during this time period.

Therefore, the implementation of the Montachusett MPO's FFY 2022-2026 Transportation Improvement Program and the 2020-2040 Regional Transportation Plan are consistent with the air quality goals of, and in conformity with, the Massachusetts State Implementation Plan.

TRANSPORTATION AND TRANSIT PROJECT PRIORITIES: FEDERAL & STATE SECTIONS

Please note that the projects listed represent the best available information at the time of compilation. Actual implementation is subject to right of way, design, land taking, local action and/or other issues that could delay project time frames and subsequently advertising and award dates.

In addition, federal guidance requires that the TIP reflect Year of Expenditure (YOE) dollars for projects and programs. To accommodate this requirement, individual project cost estimates provided by MassDOT have been adjusted by a four percent per year inflation factor depending upon its year of placement in the TIP (for this TIP, Federal Years 2023, 2024, 2025 and 2026). Year 1 cost estimates remain as provided but projects in Year 2, 3, 4 or 5 (i.e. FFY 2023, 2024, 2025 or 2026) have been increased by a YOE factor of 4%, 8%, 12% or 16%, respectively.

This page left blank



																STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
Year	MassDOT Project ID	MPO	Municipality	MassDOT Project Description	District	Funding Source	Adjusted TFPC	Total Programmed Funds	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	MPO Project Score	Entity Receiving Transfer	PSAC Score	Earmark Details	Proponent	Other Information
Federal F	iscal Year 202	22						\$31,185,003	\$25,428,254	\$5,756,749						
Section 1	A / Regionally	Prioritized Proje	cts					\$10,989,089	\$9,021,183	\$1,967,906						
Intersecti	on Improveme	nts						\$5,747,806	\$4,828,157	\$919,649						
2022	608779	Montachusett	Lancaster	LANCASTER- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT LUNENBURG ROAD AND ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT MAIN STREET	3	CMAQ	\$5,747,806	\$2,299,122	\$1,839,298	\$459,824	31		54		Town of Lancaster	
2022	608779	Montachusett	Lancaster	LANCASTER- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT LUNENBURG ROAD AND ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT MAIN STREET	3	HSIP	\$5,747,806	\$2,299,122	\$2,069,210	\$229,912	31		54		Town of Lancaster	
2022	608779	Montachusett	Lancaster	LANCASTER- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT LUNENBURG ROAD AND ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT MAIN STREET	3	STBG	\$5,747,806	\$1,149,562	\$919,650	\$229,912	31		54		Town of Lancaster	
Roadway	Reconstruction	n						\$5,241,283	\$4,193,026	\$1,048,257						
,	608793	Montachusett	Hubbardston	HUBBARDSTON- HIGHWAY RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 68 (MAIN STREET), FROM 1,000 FT NORTH OF WILLIAMSVILLE ROAD TO ELM STREET	3	STBG	\$5,241,283		\$4,193,026	\$1,048,257	25		39		Town of Hubbardston	
Section 2	A / State Prior	ritized Reliability I	Projects					\$14,084,993	\$11,267,994	\$2,816,999						
Bridge O	ff-system							\$5,356,482	\$4,285,186	\$1,071,296						
2022	605296	Montachusett	Fitchburg	FITCHBURG- BRIDGE PRESERVATION, F-04-011, CIRCLE STREET OVER NORTH NASHUA RIVER	3	STBG-BR-Off	\$3,305,891	\$3,305,891	\$2,644,713	\$661,178					MassDOT	
2022	608850	Montachusett	Petersham	PETERSHAM- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, P-08-002, GLEN VALLEY ROAD OVER EAST BRANCH OF SWIFT RIVER	2	STBG-BR-Off	\$2,050,591	\$2,050,591	\$1,640,473	\$410,118					MassDOT	
Non-Inter	state Pavemer	nt						\$8,728,511	\$6,982,809	\$1,745,702						
2022	610729	Montachusett	Multiple	GARDNER- WESTMINSTER- PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	3	NHPP	\$8,728,511	\$8,728,511	\$6,982,809	\$1,745,702					MassDOT	
Section 2	B / State Prior	ritized Moderniza	tion Projects					\$6,110,921	\$5,139,077	\$971,844						
Intersecti	on Improveme	nts						\$2,503,398	\$2,253,058	\$250,340						
2022	609314	Montachusett	Ashby	ASHBY- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT GREENVILLE ROAD (ROUTE 31) AND TURNPIKE ROAD	3	HSIP	\$2,503,398	\$2,503,398	\$2,253,058	\$250,340			26		MassDOT	
Roadway	Reconstructio	n						\$3,607,523	\$2,886,018	\$721,505						
	609529	Montachusett	Leominster	IMPROVEMENTS (SRTS)	3	TAP	\$2,232,523		\$1,786,018	\$446,505					City of Leominster	
2022	610672	Montachusett	Gardner	GARDNER- ELM STREET RESURFACING AND SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS - SRTS	3	TAP	\$1,375,000	\$1,375,000	\$1,100,000	\$275,000			40.5		City of Gardner	



																STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
Year	MassDOT Project ID	MPO	Municipality	MassDOT Project Description	District	Funding Source	Adjusted TFPC	Total Programmed Funds	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	MPO Project Score	Entity Receiving Transfer	PSAC Score	Earmark Details	Proponent	Other Information
Federal F	iscal Year 202	23						\$12,654,125	\$10,123,300	\$2,530,825						
Section 1	A / Regionally	Prioritized Proje	ects					\$10,961,234	\$8,768,987	\$2,192,247						
Roadway	Reconstruction	n						\$9,241,785	\$7,393,428	\$1,848,357						
2023	607432	Montachusett	Westminster	WESTMINSTER- REHABILITATION & BOX WIDENING ON ROUTE 140, FROM PATRICIA ROAD TO THE PRINCETON T.L.	3	STBG	\$6,630,213	\$6,630,213	\$5,304,170	\$1,326,043	33		33		Town of Westminster	
2023	609279	Montachusett	Gardner	GARDNER- ROUNDABOUT CONSTRUCTION AT ELM STREET, PEARL STREET, CENTRAL STREET AND GREEN STREET		STBG	\$2,611,572	\$2,611,572	\$2,089,258	\$522,314	25		43		City of Gardner	
Intersecti	on Improveme	nts						\$1,719,449	\$1,375,559	\$343,890						
2023	608784	Montachusett	Templeton	TEMPLETON- ROUNDABOUT CONSTRUCTION AT THE INTERSECTION OF PATRIOTS ROAD, SOUTH MAIN STREET, NORTH MAIN STREET AND GARDNER ROAD		STBG	\$1,719,449	\$1,719,449	\$1,375,559	\$343,890	25		38.5		MassDOT	
Section 2	A / State Prior	itized Reliability	Projects					\$1,692,891	\$1,354,313	\$338,578						
Bridge O	f-system							\$1,692,891	\$1,354,313	\$338,578						
2023	609187	Montachusett	Hubbardston	HUBBARDSTON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, H-24- 003, WILLIAMSVILLE ROAD OVER THE BURNSHIRT RIVER	3	STBG-BR-Off	\$1,692,891	\$1,692,891	\$1,354,313	\$338,578					MassDOT	



																STIP: 2022 - 2026
Year	MassDOT Project ID	MPO	Municipality	MassDOT Project Description	District	Funding Source	Adjusted TFPC	Total Programmed Funds	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	MPO Project Score	Entity Receiving Transfer	PSAC Score	Earmark Details	Proponent	Other Information
Federal Fi	iscal Year 202	24						\$62,686,107	\$50,240,086	\$12,446,021						
Section 1/	A / Regionally	Prioritized Proje	ects					\$11,400,000	\$9,211,200	\$2,188,800						
Roadway	Reconstruction	n						\$11,400,000	\$9,211,200	\$2,188,800						
2024	604499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	HSIP	\$14,345,666	\$912,000	\$820,800	\$91,200	38		55.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2024	604499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	STBG	\$14,345,666	\$10,374,000	\$8,299,200	\$2,074,800	38		55.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2024	604499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	TAP	\$14,345,666	\$114,000	\$91,200	\$22,800	38		55.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
Section 2	A / State Prior	itized Reliability	Projects					\$39,943,071	\$31,954,457	\$7,988,614						
Bridge On	-system NHS							\$21,966,319	\$17,573,055	\$4,393,264						
2024	608189	Montachusett	Fitchburg	FITCHBURG- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT AND RELATED WORK, F-04-017, WATER STREET (STATE 2A) OVER BOULDER DRIVE AND PANAM RAILROAD & F-04-018, WATER STREET (ROUTE 12) OVER NORTH NASHUA RIVER	3	NHPP	\$21,966,319	\$21,966,319	\$17,573,055	\$4,393,264					MassDOT	
Non-Inters	state Pavemer	nt						\$17,976,752	\$14,381,402	\$3,595,350						
2024	609107	Montachusett	Multiple	PHILLIPSTON- TEMPLETON- PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	2	NHPP	\$10,477,545	\$10,477,544	\$8,382,035	\$2,095,509					MassDOT	
2024	610730	Montachusett	Multiple	WESTMINSTER- FITCHBURG- PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	3	NHPP	\$7,499,208	\$7,499,208	\$5,999,366	\$1,499,842					MassDOT	
Section 20	C / State Prior	ritized Expansion	Projects					\$11,343,036	\$9,074,429	\$2,268,607						
Bicycle ar	nd Pedestrian							\$11,343,036	\$9,074,429	\$2,268,607						
2024	609411	Montachusett	Multiple	FITCHBURG- LEOMINSTER- TWIN CITIES RAIL TRAIL CONSTRUCTION (PHASE II)	3	CMAQ	\$11,343,036	\$11,343,036	\$9,074,429	\$2,268,607					Cities of Fitchburg and Leominster	



																STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
Year	MassDOT Project ID	MPO	Municipality	MassDOT Project Description	District	Funding Source	Adjusted TFPC	Total Programmed Funds	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	MPO Project Score		PSAC Score	Earmark Details	Proponent	Other Information
Federal I	Fiscal Year 202	25						\$11,183,187	\$8,959,350	\$2,223,837						
Section '	1A / Regionally	Prioritized Proje	ects					\$11,183,187	\$8,959,350	\$2,223,837						
Roadway	Reconstruction	on						\$11,183,187	\$8,959,350	\$2,223,837						
2025	604499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	HSIP	\$14,345,666	\$128,000	\$115,200	\$12,800	38	55	5.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2025	604499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	STBG	\$14,345,666	\$1,456,000	\$1,164,800	\$291,200	38	55	5.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2025	604499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	TAP	\$14,345,666	\$16,000	\$12,800	\$3,200	38	55	5.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2025	609244	Montachusett	Ashburnham	ASHBURNHAM- ROADWAY REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 101 SOUTH	3	STBG	\$9,583,187	\$9,583,187	\$7,666,550	\$1,916,637	25	3	7.5		Town of Ashburnham	



																STIP: 2022 - 2026 (
Year	MassDOT Project ID	MPO	Municipality	MassDOT Project Description	District	Funding Source	Adjusted TFPC	Total Programmed Funds	Federal Funds	Non-Federal Funds	MPO Project Score	Entity Receiving Transfer	PSAC Score	Earmark Details	Proponent	Other Information
ederal Fis	cal Year 2026	6						\$28,562,584	\$22,860,833	\$5,701,752						
ection 1A	/ Regionally I	Prioritized Proje	cts					\$10,863,274	\$8,701,385	\$2,161,890						
oadway F	teconstruction	า						\$8,363,274	\$6,701,385	\$1,661,890						
2026 6	04499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	HSIP	\$14,345,666	\$107,653	\$96,888	\$10,765	38		55.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2026 6	04499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	STBG	\$14,345,666	\$1,224,555	\$979,644	\$244,911	38		55.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2026 6	04499	Montachusett	Leominster	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08- 022	3	TAP	\$14,345,666	\$13,458	\$10,766	\$2,692	38		55.5		MassDOT	Project is advance constructed over three years (FFY 2024-2026).
2026 6	08424	Montachusett	Templeton	TEMPLETON- RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 68, FROM KING PHILLIP TRAIL (ROUTE 202) NORTH TO THE PHILLIPSTON TOWN LINE (2.65 MILES)	2	STBG	\$7,017,608	\$7,017,608	\$5,614,086	\$1,403,522	18				Town of Templeton	
oadway li	mprovements							\$2,500,000	\$2,000,000	\$500,000						
2026 6	09213	Montachusett	Harvard	HARVARD- RESURFACING AND BOX WIDENING ON AYER ROAD, FROM ROUTE 2 TO THE AYER TOWN LINE	3	STBG	\$11,758,738	\$2,500,000	\$2,000,000	\$500,000	35				Harvard	Project is advance constructed between FF 2026 and FFY 2027.
		tized Reliability	Projects					\$12,166,093	\$9,732,874	\$2,433,219						
	ate Pavement							\$12,166,093	1-1 - 1-	\$2,433,219						
2026 6			Multiple	FITCHBURG - LEOMINSTER - LANCASTER - PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	3	NHPP	\$12,166,093	\$12,166,093	,,,,,,	\$2,433,219					MassDOT	
		tized Expansion	Projects					\$5,533,217		\$1,106,643						
	d Pedestrian							\$5,533,217		\$1,106,643						
2026 6	09108	Montachusett	Gardner	GARDNER- BIKE PATH BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, NORTH CENTRAL PATHWAY OVER ROUTE 140	3	STBG	\$5,533,217	\$5,533,217	\$4,426,574	\$1,106,643			21		City of Gardne	г

FFY 2022 Transit Element

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2022)

ETA Pro	gram Project Number	Transit Agency	FTA Activity Line Item	Project Description	Carryover	Federal Funds	State Funds	TDC 10	cal Eunde	Total Cost
5307	gram Project Number	Halisit Agency	Line Item	Project Description	(unobligateu)	reueral rullus	State Fullus	TDC LO	cai Fullus	Total Cos
3307	5307 RTD0009933	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114220	MART-Upgrade IT Related Support Equipment		\$96,000	\$24,000	\$0	\$0	\$120,000
	5307 RTD0010080	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113220	MART-Multiple Locations: Spare sewer pumps		\$9,000	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$11,250
	5307 RTD0010092	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117102	MART-Multiple Locations: A&E Surveys & Design		\$12,000	\$3,000	\$0	\$0	\$15,000
	5307 RTD0009942	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	119401	MART-Rehab Historic Transit Bldg-Athol Depot		\$240,000	\$60,000	\$0	\$0	\$300,000
	5307 RTD0010081	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117109	MART Fleet Maintenance-5 Allison B400R Transmissions		\$40,000	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$50,000
	5307 RTD0009931	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	119202	MART- Multiple Locations: Buy Bus Shelters		\$16,000	\$4,000	\$0	\$0	\$20,000
	5307 RTD0010087	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114403	MART-Keys and Access Control - Water St, Fitchburg		\$48,000	\$12,000	\$0	\$0	\$60,000
	5307 RTD0009934	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114401	MART-Rehab Leominster Admin/Storage Facility		\$200,000	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	\$250,000
	5307 RTD0009963	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111204	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Size D Low-floor Cutaways (2)		\$212,000	\$53,000	\$0	\$0	\$265,000
	5307 RTD0010093	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113403	MART-Rehab Fitchburg Intermodal Center		\$120,000	\$30,000	\$0	\$0	\$150,000
	5307 RTD0010079	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114403	MART-Rehab Maintenance Bays - Water St, Fitchburg		\$80,000	\$20,000	\$0	\$0	\$100,000
	5307 RTD0010082	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117109	MART Fleet Maintenance-5 Ford Transmissions		\$32,000	\$8,000	\$0	\$0	\$40,000
	5307 RTD0009949	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113403	MART-Rehab Fitchburg Intermodal Center		\$600,000	\$150,000	\$0	\$0	\$750,000
	5307 RTD0009932	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111215	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Cutaways (5)		\$282,000	\$70,500	\$0	\$0	\$352,500
	5307 RTD0010088	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111502	MART Fleet Maintenance-Rehab 2013 Buses (2)		\$240,000	\$60,000	\$0	\$0	\$300,000
					Subtotal	\$2,227,000	\$556,750	\$0	\$0	\$2,783,750
5309					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	ćn
5310					Subtotal	ŞU	ŞU	\$U	ŞU	\$0
5310					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5311										
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5337					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5339					- Captotal	Ψ.	Ψ.	Ψ.	Ψ.	<u> </u>
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5320					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Fe	deral									
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other No	on-Federal				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

FFY 2023 Transit Element

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2023)

FTA Program	Project Num <u>ber</u>	Transit Agency	FTA Activity Line Item	Project Description	Carryover (unobligated)	Federal Funds	State Funds	TDC Lo	cal Funds	Total Cost
5307	,	• •		· ·						
5307	RTD0009935	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111215	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Cutaways (5)		\$288,000	\$72,000	\$0	\$0	\$360,000
5307	RTD0009936	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114401	MART-Rehab Fitchburg 150 Main St Administrative Facility		\$80,000	\$20,000	\$0	\$0	\$100,000
5307	RTD0009939	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	300901	MART-50/50 Federal Operating Assistance		\$2,100,000	\$2,100,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,200,000
5307	RTD0009940	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117C00	MART-ADA Operating Assistance		\$300,000	\$75,000	\$0	\$0	\$375,000
5307	RTD0009941	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113404	MART-Rehab Fitchburg & Leominster Parking Garages		\$200,000	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	\$250,000
5307	RTD0009943	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114420	MART-Upgrade IT Related Support Equipment		\$100,000	\$25,000	\$0	\$0	\$125,000
5307	RTD0009950	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114403	MART-Renovate/Expand Fitchburg Facility Parking, Carey St Area	2022 - \$600,000	\$600,000	\$150,000	\$0	\$0	\$750,000
5307	RTD0009951	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113404	MART-Rehab Fitchburg Parking Garage		\$160,000	\$40,000	\$0	\$0	\$200,000
5307	RTD0010083	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117109	MART Fleet Maintenance-5 Ford Transmissions		\$32,000	\$8,000	\$0	\$0	\$40,000
5307	RTD0010089	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111502	MART Fleet Maintenance-Rehab 2013 Buses (2)	2022 - \$240,000	\$240,000	\$60,000	\$0	\$0	\$300,000
5307	RTD0010094	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113407	MART-Fitchburg ITC: Surveillance System Upgrade		\$132,000	\$33,000	\$0	\$0	\$165,000
5307	RTD0010095	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113404	MART- Multiple Locations: Asphalt Sealant		\$25,600	\$6,400	\$0	\$0	\$32,000
5307	RTD0010096	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114401	MART-Keys and Access Control - Main St, Fitchburg		\$60,000	\$15,000	\$0	\$0	\$75,000
					Subtotal	\$4,317,600	\$2,654,400	\$0	\$0	\$6,972,000
5309					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5310					Subtotal	Ψ.		70	- 70	70
3310					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5311					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5337					Subtotal	70	70	70	70	
3337					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5339					6.1	40	40	ćo	do.	ćo.
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5320					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Federal										
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Non-Federa	al				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
					- Junio tui	7.0	70	70	ŢŪ	70

FFY 2024 Transit Element

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2024)

Project List (FY2024)		FTA Activity		Carryover	Federal			Local	
FTA Program Project Number	Transit Agency	Line Item	Project Description	(unobligated)	Funds	State Funds	TDC	Funds	Total Cost
307									
5307 RTD0009944	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117C00	MART-ADA Operating Assistance		\$300,000	\$75,000	\$0	\$0	\$375,000
5307 RTD0009945	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	300901	MART-50/50 Federal Operating Assistance		\$2,100,000	\$2,100,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,200,000
5307 RTD0009946	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111215	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Cutaways (5)		\$294,000	\$73,500	\$0	\$0	\$367,500
5307 RTD0009947	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114420	MART-Upgrade IT Related Support Equipment		\$120,000	\$30,000	\$0	\$0	\$150,000
5307 RTD0009952	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114403	MART-Rehab Fitchburg Admin/Maintenance Facility		\$280,000	\$70,000	\$0	\$0	\$350,000
5307 RTD0009964	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111204	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Size C Low-floor Cutaways (2)		\$180,000	\$45,000	\$0	\$0	\$225,000
5307 RTD0010084	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117109	MART Fleet Maintenance-5 Ford Transmissions		\$32,000	\$8,000	\$0	\$0	\$40,000
5307 RTD0010090	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111502	MART Fleet Maintenance-Rehab 2013 Bus		\$120,000	\$30,000	\$0	\$0	\$150,000
5307 RTD0010097	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	119401	MART-Rehab Historic Transit Bldg-Athol Depot		\$73,600	\$18,400	\$0	\$0	\$92,000
5307 RTD0010366	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111203	MART-Revenue Vehicle Replacements: 30ft Bus		\$380,000	\$95,000	\$0	\$0	\$475,000
				Subtotal	\$3,879,600	\$2,544,900	\$0	\$0	\$6,424,500
09									
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10									
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11									
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
37									
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
39									
5339 RTD0010365	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111203	MART-Revenue Vehicle Replacements: 30ft Bus (2)		\$760,000	\$190,000	\$0	\$0	\$950,000
				Subtotal	\$760,000	\$190,000	\$0	\$0	\$950,000
20									
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
her Federal									
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ther Non-Federal									
				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

FFY 2025 Transit Element

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

Project List (FY2025)

	2130 (1 12023)		FTA Activity		Carryover					
Ť	ram Project Number	Transit Agency	Line Item	Project Description	(unobligated)	Federal Funds	State Funds	TDC I	Local Funds	Total Cost
5307	5307 RTD0009954	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	300901	MART FO/FO Fodoral Operating Assistance		\$2,100,000	\$2,100,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,200,000
	5307 RTD0009954 5307 RTD0009955	· ·	117C00	MART-50/50 Federal Operating Assistance			\$75,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	
	5307 RTD0009955 5307 RTD0009956	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111215	MART-ADA Operating Assistance MART-Vehicle Replacements: Cutaways (5)		\$300,000 \$300,000	\$75,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$375,000 \$375,000
	5307 RTD0009957	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111213	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Size D Low-floor Cutaways (2)		\$220,000	\$55,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$375,000
	5307 RTD0009957	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111204	MART-Upgrade IT Related Support Equipment		\$160,000	\$40,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$273,000
	5307 RTD0009958	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114420	MART-Rehab Leominster Admin/Storage Facility		\$200,000	\$50,000	\$0 \$0		\$250,000
	5307 RTD0009959 5307 RTD0009960	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113404	MART-Rehab Fitchburg Parking Garage		\$160,000	\$40,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$230,000
	5307 RTD0009960 5307 RTD0009961	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113404	MART-Rehab Ayer Parking Garage		\$40,000	\$10,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$50,000
	5307 RTD0009961 5307 RTD0009962	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	113404	MART-Rehab Gardner Maintenance Facility		\$64,000	\$16,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$80,000
	5307 RTD0009962 5307 RTD0010085	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117109	MART Fleet Maintenance-5 Ford Transmissions		\$32,000	\$8,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$40,000
	5307 RTD0010083	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111501	MART Fleet Maintenance-Sehab 2013 Bus		\$140,000	\$35,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$175,000
	5307 RTD0010091 5307 RTD0010098	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111301	MART-Rehab Fitchburg Parking Garage		\$32,000	\$8,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$40,000
	3307 K1D0010038	Workachusett Regional Transit Authority	113404		Subtotal	\$3,748,000	\$2,512,000	\$0	\$0	\$6,260,000
5309						12, 2,222	1 /2 /222			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5310					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5311										
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5337					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	ćo	\$0	ćo
5220					Subtotal	ŞU	ŞU	\$0	ŞU	\$0
5339					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5320										
					Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Fede	eral				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Non	-Federal				Jaseotai	70	70	J U	70	Ų.
	-reaciai				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Funds listed under the Carry Over column are included in the Federal Amount

FFY 2026 Transit Element

Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) Project List (FY2026)

FTA Program Project Number	r Transit Agency	FTA Activity Line Item	Project Description	Carryover (unobligated)	Federal Funds	State Funds	TDC Lo	ocal Funds	Total Cost
5307 RTD0010086	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117109	MART Fleet Maintenance-5 Ford Transmissions		\$32,000	\$8,000	\$0	\$0	\$40,000
5307 RTD0010099	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	111204	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Cutaways (5)		\$306,000	\$76,500	\$0	\$0	\$382,500
5307 RTD0010100	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114220	Replace/Upgrade IT Related Support Equipment		\$80,000	\$20,000	\$0	\$0	\$100,000
5307 RTD0010101	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	300901	MART-50/50 Federal Operating Assistance		\$2,100,000	\$2,100,000	\$0	\$0	\$4,200,000
5307 RTD0010102	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	117C00	MART-ADA Operating Assistance		\$300,000	\$75,000	\$0	\$0	\$375,000
5307 RTD0010103	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114401	MART-Rehab Leominster Admin/Storage Facility		\$320,000	\$80,000	\$0	\$0	\$400,000
5307 RTD0010104	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114403	MART-Rehab Gardner Maintenance Facility		\$240,000	\$60,000	\$0	\$0	\$300,000
5307 RTD0010105	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114402	MART-Rehab Gardner Maintenance Facility		\$200,000	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	\$250,000
5307 RTD0010106	Montachusett Regional Transit Authority	114403	MART-Rehab Fitchburg Admin/Maintenance Facility		\$280,000	\$70,000	\$0	\$0	\$350,000
				Subtotal	\$3,858,000	\$2,539,500	\$0	\$0	\$6,397,500
309				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
3310				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
311				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
337				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
339				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
3320				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Mh P d l				Subtotal	3 U	\$ 0	ŞÜ	ŞU	\$0
Other Federal				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other Non-Federal				Subtotal	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
				Total	\$3,858,000	\$2,539,500	\$0	\$0	\$6,397,500

Funds listed under the Carry Over column are included in the Federal Amount

FFY 2022 - 2026 MONTACHUSETT TIP PROJECT LIST

ADVANCED CONSTRUCTION CONVERSION CHART

LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08-022

TOTAL COST (NOT FEDERAL FUNDS)

File # FUNDING C	ATEGORY	FFY 22	FFY 23	FFY 24	FFY 25	FFY 26	TOTAL
604499 HSIP				\$912,000	\$128,000	\$107,653	\$107,653
STBG				\$10,374,000	\$1,456,000	\$1,224,555	\$1,224,555
TAP				\$114,000	\$16,000	\$13,458	\$13,458
FISCAL YEAR FEDERAL AID TO	ALS:	\$0	\$0	\$11,400,000	\$1,600,000	\$1,345,666	\$14,345,666

NON - FEDERAL AID (TO BE CONVERTED	\$14,345,666			\$14,345,666
TO FED. AID BY A/C CONVERSIONS AS				
SHOWN ABOVE)				

HARVARD- RESURFACING AND BOX WIDENING ON AYER ROAD, FROM ROUTE 2 TO THE AYER TOWN LINE

TOTAL COST (NOT FEDERAL FUNDS)

File # FUNDING CATEGORY	FFY 22	FFY 23	FFY 24	FFY 25	FFY 26	FFY 27	TOTAL
609213 STBG					\$2,500,000	\$9,258,738	\$11,758,738
FISCAL YEAR FEDERAL AID TOTALS:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,500,000	\$9,258,738	\$11,758,738

NON - FEDERAL AID (TO BE CONVERTED	\$11,758,738			\$11,758,738
TO FED. AID BY A/C CONVERSIONS AS				
SHOWN ABOVE)				

APPENDIX A - REGIONAL PRIORITIES FOR WHICH FUNDING HAS NOT BEEN IDENTIFIED

(For Informational Purposes)

Please note that the projects listed represent the best available information at the time of compilation. Actual implementation is subject to right of way, design, land taking, local action and/or other issues that could delay project time frames and subsequently advertising and award date.

MassDOT ID #	Municipality	Description	MassDOT District	TEC	Total Est. Cost
610681	Clinton	CLINTON- RECONSTRUCTION OF STERLING STREET (ROUTE 62), FROM WILLOW/LAWRENCE STREET TO MAIN STREET	3	31	\$3,120,110
608415	Athol	ATHOL- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 2A AND BROOKSIDE ROAD	2	30	\$1,544,720
608723	Athol	ATHOL- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT CRESCENT STREET AND CHESTNUT HILL AVENUE	2	30	\$6,285,786
606640	Ayer	AYER- RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2A (FITCHBURG ROAD & PARK STREET)	3	25	\$2,400,000
608832	Lancaster	LANCASTER- INTERCHANGE IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 2 EXIT 34 (OLD UNION TURNPIKE)	3	23	\$6,060,800
609227	Ayer	AYER- ROADWAY REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 2A/111 (PARK STREET AND MAIN STREET)	3	23	\$4,800,000
608177	Ashby	ASHBY- RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 119 FROM BERNHARDT ROAD TO ROUTE 31	3	21	\$6,727,500
608879	Winchendon	WINCHENDON- RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON MAPLE STREET (ROUTE 202), FROM VINE STREET TO GLENALLEN STREET (1.36 MILES)	2	15	\$1,680,444
607604	Sterling- West Boylston	STERLING- WEST BOYLSTON- IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 140 AT I-190	3	14	\$3,647,110
611989	Athol	Athol - Sidewalk Installation along Templeton Road (Route 2A) 0.9 miles	2	TBD	\$2,340,300

APPENDIX B - MONTACHUSETT MPO TRANSPORTATION EVALUATION CRITERIA

		M	ontachusett Regional Planning Commission	on		
		TRAN	ISPORTATION EVALUATION CRITERIA (version 4.0	(2018))		
Community					Info as of:	
MassDOT Project No.			E	st Cost:		
Design Status						
Est Ad Date						
						Max. Score
Category	Line Ite	em #				66
Condition	1	What is the magnitude	e of impact to the pavement condition? Based on PCI (MRPC)		ſ	0
			Poor to Excellent (4)		(4)	
			Fair to Excellent (3)		(3)	
			Good to Excellent (2)		(2)	
			Excellent to Excellent or No Change (0)		(0)	
	2		of other infrastructure elements, i.e. traffic control devices, roundabout drainage, utilities, etc?	s, other g	eometric design changes,	0
			Traffic Control Devices, Roundabout, other Geometric Changes		(1)	
			Existing Bike/Ped/Sidewalk Upgrades		(1)	
			Drainage (Culverts & Sewers)		(1)	
			Utilities		(1)	
	3	What is the Average D	aily Traffic (ADT) of the Road and/or Intersection		[0
		Rural	Less than 1,000 ADT (1)		(1 to 4)	
			1,001 to 2,000 ADT (2)			
			2,001 to 5,000 ADT (3)			
			Greater than 5,000 ADT (4)			
		Urban	Less than 5,000 ADT (1)		(1 to 4)	
			5,001 to 10,000 ADT (2)			
			10,001 to 15,000 ADT (3)			
			Greater than 15,000 ADT (4)			
					-	
	4	Does the project incor	porate Complete Street concepts?			0
			Yes/NEW Shared Bike/Ped/Vehicle Elements		(1)	<u> </u>
			Yes/New Separate Bike Elements		(1)	
			Yes/New Separate Ped Elements		(1)	

Mobility	5	Does the project n	ave an impact to any known congestion issue?	r		<u> </u>	0
			Roadway Congestion	-	(1)		
			Intersection Congestion	L	(1)		
	6	Does the project h	ave an impact to regional travel time and/or co	onnectivity to the regio	nal roadway network	?	0
			Reduction in Travel Time	_	(1)		
			Improve Network Connectivity		(1)		
	7	Does the project h	ave an impact to any other mode such as transi	it, that utilize the facilit	y?		0
			Transit Service Impact - Fixed Route		(1)		_
			Transit Service Impact - Other		(1)		
	8	Does the project p	romote reductions in SOV (single occupant vel	hicles)?	<u></u>		0
			Park & Ride Lot Construction (0 to 1)		(1)		
			Park & Ride Lot Access (0 to 1)		(1)		
			Transit Facility Access (0 to 1)		(1)		
			Other (0 to 1)		(1)		
Safety	9	Danatha musicata	ddress a known safety issue on a facility that is o	on the Besievis Ten 50/ /	Cuark I a ankiawa liak?		
Salety		Does the project a					
			Yes - Top 1%	_	(5)		0
			Yes - Top 2% to 3%	_	(3)		
			Yes - Top 4% to 5%	L	(1)		
	10	Does the project h	ave an effect on the crash rate and/or the crash	n severity of the facility?	·		
		Crash Rate	Yes		(1)		0
			No		(0)		
		Crash Severity	Yes		(1)		
			No		(0)		
	11	Does the project h	ave an effect on bicycle or pedestrian safety or	the facility?			

Yes

No

12 Is the facility within the state's Top 200 Intersection Locations for Crashes? Yes - Locations 1 to 50

Yes - Locations 51 to 100

Yes - Locations 101 to 200

(1)

(0)

(5)

(3)

(1)

0

0

		_				
Community Effects	13		or change (positive or negative) to residential areas or		ds related to noise, aesthetics, cut-	0
and Support		through traffic, or th	ne development/redevelopment of any housing stock	(?		النبا
			Noise/aesthetics		(-1 to 1)	
			Traffic flow		(-1 to 1)	
			Housing stock		(-1 to 1)	
	14	• •	ve an effect (positive or negative) on any services (i.e. ental Justice populations as defined by either FHWA o		ructure, utilities, jobs, etc.) to	0
		Title VI Populations	Yes		(-1 to 1)	
		EJ Populations	Yes		(-1 to 1)	
	15	Is there support for	the project from local, regional, legislative governme	ents and the ge	neral public?	0
			Local governments		(1)	
			Multiple Local governments		(1)	
			Legislative government		(1)	
			General public		(1)	
	16	Is there active parti	cipation from the community in the MPO, MRPC and I	млтс?		0
			MPO		(1)	
			MRPC		(1)	
	_		МЈТС		(2)	
	-				`` '	
1					-	
					,	
Land Use and	17	• •	or change (positive or negative) to business (commerci	ial and/or indu	strial) areas related to general	О
Economic		access, noise, traffic	, parking, or freight?			
Development			General Access	-	(-1 to +1)	
			Noise/Aesthetics	_	(-1 to +1)	
			Traffic Flow/Parking	_	(-1 to +1)	
			Freight Access		(-1 to +1)	
	18	Is the project in con	formance with local concepts and plans?			0
			Yes		(1)	
	19	If Yes, is the project	specifically identified in the plan?	L		0
			Yes	Γ	(1)	
	20	Does the project ha	ve any effect on job creation or job access?	L	(+)	0
		Job Creation	Yes	Г	(1)	Ů
		Job Creation	163	L	(1)	
		Job Access	Yes		(1)	
	21	Is the project part o emergency facility?	for located on any transportation security or evacuation	on route or pro	ovide access to any major	0
		0,	Local evacuation route		(1)	
			Regional evacuation route		(1)	
			Access to emergency facilities	-	(1)	
				L	ν-,	

-	22	December were east house	and the state of t		Consum University Cons (CUC)		
Environmental Effects	22	emissions?	e an impact (positive or negative) on Air Quality, Climate standards	s and/or	Green House Gas (GHG)	0	
		Positive/Negative/Neg	one		(-1 to 1)		
	23	Does the project have	e an impact (positive or negative) on water quality, supply or wetla	nds?		0	
		Positive/Negative/Neg	one		(-1 to 1)		
	24	Does the project have	e an impact (positive or negative) on historic and/or cultural resou	rces?		0	
		Positive/Negative/Neg	one		(-1 to 1)		
	25	Does the project have	e an impact (positive or negative) on wildlife habitats and/or enda	ngered s	pecies?	0	
		Positive/Negative/No	one		(-1 to 1)		
	26	Is the Resiliency of th	e facility improved or hindered by the project?			0	
		Positive/Negative/Neg	one		(-1 to 1)	_	
					Total TEC Score	0	
					1010111200010	•	

APPENDIX C - 2022 - 2026 TIP GREENHOUSE GAS MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Introduction

This section summarizes the greenhouse gas (GHG) impacts anticipated to result from the projects that are included in this FFY 2022 – 2026 TIP. It includes a summary of the state laws and policies that call for reducing greenhouse gas in order to mitigate global climate change; actions that respond to these state laws and policies; the role of regional planning and TIP development in reducing GHG emission and tracking these reductions; and the projected GHG emission impacts from the projects programmed in the TIP.

State policy context

The Global Warming Solutions Act (GWSA), which was signed into law in August 2008, makes Massachusetts a leader in setting aggressive and enforceable GHG reduction targets, and implementing policies and initiatives to achieve these targets. In keeping with the law, on December 29, 2010 the Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs (EOEEA), in consultation with other state agencies and the public, released the Massachusetts Clean Energy and Climate Plan for 2020. In December 2014, DEP issued new regulations that require MPOs to quantify impacts from project investments, track progress towards reductions, and consider impacts in the prioritization of project investments. The targets for overall statewide GHG emissions are:



The role of MPOs

The Commonwealth's MPOs are integrally involved in supporting the GHG reductions mandated under the GWSA. The MPOs are most directly involved in helping to achieve the GHG emissions reductions through the promotion of healthy transportation modes through prioritizing and programming an appropriate balance of roadway, transit, bicycle and pedestrian investments – and assisting smart growth development patterns through the creation of a balanced multi-modal transportation system. This is realized through the transportation goals and policies espoused in the 2016 Regional Transportation Plans (RTPs); the major projects planned in those RTPs; and the mix of new transportation projects that are programmed and implemented through the TIPs. GHG tracking and evaluation processes enable the MPOs to identify anticipated GHG impacts of planned and programmed projects, and also to use GHG impacts as a criterion in prioritizing transportation projects.

Project-level GHG tracking and evaluation in TIPs

It is also important to monitor and evaluate the GHG impacts of the transportation projects that are programmed in the MPOs' TIPs. The TIPs include both the larger, regionally-significant projects from the RTPs, which are reported in the Statewide GHG report, as well as smaller projects that are not included in the RTP but that may nevertheless have impacts on GHG emissions. The primary objective of this tracking is to enable the MPOs to evaluate expected GHG impacts of different projects and to use this information as a criterion for prioritizing and programming projects.

Calculation of GHG Impacts for TIP Projects

MassDOT has adopted spreadsheets used by MPOs to determine CMAQ eligibility and that also include CO2 impacts. The data and analysis required for these calculations is available from functional design reports that are submitted for projects that would produce a measurable GHG impact.

Calculation of GHG Impacts for TIP Projects

The Office of Transportation Planning at MassDOT provided the spreadsheets that are used for determining Congestion Management and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) eligibility. These spreadsheets require the same inputs as the CMAQ calculations and have been adapted to provide CO₂ impacts. The data and analysis required for these calculations is available from functional design reports that should be submitted for projects that would produce a measurable GHG impact.

Projects with Quantified Impacts

- RTP Projects Major capacity expansion projects would be expected to have a significant impact on GHG emissions.
 However, these projects are included in the RTPs and analyzed using the statewide model or Boston regional model,
 which would reflect their GHG impacts. Therefore, no independent TIP calculations are required.
- Quantified Decrease in Emissions Projects that would be expected to produce a measurable decrease in emissions.
 The approach for calculating these impacts is described below. These projects should be categorized in the following manner:
 - Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement An intersection reconstruction or signalization project that is projected to reduce delay and congestion.
 - Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Pedestrian and Bicycle Infrastructure A shared-use path that would enable increased walking and biking and decreased vehicle-miles traveled (VMT).
 - Quantified Decrease in Emissions from New/Additional Transit Service A bus or shuttle service that would enable increased transit ridership and decreased VMT
 - Quantified Decrease in Emissions from a Park and Ride Lot A park-and-ride lot that would enable increased transit ridership/ increased ridesharing and decreased VMT
 - Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement A bus replacement that would directly reduce GHG emissions generated by that bus service.
 - Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Improvements Improvements to roadway networks that include the addition of bicycle and pedestrian accommodations where none were present before.
 - Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Other Improvement
- Quantified Increase in Emissions Projects that would be expected to produce a measurable increase in emissions.

Projects with Assumed Impacts

- No Assumed Impact/Negligible Impact on Emission Projects that do not change the capacity or use of a facility (e.g.
 a resurfacing project that restores a roadway to its previous condition, or a bridge rehabilitation/replacement that
 restores the bridge to its previous condition) would be assumed to have no GHG impact.
- Assumed Nominal Decrease in Emissions Projects that would be expected to produce a minor decrease in emissions that cannot be calculated with any precision. Examples of such projects include roadway repaving or reconstruction projects that add a new sidewalk or new bike lanes. Such a project would enable increased travel by walking or bicycling, but there may be not data or analysis to support any projections of GHG impacts. These projects should be categorized in the following manner:
 - Assumed Nominal Decrease in Emissions from Sidewalk Infrastructure
 - Assumed Nominal Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle Infrastructure
 - Assumed Nominal Decrease in Emissions from Sidewalk and Bicycle Infrastructure
 - Assumed Nominal Decrease in Emissions from Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) and/or Traffic
 Operational Improvements
 - Assumed Nominal Decrease in Emissions from Other Improvements
- Assumed Nominal Increase in Emissions Projects that would be expected to produce a minor increase in emissions that cannot be calculated with any precision.

Regional Greenhouse Gas Impact Summary Tables for FFY 2022 – 2026 TIP

The following tables summarize the calculated quantitative and assumed qualitative impacts of the projects included in the regional FFY 2022 – 2026 TIP.

Highway Projects with GHG Emissions Analysis

2022 Regional Highway Project Tracking

					STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
MassDot Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG Impact Description	GHG CO2 Impact (kg/yr)	Additional Information
FFY 2022					
Montachusett					
605296	FITCHBURG- BRIDGE PRESERVATION, F-04-011, CIRCLE STREET OVER NORTH NASHUA RIVER	Qualitative	No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	0	
608779	LANCASTER- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS ON ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT LUNENBURG ROAD AND ROUTE 117/ROUTE 70 AT MAIN STREET	Quantified	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational	658,914	
608793	HUBBARDSTON- HIGHWAY RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 68 (MAIN STREET), FROM 1,000 FT NORTH OF WILLIAMSVILLE ROAD TO ELM STREET	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
608850	PETERSHAM- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, P-08-002, GLEN VALLEY ROAD OVER EAST BRANCH OF SWIFT RIVER	Qualitative	No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	0	
609314	ASHBY- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT GREENVILLE ROAD (ROUTE 31) AND TURNPIKE ROAD	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	Additional information needed to perform Quantified analysis
609529	LEOMINSTER- VISCOLOID AVENUE IMPROVEMENTS (SRTS)	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
610672	GARDNER- ELM STREET RESURFACING AND SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS - SRTS	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
610729	GARDNER- WESTMINSTER- PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2 $$	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
Montachusett			Total GHG Increase (kg/year)		
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)		
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)		
	2022		Total GHG Increase (kg/year)		
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)		
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	658,914	

2023 Regional Highway Project Tracking

					STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
MassDot Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG Impact Description	GHG CO2 Impact (kg/yr)	Additional Information
Federal Fiscal '	Year 2023				
Montachusett					
607432	WESTMINSTER- REHABILITATION & BOX WIDENING ON ROUTE 140, FROM PATRICIA ROAD TO THE PRINCETON T.L.	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
608784	TEMPLETON- ROUNDABOUT CONSTRUCTION AT THE INTERSECTION OF PATRIOTS ROAD, SOUTH MAIN STREET, NORTH MAIN STREET AND GARDNER ROAD	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
609187	HUBBARDSTON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, H-24-003, WILLIAMSVILLE ROAD OVER THE BURNSHIRT RIVER	Qualitative	No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	0	
609279	GARDNER- ROUNDABOUT CONSTRUCTION AT ELM STREET, PEARL STREET, CENTRAL STREET AND GREEN STREET	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
Montachusett			Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	0	1
	2023		Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	1
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	0	

2024 Regional Highway Project Tracking

					STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
MassDot Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG Impact Description	GHG CO2 Impact (kg/yr)	Additional Information
Federal Fiscal	Year 2024				
Montachusett					
604499	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING REHABILITATION OF L-08-022	Quantified	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	0	Project is advance constructed over three years (2024-2026)
608189	FITCHBURG- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT AND RELATED WORK, F-04-017, WATER STREET (STATE 2A) OVER BOULDER DRIVE AND PANAM RAILROAD & F-04-018, WATER STREET (ROUTE 12) OVER NORTH NASHUA RIVER	Qualitative	No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	0	
609107	PHILLIPSTON- TEMPLETON- PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
609411	FITCHBURG- LEOMINSTER- TWIN CITIES RAIL TRAIL CONSTRUCTION (PHASE II)	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	Quantified decrease of 407,831 CO2 kg/yr reflected in Phase I
610730	WESTMINSTER- FITCHBURG- PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
Montachusett			Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	0	
	2024		Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	0	ta di Para di

2025 Regional Highway Project Tracking

					STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
MassDot Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG Impact Description	GHG CO2 Impact (kg/yr)	Additional Information
Federal Fiscal Y	'ear 2025				
Montachusett					
604499	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING	Quantified	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	0	Project is advance constructed over three years (2024-2026)
609244	ASHBURNHAM- ROADWAY REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 101 SOUTH	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
Montachusett			Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	0	
	2025		Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	0	

2026 Regional Highway Project Tracking

					STIP: 2022 - 2026 (D)
MassDot Project ID	MassDOT Project Description	GHG Analysis Type	GHG Impact Description	GHG CO2 Impact (kg/yr)	Additional Information
Federal Fiscal	Year 2026				
Montachusett					
604499	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING	Quantified	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Complete Streets Project	41,989	Project is advance constructed over three years (2024-2026)
608424	TEMPLETON- RECONSTRUCTION OF ROUTE 68, FROM KING PHILLIP TRAIL (ROUTE 202) NORTH TO THE PHILLIPSTON TOWN LINE (2.65 MILES)	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
609108	GARDNER- BIKE PATH BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, NORTH CENTRAL PATHWAY OVER ROUTE 140	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
609213	HARVARD- RESURFACING AND BOX WIDENING ON AYER ROAD, FROM ROUTE 2 TO THE AYER TOWN LINE	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	Additional information needed to perform Quantified analysis for Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure
610731	FITCHBURG - LEOMINSTER - LANCASTER - PAVEMENT PRESERVATION AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	Qualitative	Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	0	
Montachusett			Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	41,989	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	41,989	
	2026		Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	41,989	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year)	0	
			Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	41,989	
2022 - 2026			Total GHG Increase (kg/year)	700,903	
			Total GHG Reduction (kg/year) Total GHG Difference (kg/year)	0 700,903	

Transit Projects with GHG Emissions Analysis

2022 Regional Transit Project Tracking

2022 Transit Project GHG Impacts Fiscal Year of Contract Award Total GHG CO₂ Impact MassDOT/FTA MassDOT/FTA Project GHG Analysis Additional (2015 and Programmed Total Project ID ▼ **Description ▼** Funds ▼ Impact Description ▼ Cost ▼ Information ▼ Type ▼ (kg/yr)▼ forward) ▼ MART-Vehicle Quantified Decrease in Emissions

21146.89

from Bus Replacement

from Bus Replacement

Quantified Decrease in Emissions

\$ 265,000

\$ 352,500

2023 Regional Transit Project Tracking

Replacements: Size D

Low-floor Cutaways (2) MART-Vehicle

Replacements: Cutaways

265,000 Quantified

352,500 Quantified

RTD0009963

RTD0009932

2023 Transit Project GHG Impacts Total MassDOT/FTA MassDOT/FTA Project GHG CO₂ Impact **GHG** Fiscal Year of Contract Programmed **GHG Analysis** Additional Total Impact Description ▼ Award (2015 and forward) ▼ Project ID ▼ **Description ▼** Funds ▼ Type ▼ (kg/yr)▼ Cost ▼ Information ▼ MART-Vehicle Quantified Decrease in Emissions RTD0009935 Replacements: Cutaways \$ 360,000 Quantified 16030.425 360,000 from Bus Replacement (5)

2024 Regional Transit Project Tracking

2024 Transit Project GHG Impacts								
MassDOT/FTA Project ID ▼	MassDOT/FTA Project Description ▼	Total Programmed Funds ▼	GHG Analysis Type ▼	GHG CO₂ Impact (kg/yr) ▼	GHG Impact Description ▼	Total Cost ▼	Additional Information ▼	Fiscal Year of Contract Award (2015 and forward) ▼
RTD0009946	Buy Replacement Cutaways (5)	\$ 367,500	Quantified	16030.425	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	\$ 367,500		
RTD0009964	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Size C Low- floor Cutaways (2)	\$ 225,000	Quantified	4958.623	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	\$ 225,000		

2025 Regional Transit Project Tracking

2025 Transit Project GHG Impacts

MassDOT/FTA Project ID ▼		Total Programmed Funds ▼	GHG Analysis Type ▼	GHG CO₂ Impact (kg/yr) ▼	GHG Impact Description ▼	Total Cost ▼	Additional Information ▼	Fiscal Year of Contract Award (2015 and forward) ▼
RTD0009956	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Cutaways (5)	\$ 375,000	Quantified	16030 425	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	\$ 375,000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
RTD0009957	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Size D Low- floor Cutaways (2)	\$ 275,000	Quantified	5409.407	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	\$ 275,000		

2026 Regional Transit Project Tracking

2026 Transit Project GHG Impacts

MassDOT/FTA Project ID ▼	MassDOT/FTA Project Description ▼	Total Programmed Funds ▼	GHG Analysis	GHG CO₂ Impact (kg/yr) ▼	GHG Impact Description ▼		Fiscal Year of Contract Award (2015 and forward) ▼
RTD0010099	MART-Vehicle Replacements: Cutaways (5)	\$ 382,500	Quantified	160030.425	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	\$ 382,500	

Past Years Highway Projects with GHG Emissions Analysis

Montachusett Region Completed Highway Projects GHG							
MassDOT Project ID ▼	MassDOT Project Description ▼	GHG Analysis Type ▼	GHG CO₂ Impact (kg/yr) ▼	GHG Impact Description ▼	Fiscal Year of Contract Award		
607529	WINCHENDON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, W- 39-015, NORTH ROYALSTON RD OVER TARBELL BROOK	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2017		
608250	ROYALSTON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, R- 12-001 (B35), STOCKWELL ROAD OVER LAWRENCE BROOK	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2017		
607475	WINCHENDON- RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 12, FROM MILL STREET/BEGINNING OF STATE HIGHWAY TO NEW HAMPSHIRE STATE LINE	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2017		
608188	GARDNER- LEOMINSTER- STERLING- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS AT 3 LOCATIONS	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2018		
606124	FITCHBURG- LUNENBURG- LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION OF SUMMER STREET AND NORTH STREET	Quantified	8.83	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement	2018		
608179	ROYALSTON- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, R- 12-009, NORTH FITZWILLIAM ROAD OVER LAWRENCE BROOK	Qualitative		No Assumed Impact/Negligible Impact on Emissions	2018		
605094	FITCHBURG- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, F-04- 003, STATE ROUTE 31 OVER PHILLIPS BROOK	Qualitative		No Assumed Impact/Negligible Impact on Emissions	2018		
603513	GARDNER- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, G-01- 008, PLEASANT STREET OVER THE B&M RAILROAD	Qualitative		No Assumed Impact/Negligible Impact on Emissions	2018		
608728	WINCHENDON- RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 202, FROM THE TEMPLETON TOWN LINE TO MAIN STREET (3.1 MILES)	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	2019		
604961	CLINTON- RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 110 (HIGH STREET)	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2019		
607848	HUBBARDSTON - RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 68, FROM WILLIAMSVILLE ROAD TO THE GARDNER C.L.	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2019		
607446	WESTMINSTER- INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS, ROUTE 2A AT ROUTE 140	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	2019		
605651	LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION ON ROUTE 13, FROM HAWES STREET TO PROSPECT STREET	Quantified	138,448	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Traffic Operational Improvement	2020		
607902	AYER- RECLAMATION & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2A, FROM HARVARD ROAD TO MAIN STREET	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2020		
608635	SHIRLEY- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, S-13- 005, CARRYING LONGLEY ROAD OVER THE MULPUS BROOK	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2020		
608639	WESTMINSTER- BRIDGE REPLACEMENT, W-28-010, CARRYING WHITMANVILLE ROAD OVER THE WHITMAN RIVER	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2020		
TBD	ATHOL-PHILLIPSTON - RESURFACING AND RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 2	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2020		
608548	WINCHENDON- IMPROVEMENTS & RELATED WORK ON CENTRAL STREET (ROUTE 202), FROM FRONT STREET TO MAPLE STREET (0.5 MILES)	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	2021		
607431	WESTMINSTER- RESURFACING & RELATED WORK ON ROUTE 140, FROM ROUTE 2A TO PATRICIA ROAD	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	2021		
608888	GARDNER - RECLAMATION AND RELATED WORK ON PEARSON BOULEVARD	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	2021		
608891	GARDNER- RESURFACING AND RUMBLE STRIP INSTALLATION ON ROUTE 140	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	2021		
608657	LUNENBURG- BRIDGE REHABILITATION, L-17- 009, ROUTE 2A OVER PEARL HILL BROOK	Qualitative		No assumed impact/negligible impact on emissions	2021		
608561	LEOMINSTER- IMPROVEMENTS AT ROUTE 12 (NORTH MAIN STREET) AT HAMILTON STREET; ROUTE 12 (NORTH MAIN STREET) AT NELSON STREET	Qualitative		Qualitative Decrease in Emissions	2021		
609411	FITCHBURG- LEOMINSTER- RAIL TRAIL CONSTRUCTION (TWIN CITIES RAIL TRAIL)	Quantified	407,831	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bicycle and Pedestrian Infrastructure	2021		

Past Years Transit Projects with GHG Emissions Analysis

	Mon	tachusett Region Com	pleted ⁻	Transit	Projects GH	G	
FTA Activity Line Item	Transit Agency	Project Description	Total Cost	GHG Analysis Type	GHG CO2 Impact (kg/yr)	GHG Impact Description	Fiscal Year Programmed
111215	Montachusett RPA	BUY REPLACEMENT VANS (5)	\$295,000	Quantified	2,672.19	Quantified Decrease in Emmissions from Bus Replacement	2017
111204	Montachusett RPA	BUY REPLACEMENT <30 FT BUS (2)	\$182,500	Quantified	247.21	Quantified Decrease in Emmissions from Bus Replacement	2017
111215	Montachusett RPA	BUY REPLACEMENT VAN (5)	\$306,250	Quantified	36,511.07	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2018
111215	Montachusett RPA	BUY REPLACEMENT VAN (5)	\$284,000	Quantified	36,512.07	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2019
111204	Montachusett RPA	BUY REPLACEMENT <30 FT BUS (3)	\$360,000	Quantified	24,404.78	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2019
111215	Montachusett RPA	BUY REPLACEMENT VAN (5)	\$290,000	Quantified	33,244.20	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2020
111204	Montachusett RPA	BUY REPLACEMENT <30 FT BUS (3)	\$360,000	Quantified	4,879.10	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2020
111204	Montachusett RPA	Buy Replacement Cutaways (5)	\$375,000	Quantified	28,548.30	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2021
111204	Montachusett RPA	Buy Replacement CDL Mini-buses (3)	\$565,000	Quantified	20,012.55	Quantified Decrease in Emissions from Bus Replacement	2021

EMISSIONS ANALYSIS

CM	AQ	Bus Rep	lacement Air Q	uality Analysis	s Worksheet	
FILL IN SHADED I	зох	ES ONLY				
TIP YEAR:		2022	Bus Replacem	ents		
MPO:	M	ontachus	ett			
RTA:		MART				
RTD0009963; Veh	icle	Replacer	nents: Size D L	ow Floor Cutaw	vays (2)	
Emission Rates in gra	ms/r	mile at assu	med operating spe	ed bin of :	30 MPH	
Scenario Comparis	On.		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO2
oceriario Companis			(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
	-	Model Year	(gramo/mile)	(gramo/mic)	(gramb/mile)	(gramo/mic)
Existing Model*	-	2013	0.008	0.058	2.014	501.185
New Bus Purchase**	_	2013	0.003	0.035	0.593	435.854
* Please contact OTP for	_				0.555	+33.03-
** MOVES 2014a Co					lowina:	
AM or PM:	AM		Restricted or Unrestricted	Restricted		
						I
Change (Buy-Base)	-		-0.005	-0.033	-1.422	-65.331
Calculate fleet vehic	ele m	iles per da	lV:			
Revenue miles	Х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
per year		factor	per year	per year	per day	
40,000		1.15	46,000	250	184	
Calculate emissions	cha	ngo in kilo	arame par elimm	or day		
Calculate emissions	Cita	inge in kilo	grams per summ	ei day		
Change		rate change	/ 1000	X fleet miles	X seasonal	= change/day
-		grams/mile	g/kg	per day	adj factor	in k
Change in Comment	100	0.005	1 000	404	1.0100	0.004
Change in Summer V		-0.005	1,000	184	1.0188	-0.001
Change in Summer N		-0.033	1,000	184	1.0188	-0.006
Change in Winter CC		-1.422	1,000	184	0.9812	-0.257
Change in Summer C		-65.331	1,000	184	1.0000	-12.021
Calculate emissions	cha	inge in kilo	grams per year			
Pollutant				= change/day	X op.days	= change per
				in kg	per year	year in kg
Summer VOC				-0.001	250	-0.254
Summer NOx				-0.006	250	-1.527
Winter CO				-0.257	250	-64.170
Summer CO2				-12.021	250	-3005.226
	tiver	ness (cost	per kg of emissio	ns reduced)		
Calculate cost effec				/ Project Life	/ reduction per	= annual cost
Calculate cost effect			Total Project			
Calculate cost effect			Total Project Cost	in years	year in kg	per kg
			Cost		year in kg 0.254	
Pollutant Summer VOC			Cost \$265,000	in years	0.254	\$87,018
Pollutant			Cost	in years	,	\$87,018 \$14,463

		_	lacement Air Q	uanty Analysi	S AAOL VOLIGAL	
FILL IN SHADED I	30X	ES ONLY				
TIP YEAR:		2022	Bus Replaceme	ents		
MPO:	M	ontachus	ett			
RTA:		MART				
RTD0009932; Veh	icle	Replacer	nents: Cutaway	's (5)		
Emission Rates in gra	ms/r	nile at assu	med operating spe	ed hin of :	30 MPH	
Zimosion nates in gra	111371	Time at assa	med operating spe		30 1711 11	
Scenario Comparis	on		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO2
			(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
		Model Year				
Existing Model*	=	2010	0.029	0.108	3.703	619.740
New Bus Purchase**		2022	0.003	0.025	0.593	435.854
* Please contact OTP fo						
** MOVES 2014a Co	mme	rcial Emiss		se Specify the Fol	lowing:	
AM or PM:	A B 4		Restricted or Unrestricted	Destricted		
ANIOI FIVI.	AM		Officeuricleu	Restricted		
Change (Buy-Base)			-0.026	-0.083	-3.111	-183.886
Calculate fleet vehic	e m	iles per da	ıy:			
Revenue miles	Х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
per year		factor	per year	per year	per day	
100,000		1.15	115,000	250	460	
	<u> </u>			_		
Calculate emissions	s cha	inge in kilo	grams per summ	er day		
01			/			
Change		rate change		X fleet miles	X seasonal	
		grams/mile	g/kg	per day	adj factor	in kg
Change in Summer V		-0.026	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.012
Change in Summer N		-0.083	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.039
Change in Winter CC		-3.111	1,000	460	0.9812	-1.404
Change in Summer C	:02	-183.886	1,000	460	1.0000	-84.588
Calculate emissions	cha	inge in kilo	grams per year			
				. ,.		
Pollutant	-			= change/day	X op.days	
	-			in kg	per year	year in kg
Summer VOC				-0.012	250	-3.027
Summer NOx				-0.039	250	-9.705
Winter CO				-1.404	250	-350.999
Summer CO2				-84.588	250	-21146.890
			_			;5:550
Calculate cost effec	tiver	ness (cost	per kg of emissio	ns reduced)		
	_		Total Project	/ Project Life	/ reduction per	= applied acco
Pollutant			i otal Project			
Pollutant			Cost	in vears	vear in ko	ner vo
Pollutant			Cost	in years	year in kg	
Pollutant Summer VOC			Cost \$352,500	in years	year in kg 3.027	
			\$352,500 \$352,500		3.027 9.705	\$9,704 \$3,027
Summer VOC			\$352,500	12	3.027 9.705 350.999	\$9,704 \$3,027

FILL IN CUADED	201	EC CNI Y				
FILL IN SHADED E	SUX			_		
TIP YEAR:		2023	Bus Replacem	ents		
MPO:	M	ontachus	ett			
RTA:		MART				
RTD0009935; Veh	icle	Replacer	nents: Cutaway	rs (5)		
Emission Rates in gra	ms/r	nile at assu	med operating spe	ed bin of :	30 MPH	
Scenario Compariso	on		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO
•			(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
		Model Year				
Existing Model*	=	2010	0.017	0.093	3.036	575.24
New Bus Purchase**	=	2023	0.003	0.025	0.593	435.85
* Please contact OTP fo						
** MOVES 2014a Co AM or PM:	AM		sion Factors - Pleas Restricted or Unrestricted	se Specify the Foll	owing:	
Change (Buy-Base)			-0.014	-0.068	-2.443	-139.39
Calculate fleet vehic	le m	illes per da	ıy:			
Revenue miles	Х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
per year		factor	per year	per year	per day	
100,000		1.15	115,000	250	460	
0-11-4						
Calculate emissions	cna	inge in Kilo	grams per summ	er day		
Change		rate change	/ 1000	X fleet miles	X seasonal	= change/da
_		grams/mile	g/kg	per day	adj factor	in k
Change in Summer V		-0.014	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.00
Change in Summer N		-0.068	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.03
Change in Winter CC		-2.443	1,000	460	0.9812	-1.10
Change in Summer C		-139.395	1,000	460	1.0000	-64.12
Calculate emissions	cha	inge in kilo	grams per year			
Pollutant				= change/day	X op.days	= change pe
				in kg	per year	
Summer VOC				0.000	250	1 (2)
Summer NOv				-0.006 -0.032	250 250	-1.623 -7.913
Summer NOx Winter CO				-0.032	250	-7.91.
Summer CO2				-64.122	250	-16030.42
Calculate cost effec	tivor	noss (cost	nor ka of omissio		230	10030.12.
Calculate COSt effec	uver	TSOJ) ecsi	per ky or emissio	ris reduced)		
Pollutant			Total Project	/ Project Life	/ reduction per	= annual cos
			Cost	in years	year in kg	per k
Summer VOC			\$360,000	12	1.623	\$18,479
Summer NOx			\$360,000	12	7.912	
						, , ,
Winter CO			\$360,000	12	275.719	\$109

FILL IN CUADED	201	TO ON! 1				
FILL IN SHADED E	зох					
TIP YEAR:		2024	Bus Replacem	ents		
MPO:	M	ontachus	ett			
RTA:		MART				
RTD0009946; Veh	icle	Replacer	nents: Cutaway	rs (5)		
Emission Rates in gra	ms/r	nile at assu	med operating spe	ed bin of :	30 MPH	
Scenario Compariso	on		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO2
			(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
		Model Year				
Existing Model*	=	2010	0.017	0.093	3.036	575.249
New Bus Purchase**		2024	0.003	0.025	0.593	435.854
* Please contact OTP fo						
** MOVES 2014a Co AM or PM:	AM		ion Factors - Pleas Restricted or Unrestricted	se Specify the Foll	owing:	
Change (Buy-Base)			-0.014	-0.068	-2.443	-139.395
Calculate fleet vehic	le m	niles per da	y:			
Revenue miles	Х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
per year		factor	per year	per year	per day	
100,000		1.15	115,000	250	460	
·			·		400	
Calculate emissions	cha	inge in kilo	grams per summ	er day		
Change		rate change	/ 1000	X fleet miles	X seasonal	= change/day
		grams/mile		per day	adj factor	
Change in Summer V	OC	-0.014	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.006
Change in Summer N	Юx	-0.068	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.032
Change in Winter CC)	-2.443	1,000	460	0.9812	-1.10
Change in Summer C	02	-139.395	1,000	460	1.0000	-64.122
Calculate emissions	cha	inge in kilo	grams per year			
Pollutant				= change/day	X op.days	= change pe
				in kg	per year	
6 1/00						
Summer VOC				-0.006	250	-1.623
Summer NOx				-0.032	250	-7.912
Winter CO Summer CO2				-1.103 -64.122	250 250	-275.719 -16030.425
					230	-10030.423
Calculate cost effec	tiver	ness (cost	per kg of emissio	ns reduced)		
Pollutant			Total Project	/ Project Life	/ reduction per	= annual cos
			Cost	in years	year in kg	
Summer VOC			\$367,500	12	1.623	\$18,864
Summer NOx			\$367,500	12	7.912	
		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Winter CO			\$367,500	12	275.719	\$111

	_	accinent Air G	duity Alalysis	s Worksheet	
30X	ES ONLY				
	2024	Bus Replaceme	ents		
M	ontachus	ett			
	MART				
icle	Replacer	nents: Size C L	ow Floor Cutaw	ays (2)	
ms/r	nile at assu	med operating spe	ed bin of :	30 MPH	
on		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO2
		(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
	Model Year				
=	2014	0.008	0.058	2.014	501.185
=	2024	0.003	0.025	0.593	435.854
AM	ercial Emiss	ion Factors - Pleas Restricted or Unrestricted	se Specify the Foll	owing:	
		-0.005	-0.033	-1.422	-65.331
le m	iles per da	y:			
Х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
	factor	per year	per year	per day	
	1.15	75,900	250	304	
cha	nge in kilo	grams per summ	er day		
	rate change	/ 1000		X seasonal	<u> </u>
	grams/mile	g/kg	per day	adj factor	in k
OC	-0.005	1,000	304	1.0188	-0.002
Юx	-0.033	1,000	304	1.0188	-0.010
)	-1.422	1,000	304	0.9812	-0.424
02	-65.331	1,000	304	1.0000	-19.834
cha	nge in kilo	grams per year			
			= change/day	X op.days	= change per
			in kg	per year	
			-0.002	250	-0.419
			-0.002 -0.010	250 250	-0.419 -2.519
			-0.002	250	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881
tiver	ness (cost	per kg of emissio	-0.002 -0.010 -0.424 -19.834	250 250 250	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881
tiver	ness (cost		-0.002 -0.010 -0.424 -19.834 ns reduced)	250 250 250 250 250	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881 -4958.623
tiver	ness (cost	Total Project	-0.002 -0.010 -0.424 -19.834 Ins reduced)	250 250 250 250 250	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881 -4958.623
tiver	ness (cost		-0.002 -0.010 -0.424 -19.834 ns reduced)	250 250 250 250 250	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881 -4958.623 = annual cost
tiver	ness (cost	Total Project	-0.002 -0.010 -0.424 -19.834 Ins reduced)	250 250 250 250 250	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881 -4958.623 = annual cost
tiver	ness (cost	Total Project Cost \$225,000 \$225,000	-0.002 -0.010 -0.424 -19.834 Ins reduced) / Project Life in years	250 250 250 250 250 / reduction per year in kg 0.419 2.519	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881 -4958.623 = annual cost per kg \$44,778 \$7,442
tiver	ness (cost	Total Project Cost \$225,000	-0.002 -0.010 -0.424 -19.834 rns reduced) / Project Life in years	250 250 250 250 250 / reduction per year in kg	-0.419 -2.519 -105.881 -4958.623 = annual cost per kg \$44,778 \$7,442
	ms/r icle ms/r on = = or ass mme X chain COC OX O2	Montachuse MART icle Replacer ms/mile at assu Model Year = 2014 = 2024 or assistance on Emmercial Emiss AM X Deadhead factor 1.15 change in kilo rate change grams/mile OC -0.005 OX -0.033 O -1.422 O2 -65.331	Montachusett MART icle Replacements: Size C L ms/mile at assumed operating spe on Summer VOC	Montachusett MART icle Replacements: Size C Low Floor Cutaw ms/mile at assumed operating speed bin of : on Summer VOC Summer NOx	## Montachusett MART

			lacement Air Q			
FILL IN SHADED E	зох	ES ONLY				
TIP YEAR:		2025	Bus Replaceme	ents		
MPO:	M	ontachus	ett			
RTA:		MART				
RTD0009957; Veh	icle	Replacer	nents: Size D L	ow Floor Cutaw	vays (2)	
Emission Rates in gra	ms/r	nile at assu	med operating spe	ed bin of :	30 MPH	
Scenario Compariso	on		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO2
•			(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
		Model Year	,	,	,	,
Existing Model*	=	2015	0.008	0.058	2.014	501.185
New Bus Purchase**	=	2025	0.003	0.025	0.593	435.854
* Please contact OTP fo						
** MOVES 2014a Co AM or PM:	AM	ercial Emiss	ion Factors - Pleas Restricted or Unrestricted	se Specify the Fol	lowing:	
Change (Buy-Base)			-0.005	-0.033	-1.422	-65.331
3 (, , ,						
Calculate fleet vehic	le m	iles per da	y:			
Revenue miles	Х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
per year		factor	per year	per year	per day	
72,000		1.15	82,800	250	331	
·						
Calculate emissions	cna	inge in Kilo	grams per summ	er day		
Change		rate change	/ 1000	X fleet miles	X seasonal	= change/day
<u> </u>		grams/mile	g/kg	per day	adj factor	in k
Change in Summer V	OC	-0.005	1,000	331	1.0188	-0.002
Change in Summer N	Ох	-0.033	1,000	331	1.0188	-0.011
Change in Winter CC)	-1.422	1,000	331	0.9812	-0.462
Change in Summer C	02	-65.331	1,000	331	1.0000	-21.638
Calculate emissions	cha	inge in kilo	grams per year			
Pollutant				= change/day	X op.days	= change per
				in kg	per year	0 1
6 1/00						
Summer VOC				-0.002	250	-0.457
Summer NOx				-0.011	250	-2.748
Winter CO Summer CO2				-0.462 -21.638	250 250	-115.507 -5409.407
Calculate cost effec	tiver	ness (cost	ner ka of emissio		230	3 103. 107
		.500 (0031	-5. Ng 01 011113310			
Pollutant			Total Project	/ Project Life	/ reduction per	= annual cos
			Cost	in years	year in kg	per k
Summer VOC			\$275,000	12	0.457	\$50,168
Summer NOx			\$275,000	12	2.748	
			,,			+-,
Winter CO			\$275,000	12	115.507	\$198

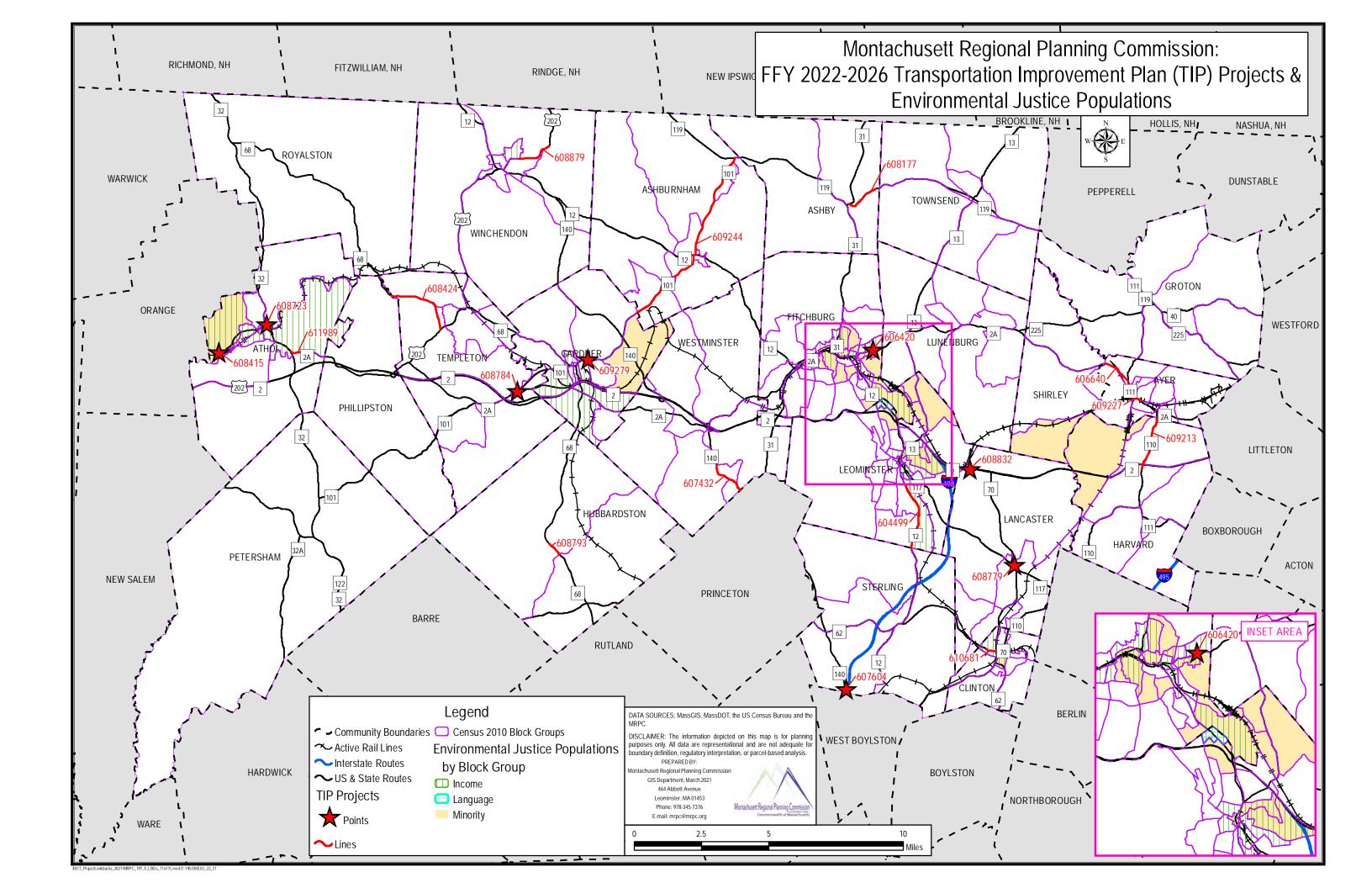
		_		, ,	s Worksheet	
FILL IN SHADED E	зох	ES ONLY				
TIP YEAR:		2025	Bus Replaceme	ents		
MPO:	M	ontachus	ett			
RTA:		MART				
RTD0009956; Veh	icle	Replacer	nents: Cutaway	rs (5)		
Emission Rates in gra	ms/r	nile at assu	med operating spe	ed bin of :	30 MPH	
Scenario Compariso	n n		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO2
occinario compario			(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
		Model Year	(9:)	(9:)	(9:: 1	(9:
Existing Model*	=	2011	0.017	0.093	3.036	575.249
New Bus Purchase**	=	2025	0.003	0.025	0.593	
* Please contact OTP fo	or ass	sistance on E	Existing Model emissi	on factors		
** MOVES 2014a Co AM or PM:	AM	ercial Emiss	ion Factors - Pleas Restricted or Unrestricted	se Specify the Foll	lowing:	
Change (Buy-Base)			-0.014	-0.068	-2.443	-139.395
Calculate fleet vehic	le m	iles per da	y:			
Revenue miles	Х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
per year		factor	per year	per year	per day	
				272		
100,000		1.15	115,000	250	460	
Calculate emissions	cha	nge in kilo	grams per summ	er day		
Oh an an a			/1000	V fl+!		-1/-1
Change		rate change	/ 1000	X fleet miles	X seasonal	<u> </u>
		grams/mile	g/kg	per day	adj factor	in kg
Change in Summer V	OC.	-0.014	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.006
Change in Summer N		-0.068	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.032
Change in Winter CC		-2.443	1,000	460	0.9812	-1.103
Change in Summer C		-139.395	1,000	460	1.0000	-64.122
Calculate emissions			·			
Dollutant				- chango/day	V on days	- change no
Pollutant				= change/day in kg	X op.days per year	
				шк	per year	year iii K
Summer VOC				-0.006	250	-1.623
Summer NOx				-0.032	250	-7.912
Winter CO				-1.103	250	-275.719
Summer CO2				-64.122	250	-16030.425
Calculate cost effec	tiver	ness (cost	per kg of emissio	ns reduced)		
Pollutant			Total Project	/ Project Life	/ reduction per	= annual cos
			Cost	in years	year in kg	
Summer VOC			\$375,000	12	1.623	\$19,249
SOUTHIEL VOL			\$37.3,000			
			\$375,000	12	7 912	<u>\$3 950</u>
Summer NOx Winter CO			\$375,000 \$375,000	12 12	7.912 275.719	

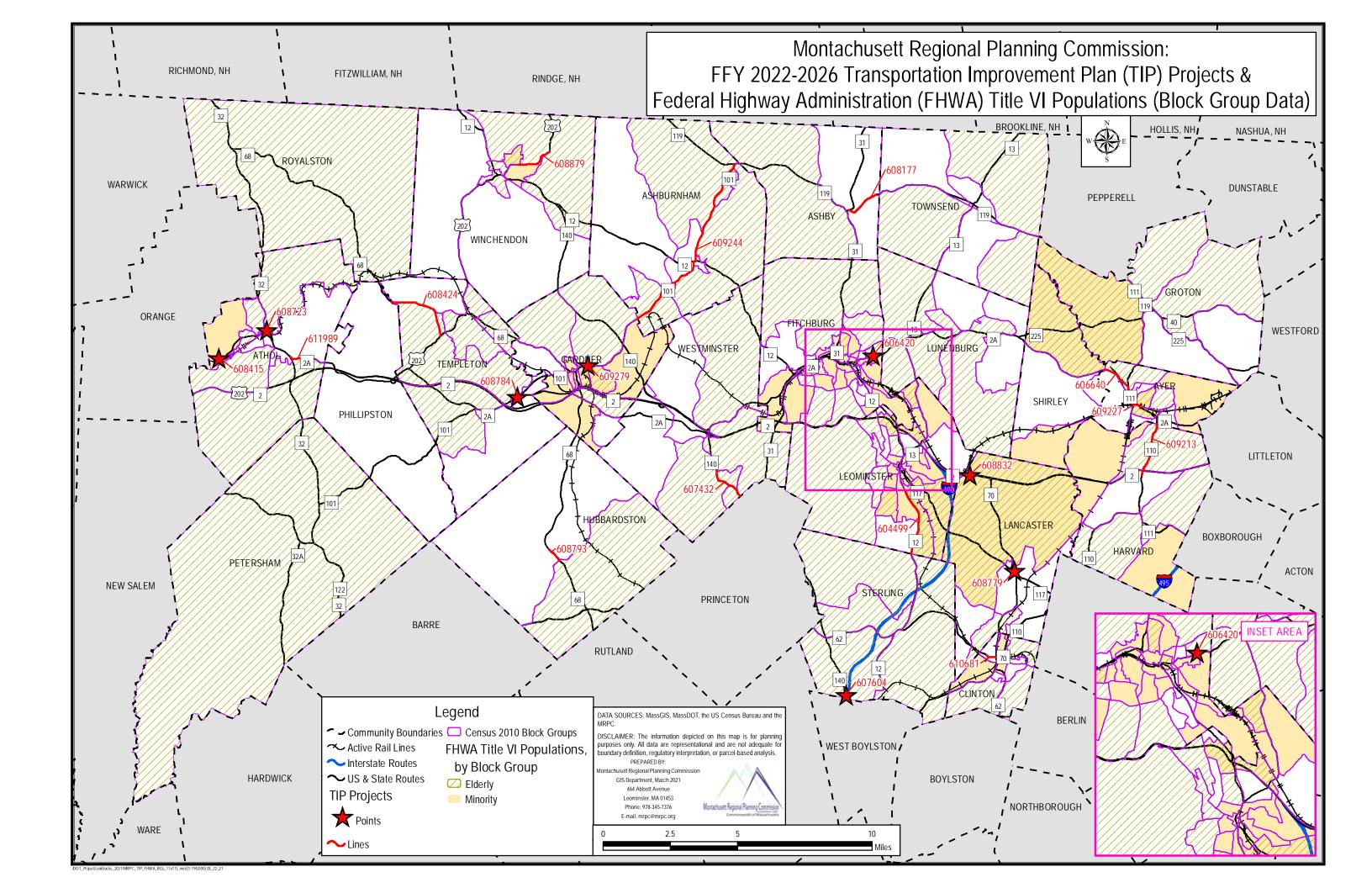
		Bus Rep				
FILL IN SHADED E	зох	ES ONLY				
TIP YEAR:		2026	Bus Replaceme	ents		
MPO:	M	ontachus	ett			
RTA:		MART				
RTD0010099; Veh	icle	Replacer	nents: Cutaway	's (5)		
Emission Rates in gra	ms/r	nile at assu	med operating spe	ed bin of :	30 MPH	
Scenario Compariso	n n		Summer VOC	Summer NOx	Winter CO	Summer CO2
ocomanio companio			(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)	(grams/mile)
		Model Year	(9:)	(9:)	(9:,	(9:)
Existing Model*	=	2011	0.017	0.093	3.036	575.249
New Bus Purchase**	=	2026	0.003	0.025	0.593	
* Please contact OTP fo	or ass	sistance on E	Existing Model emissi	on factors		
** MOVES 2014a Co AM or PM:	AM	ercial Emiss	ion Factors - Pleas Restricted or Unrestricted	se Specify the Foll	owing:	
Change (Buy-Base)			-0.014	-0.068	-2.443	-139.395
Calculate fleet vehic	le m	iles per da	ıy:			
Revenue miles	х	Deadhead	= fleet miles	/ operating days	= fleet miles	
per year		factor	per year	per year	per day	
100,000		1.15	115 000	250	460	
100,000		1.15	115,000	250	460	
Calculate emissions	cha	nge in kilo	grams per summ	er day		
Change		rate change	/ 1000	X fleet miles	X seasonal	= change/day
		grams/mile	g/kg	per day	adj factor	
			G. C			
Change in Summer V	OC	-0.014	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.006
Change in Summer N	Ох	-0.068	1,000	460	1.0188	-0.032
Change in Winter CO)	-2.443	1,000	460	0.9812	-1.103
Change in Summer C	02	-139.395	1,000	460	1.0000	-64.122
Calculate emissions	cha	nge in kilo	grams per year			
Pollutant				= change/day	X op.days	= change per
				in kg	per year	year in kg
C						
Summer VOC				-0.006	250	-1.623
Summer NOx Winter CO				-0.032	250	-7.912 -275.719
Summer CO2				-1.103 -64.122	250 250	-275.719
Calculate cost effec	tivor	nose (cost	nor ka of omissio		250	10030.423
Calculate COSt effec	uver	1699 (608[per kg of effilissio	nis reduced)		
Pollutant			Total Project	/ Project Life	/ reduction per	= annual cos
			Cost	in years	year in kg	per k
Summer VOC			\$382,500	12	1.623	\$19,634
Summer NOx			\$382,500	12	7.912	\$4,029
		-				
Winter CO			\$382,500	12	275.719	\$116

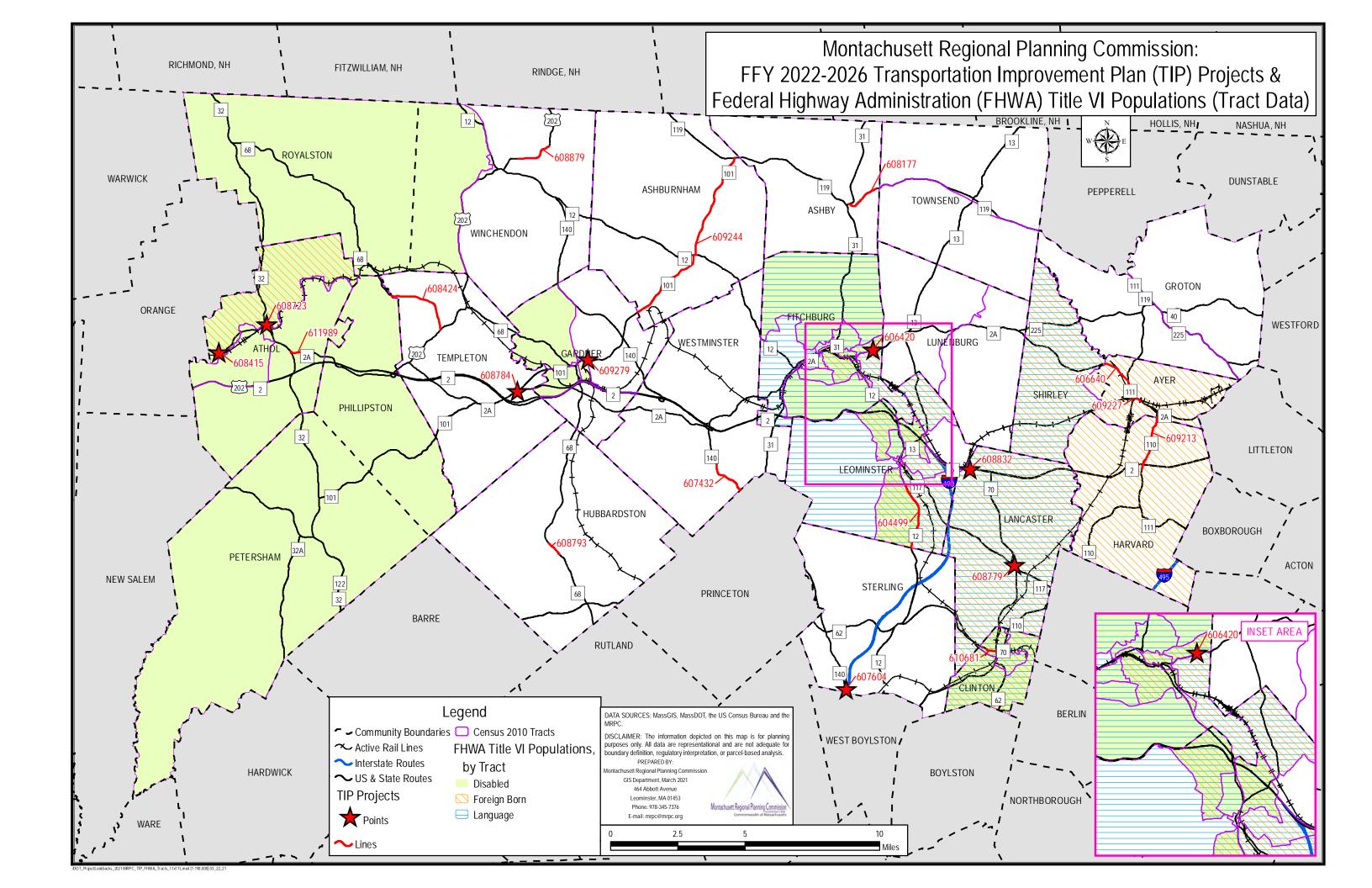
CMAQ Air Quality Analysis Worksheet for Bicycle and Pedestrian Project

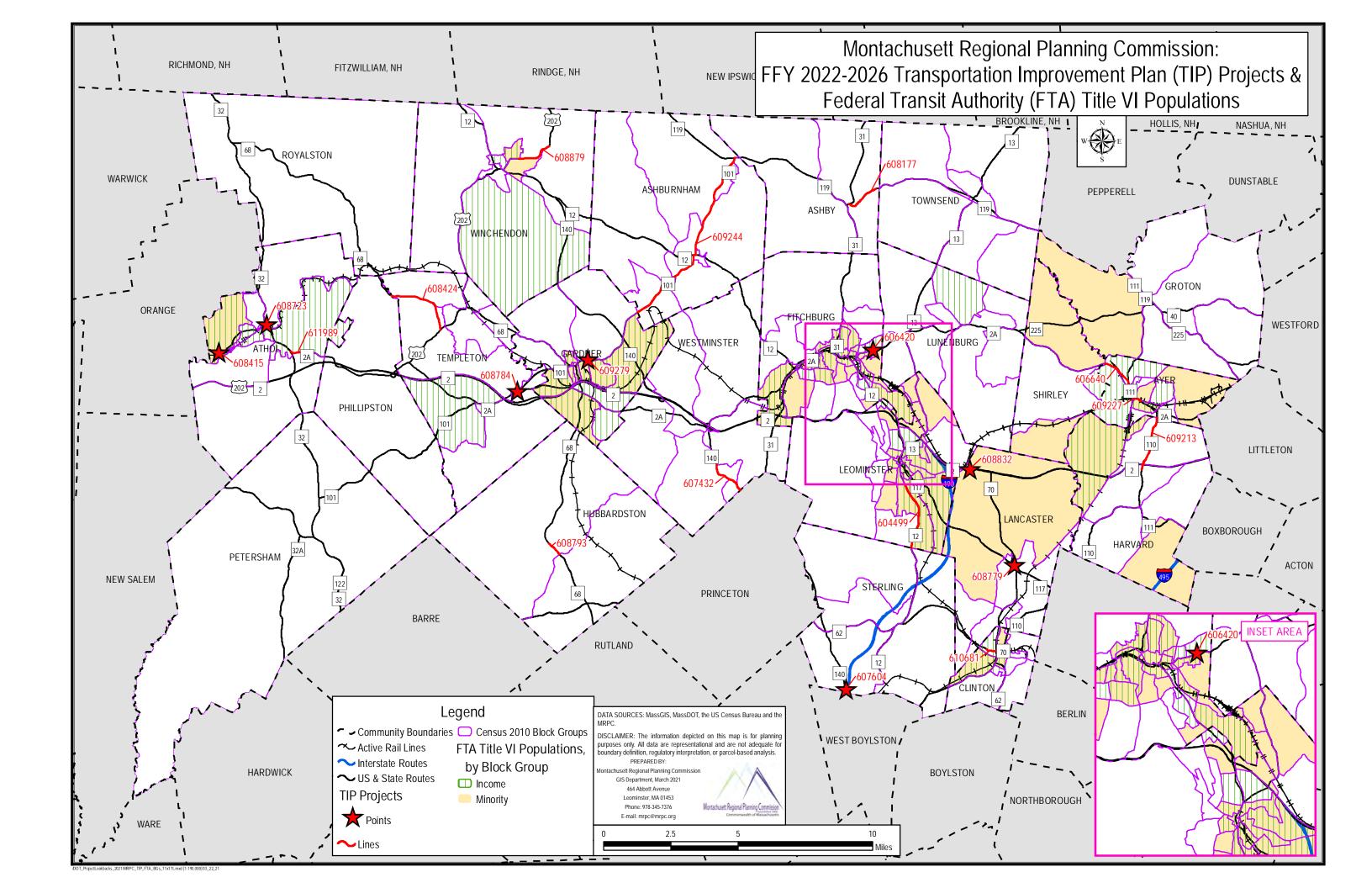
FILL IN SHADED BOXES ONLY **TIP YEAR:** 2023-2025 MPO: Montachusett Municipality: Leominster LEOMINSTER- RECONSTRUCTION/ REHABILITATION ON ROUTE 12 (CENTRAL STREET), INCLUDING **REHABILITATION OF L-08-022 Project:** Step 1: Calculate Estimated Reduction in Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT): If VMT reduction per year is known then go to Step 2B, if not proceed with Step 1: Facility Length (L): 2.6 Miles Service Area Radius (R): 1.0 Miles (Default = 1 Mile) Service Area of Community(ies) (SA): L * 2R = SA 52 Sq. Miles Total Land Area of Community(ies) (T): 28.82 Sq. Miles Service Area % of Community(ies) Land Area (LA): SA / T = LA 18.0% Total Population of Community(ies) (TP): 41,832 Persons Population Served by Facility (P): LA * TP = P 7,548 Persons Total Number of Households in Community(ies) (HH): 16,767 НН Number of Households Served by Facility (HS): LA * HH = HS 3,025 HH Total Number of Workers Residing in Community(ies) (W): 17,514 Persons Workers Per household (WPHH): W / HH = WPHH 1.04 Persons Workers in Service Area (WSA): HS * WPHH = WSA 3,160 Persons Population Density of the Service area (PD): P / SA = PD 1,451 Persons Per Sq. Mile If the bicycle and pedestrian commuter mode share is known, enter the percentage at the right. (BMS) 2.5% If not, use US Census - American Community Survey data to determine the mode share and enter the percentage. http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/guidance/estimates.html Bike and Ped. Work Utilitarian Trips (BWT): WSA * BMS = BWT 79 One-Way Trips Bike and Ped. Non-Work Utilitarian Trips (BNWT): BWT * 1.7 = BNWT 134 One-Way Trips (Latest planning assumptions estimate non-work utilitarian trips to be 1.7 times the work utilitarian.) Step 2: Calculate the VMT Reduction Per Day: ((2 * BWT) + (2 * BNWT)) * (0.5* L) = VMTR554.6 VMTR Per Day 554.6 * 200 = 110.918 VMTR Per Year VMTR * Operating Days Per Year VMTR Per Year If the Vehicle Miles Traveled Reduction is known enter in the box to the right. Note: A manual entry of the VMTR will override the calculated cell. Step 3: MOVES 2014a Emission Factors for Unrestricted PM: Speed Used: 35 MPH Note: Use 35 MPH as a default if average speed is not known. Eastern or Western Eastern 2016 Passenger 2016 Passenger 2016 Passenger 2016 Passenger ummer VOC Fact, nmer NOx Factor Summer CO Factor Summer CO2 Factor grams/mile grams/mile grams/mile grams/mile 0.047 0.163 2.460 378.555 Step 4: Calculate emissions reductions in kilograms per year (Seasonally Adjusted): Summer VOC Summer NOx Summer CO2 Summer CO 5.3 18.4 278.0 41,988.6 Step 5: Calculate cost effectiveness (first year cost per kg of emissions reduced) Emission Reduction Project First year cost Emission Cost in kg per year per kilogram Summer VOC 5.3 = \$0 Summer NOx 18.4 = \$0 Summer CO 278.0 =\$0 Summer CO2 41,988.6 = \$0

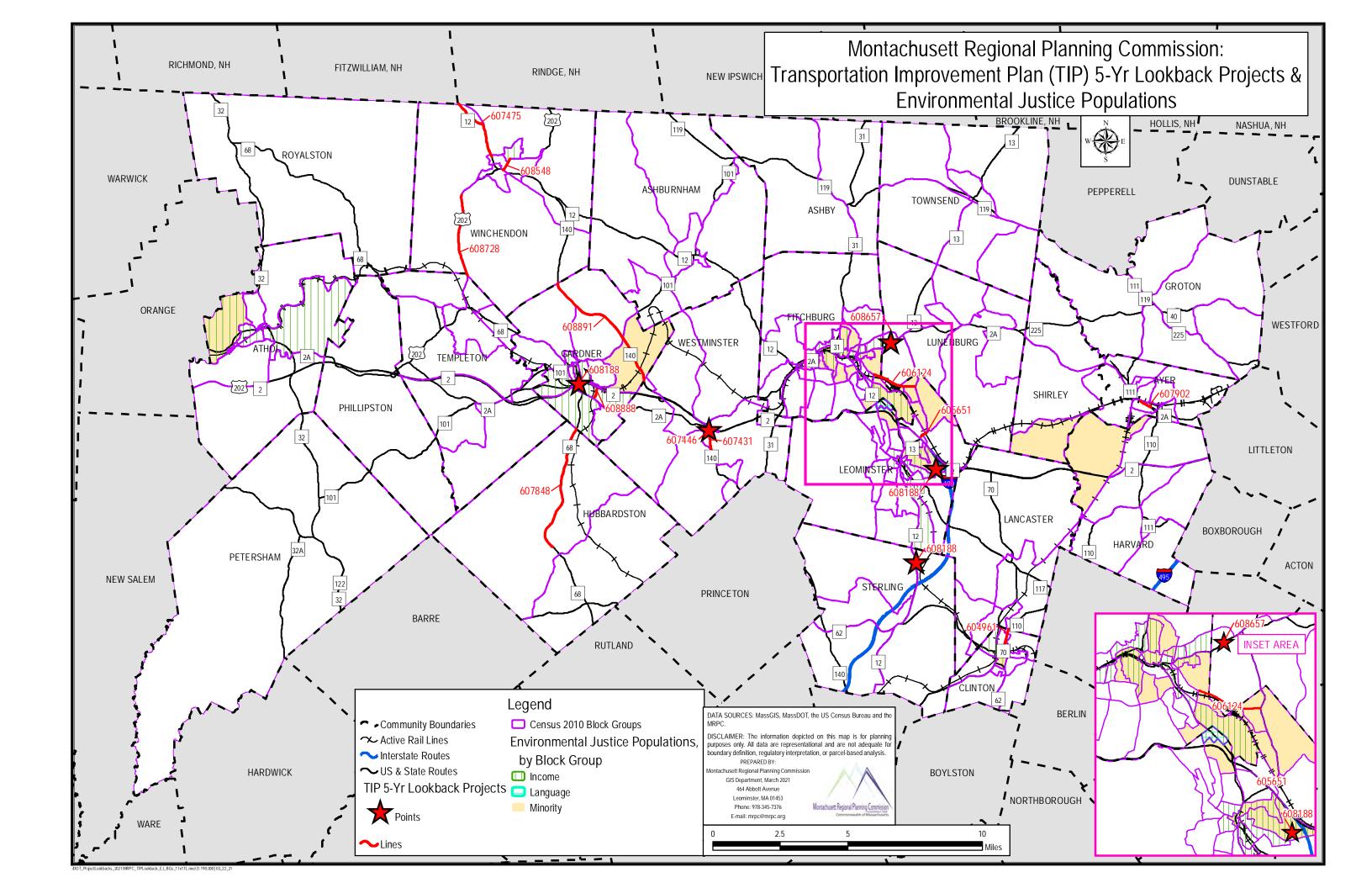
APPENDIX D – EQUITY DISTRIBUTION ANALYSIS OF TIP PROJECTS MAPS

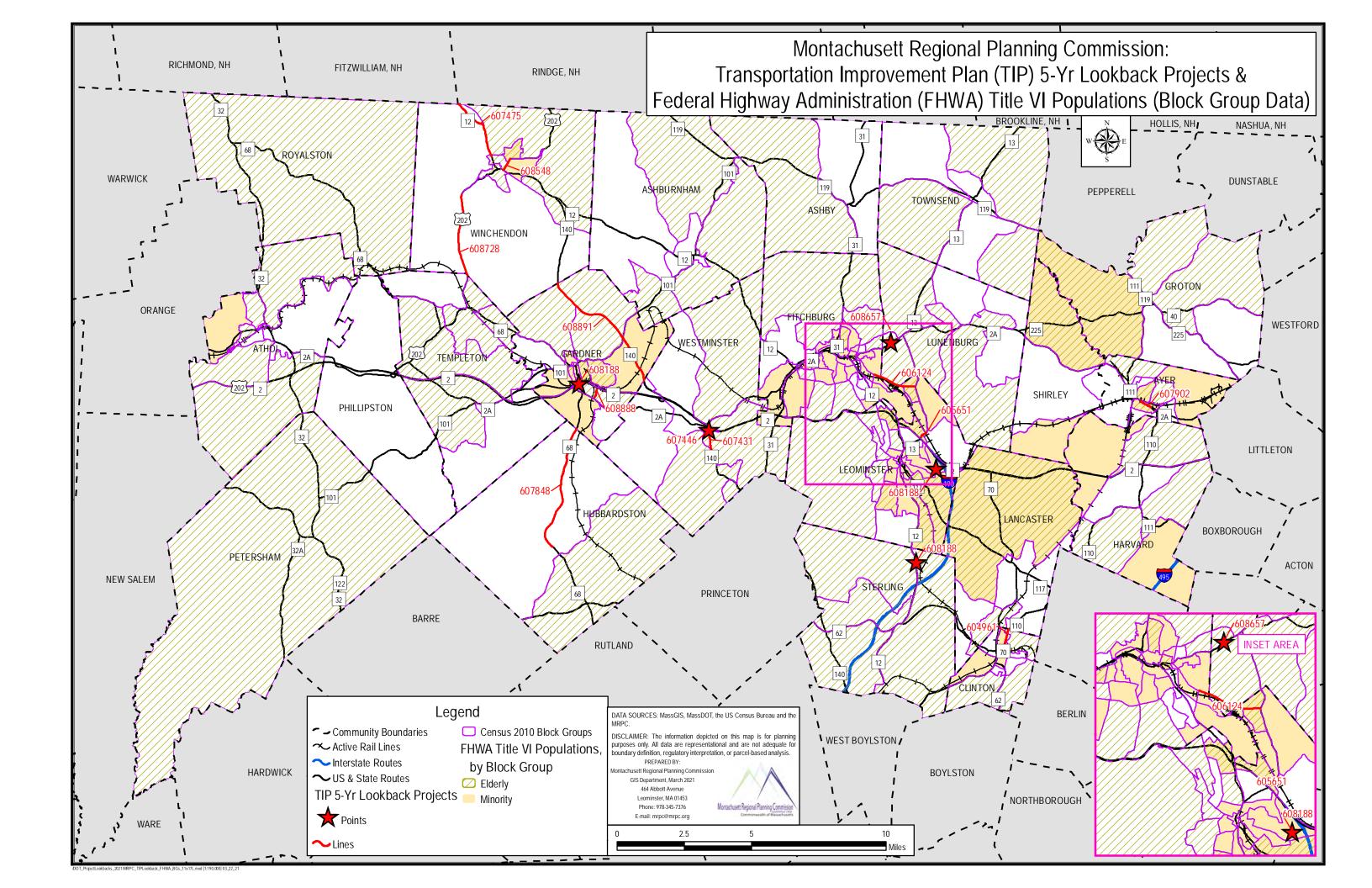


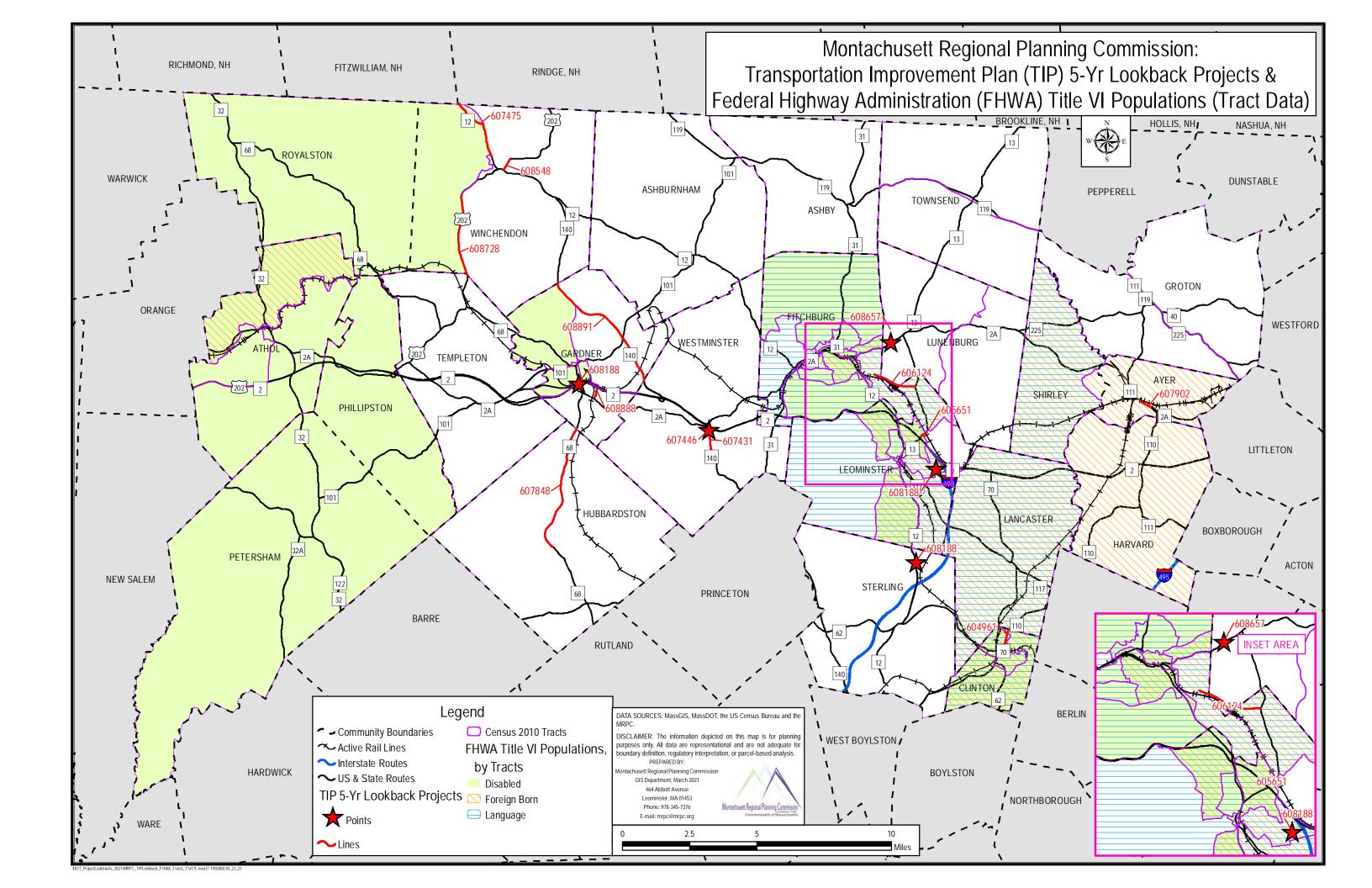


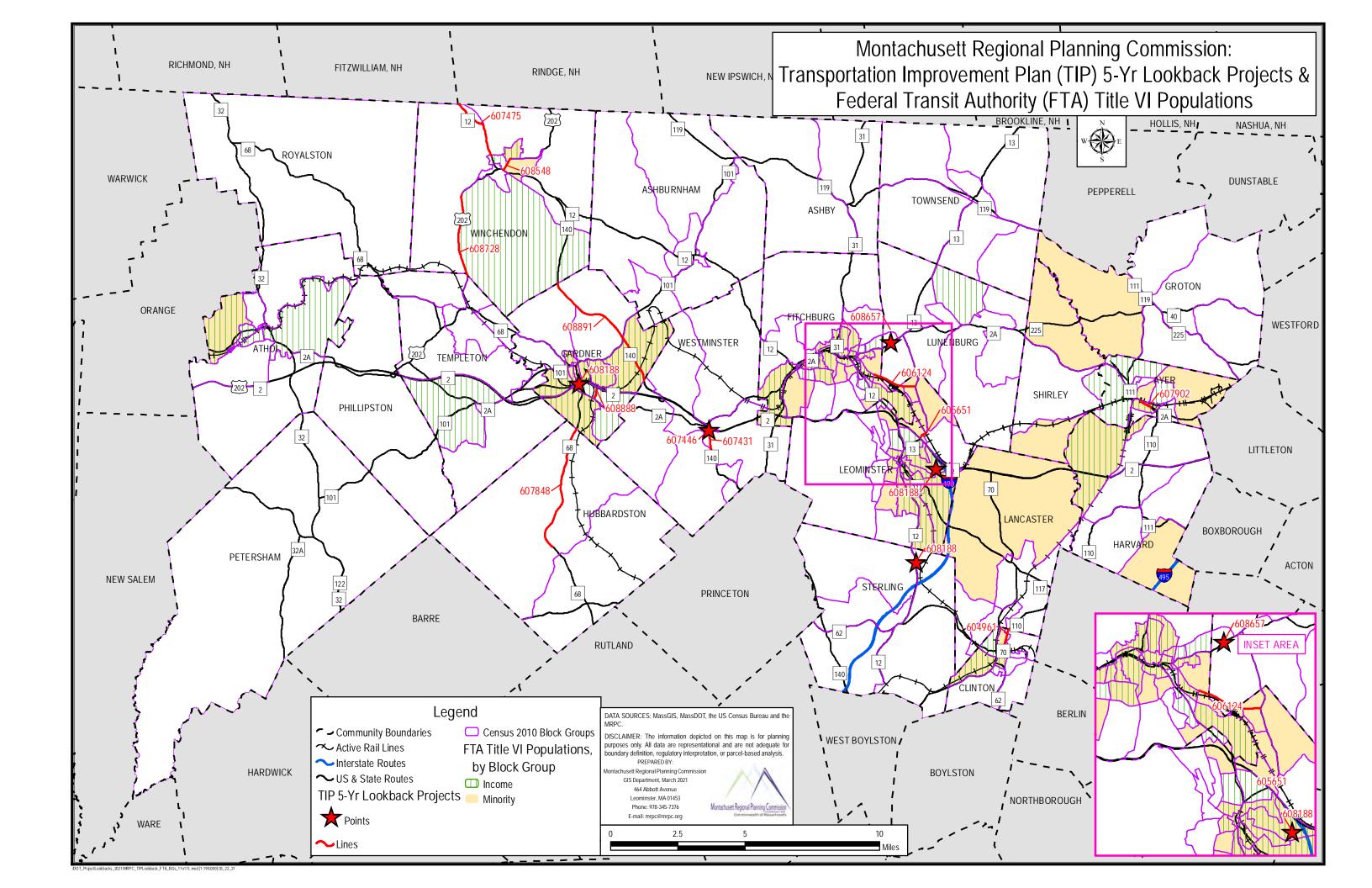












APPENDIX E – OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE TABLES

(Operations and Maintenance spending within the region are included in the following Statewide and District tables)

	Statewide	and District Contracts plus Expenditu	es within MPO boundaries		
Program Group/Sub Group	Est SFY 2021 Spending	Est SFY 2022 Spending	Est SFY 2023 Spending	Est SFY 2024 Spending	Est SFY 2025 Spending
Part 1: Non-Federal Aid					
Section I - Non Federal Aid Maintenance Projects	- State Bondfunds				
01 - ADA Retrofits					
New Sidewalks and Curbing	\$ 374,915	\$ 77,526 \$	115,304 \$	38,435 \$	-
02 - Bicycles and pedestrians program					
Bikeway/Bike Path Construction	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-
03 - Bridge					
Bridge Maintenance	\$ 50,530,642				
Bridge Maintenance - Deck Repairs	\$ 8,768,432	L			155,82
Bridge Maintenance - Joints	\$ 1,155,000	1			71,38
Bridge Preservation	\$ 4,252,063	L			
Bridge Reconstruction/Rehab	1 '	\$ 175,570 \$			43,89
Drawbridge Maintenance	\$ 7,557,601				
Painting - Structural	\$ 6,641,700	L.:			
Structures Maintenance	\$ 1,828,780	\$ 225,000 \$	130,601 \$	- \$	-
04 - Capacity Hwy Reconstr - Added Capacity	-	- 5	- \$	- \$	
Hwy Reconstr - Added Capacity 05 - Facilities		- 3	- 5	- \$	-
05 - Facilities Vertical Construction (Ch 149)	\$ 10,306,212	\$ 3,605,059 \$	2,272,733 \$	695,293 \$	
, ,	Ψ 10,300,212	ψ 3,003,039 q	2,212,133 \$	090,290 \$	-
07 - Intersection Improvements Traffic Signals	\$ 3,023,006	\$ 2,194,146 \$	444,178 \$	144,000 \$	
08 - Interstate Pavement	5,023,000	2,104,140	,1/0 \$	144,500 \$	
08 - Interstate Pavement Resurfacing Interstate		- \$	- \$	- \$	
09 - Intelligent Transportation Systems Program	+				
Intelligent Transportation System		- 5	- \$	- \$	-
10 - Non-interstate DOT Pavement Program			The second secon		
Milling and Cold Planing	\$ -	\$ 489,886 \$	839,805 \$	209,951 \$	-
Resurfacing	\$ 10,466,353	\$ 4,796,360 \$	3,271,364 \$	696,316 \$	-
Resurfacing DOT Owned Non-Interstate	\$ 8,495,515	\$ 3,639,973	1,657,155 \$	- \$	-
11 - Roadway Improvements					
Asbestos Removal	\$ -	\$ 1,246,592			-
Catch Basin Cleaning	\$ 1,786,357				
Contract Highway Maintenance	\$ 4,636,076				
Crack Sealing	\$ 2,415,593				
Culvert Maintenance	\$ 496,297				
Culvert Reconstruction/Rehab	\$ 444,173	E .			
Drainage	\$ 8,178,326	1			
Guard Rail & Fencing	\$ 6,443,072				
Highway Sweeping	\$ 973,750	LL.			
Landscaping	\$ 799,028 \$ 2,705,380	l .	B. *		
Mowing and Spraying Sewer and Water	\$ 2,705,380 \$ 11,200	L.:			
Tree Trimming	\$ 3,834,965	l			
	\$ 3,634,963	5,445,210	2,034,410	449,000 \$	
12 - Roadway Reconstruction Hwy Reconstr - Restr and Rehab	\$ 2,402,766	\$ 558,020 \$	222,630 \$	- \$	-
	2,402,700	558,020	222,030 \$	- 9	
13 - Safety Improvements Electrical	\$ 1,026,290	\$ 262,366 \$	- \$	- \$	
Impact Attenuators	\$ 823,156	1	B		
Lighting	\$ 2,163,221				
Pavement Marking	\$ 3,757,747	l .			-
Safety Improvements	\$ 619,617	I			-
Sign Installation/Upgrading	\$ 249,246				
Structural Signing	\$ 773,069	L.:			
Section I Total:	\$ 157,939,547			10,245,930 \$	526,00
Section II - Non Federal Aid Highway Operations					
Snow and Ice Operations & Materials					
	\$ 73,700,000	\$ 45,000,000	45,000,000 \$	45,000,000 \$	45,000,00
District Maintenance Payroll					
Mowing, Litter Mgmt, Sight Distance Clearing, Etc.	\$ 33,575,810				
Section II Total:	\$ 107,275,810	\$ 79,583,084 \$	80,620,577 \$	81,689,194 \$	82,789,87

		<u> </u>	ating and Maintenance Expenditures a District Contracts plus Expenditure	·		
Program Group/Sub Group Part 2: Federal Aid		Est SFY 2021 Spending	Est SFY 2022 Spending	Est SFY 2023 Spending	Est SFY 2024 Spending	Est SFY 2025 Spending
Section I - Federal Aid Maintenance Projects						
01 - ADA Retrofits						
New Sidewalks and Curbing	\$	25,063	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
02 - Bicycles and pedestrians program						
Bikeway/Bike Path Construction	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
03 - Bridge						
Bridge Maintenance	\$	1,278,445	\$ 3,428,044	\$ 770,671	\$ 2,357,142	\$ -
Bridge Maintenance - Deck Repairs	\$	-			\$ 265,653	
Bridge Maintenance - Joints	\$	-				\$ -
Bridge Preservation	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Bridge Reconstruction/Rehab	\$	_	3			\$ -
Drawbridge Maintenance	\$					\$ -
Painting - Structural	\$	2,337,724				\$ -
Structures Maintenance	\$	374,553				\$ -
04 - Capacity	1 *	1. 1,000	-			
Hwy Reconstr - Added Capacity	\$	- 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -
	۳	-	-	÷ -	-	* -
05 - Facilities Vertical Construction (Ch 149)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
	Ψ	- (-	-	4 -	-
07 - Intersection Improvements Traffic Signals	\$	5,391	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	¢
_	ā	5,391	5 -	a -	-	-
08 - Interstate Pavement Resurfacing Interstate	\$		•		•	
5	\$	-	-	-	\$ -	-
09 - Intelligent Transportation Systems Program			_	_	_	_
Intelligent Transportation System 10 - Non-interstate DOT Pavement Program	\$	-	-	-	\$ -	-
Milling and Cold Planing	\$	- 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resurfacing	\$	-	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resurfacing DOT Owned Non-Interstate	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
11 - Roadway Improvements		•	,			
Asbestos Removal	\$	- 0:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Catch Basin Cleaning	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contract Highway Maintenance	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Crack Sealing	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Culvert Maintenance	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Culvert Reconstruction/Rehab	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Drainage	\$	102,976	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Guard Rail & Fencing	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Highway Sweeping	\$		·			\$ -
Landscaping	\$					\$ -
Mowing and Spraying	\$					\$ -
Sewer and Water	\$					\$ -
Tree Trimming	\$	-		·		\$ -
12 - Roadway Reconstruction	Ÿ		-	-	-	·
12 - Roadway Reconstruction Hwy Reconstr - Restr and Rehab	\$	463	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
13 - Safety Improvements	Ψ	403	-	-		<u> </u>
13 - Safety Improvements Electrical	\$	- 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Impact Attenuators	\$	-			*	\$ -
Lighting	\$	6,701,881	}			
	\$					\$ -
Pavement Marking	\$		•	'		\$ - \$ -
Safety Improvements			·		·	
Sign Installation/Upgrading	\$	795,825	·			-
Structural Signing	\$	858,527			· ·	\$ -
Section I Total:	\$	12,480,848	\$ 12,024,280	\$ 2,190,167	\$ 2,632,950	\$ 243,515

			ng and Maintenance Expenditures as Statewide and District Contract			
Program Group/Sub Group	Eat OFV	2021 Spending	Est SFY 2022 Spending	Est SFY 2023 Spending	Est SFY 2024 Spending	Est SFY 2025 Spending
Program Group/Sub Group Part 1: Non-Federal Aid	EST SFY	2021 Spending	Est SFY 2022 Spending	Est SFY 2023 Spending	Est SFY 2024 Spending	Est SFY 2025 Spending
ection I - Non Federal Aid Maintenance Projects - Sta	ato Bondfunde					
	ite Bollalallas					
1 - ADA Retrofits lew Sidewalks and Curbing	\$	374,915 \$	77,526	115,304 \$	38,435	
-	¥	374,313 	77,320 4	110,004	30,433	,
2 - Bicycles and pedestrians program Bikeway/Bike Path Construction	\$	- \$	- \$	- S	- 19	
	¥	- (Ψ	- 4	- 4	· - [•	,
3 - Bridge bridge Maintenance	\$	43,428,981 \$	26,794,121 \$	6 16,077,531 \$	2,636,969	
Bridge Maintenance - Deck Repairs	\$	8,768,432 \$	6,573,425			
ridge Maintenance - Joints	\$	1,155,000 \$	2,287,026 \$			
ridge Preservation	\$	2,493,922 \$	600,348 \$			
ridge Reconstruction/Rehab	\$	- \$	- \$			
Orawbridge Maintenance	\$	7,557,601 \$	6,380,659		3.	
ainting - Structural	\$	5,297,610 \$	4,630,975			
structures Maintenance	\$	1,828,780 \$	225,000 \$			
	¥	1,020,700 \$	223,000 4	130,001	· - ! ·	
4 - Capacity wy Reconstr - Added Capacity	\$	- \$	- \$	- S	- []	
5 - Facilities	Ψ	- v	- 14	- 4	- [•	
5 - Facilities ertical Construction (Ch 149)	\$	4,291,871 \$	2,605,059	2,272,733 \$	695,293	
	Ψ	7,281,0/1 D	2,000,059	2,212,133 \$. 090,293	·
7 - Intersection Improvements raffic Signals	\$	3,023,006 \$	2,194,146	6 444,178 \$	144,000	
	Ψ	5,023,000 \$	2, 194, 140	. 444,178 \$. 144,000	·
8 - Interstate Pavement lesurfacing Interstate	\$	- \$	- 9	- S	- "5	
-	ų.	- v	- 4	- 9	- ,	,
9 - Intelligent Transportation Systems Program Itelligent Transportation System	\$	- \$	- \$	- S	- [3	
	3	- w	- 14	- 9	(,
0 - Non-interstate DOT Pavement Program lilling and Cold Planing	\$	- \$	489,886	839,805 \$	209,951	
esurfacing	\$	10,466,353 \$	4,796,360 \$			
esurfacing esurfacing DOT Owned Non-Interstate	\$	4,792,047 \$	3,639,973			
-	ų.	4,792,047 \$	3,039,973	1,637,155	- 1	•
1 - Roadway Improvements sbestos Removal	\$	- \$	- \$	- S	- 19	
atch Basin Cleaning	\$	1,786,357 \$	1,529,801			
Contract Highway Maintenance	\$	4,636,076 \$	2,012,347 \$			
rack Sealing	\$	2,415,593 \$	1,371,677			
culvert Maintenance		496,297 \$	588,151			-
culvert Maintenance	\$ \$	490,297 \$ - \$	- \$			
Prainage	\$	8,098,326 \$	4,940,500 \$			
Guard Rail & Fencing	\$	6,443,072 \$	2,462,423			
lighway Sweeping	\$	973,750 \$	1,128,020 \$			
andscaping	\$	799,028 \$	- \$			
andscaping flowing and Spraying	\$	2,705,380 \$	2,790,093			
ewer and Water	\$	11,200 \$	2,790,093 \$			
ree Trimming	S	3,834,965 \$	3,443,210 \$			
	φ	3,034,900 \$	3, 44 3,210 \$	2,034,418	449,000	,
2 - Roadway Reconstruction lwy Reconstr - Restr and Rehab	\$	2,402,766 \$	558,020 \$	5 222,630 \$	"9	
	Þ	2,402,706 \$	558,020 \$	222,630 \$	- [1	
3 - Safety Improvements lectrical	\$	1,026,290 \$	262,366	- \$	- "9	
npact Attenuators	\$	1,026,290 \$ 823,156 \$	262,366 \$ 870,993 \$			
npact Attenuators Ighting	\$ \$	2,163,221 \$	1.881.231			
ignting avement Marking	\$	3,757,747 \$	3,227,399			
avement Marking afety Improvements	\$ \$	3,757,747 \$ 619,617 \$	3,227,399 \$			
arety Improvements ign Installation/Upgrading	\$	249,246 \$	225,000 \$ 361,674 \$			
tructural Signing	\$	773,069 \$	237,152 \$			•
ection I Total:	\$	137,493,673 \$	89,185,143	48,846,114 \$	9,719,221	482
Section II - Non Federal Aid Highway Operations - St	ate					
now and Ice Operations & Materials		72 700 000 1 5	******	** ***	***************************************	
	\$	73,700,000 \$	45,000,000	45,000,000	45,000,000	45,000
istrict Maintenance Payroll						
Nowing, Litter Mgmt, Sight Distance Clearing, Etc.	\$	33,575,810 \$	34,583,084 \$	The state of the s		
				00.000.577	04 000 404	82,789
Section II Total:	\$	107,275,810 \$	79,583,084	80,620,577 \$	81,689,194	82,789

		Operating and Maintenance Expend			
		Statewide and Distric			
rogram Group/Sub Group	Est SFY 2021 Spending	Est SFY 2022 Spending	Est SFY 2023 Spending	Est SFY 2024 Spending	Est SFY 2025 Spending
art 2: Federal Aid					
section I - Federal Aid Maintenance Projec	ts				
1 - ADA Retrofits					
New Sidewalks and Curbing	\$ 25,063	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
2 - Bicycles and pedestrians program					
Bikeway/Bike Path Construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
3 - Bridge					
Bridge Maintenance	\$ 461,411	\$ 2,340,702	\$ 770,671	\$ - \$	
Bridge Maintenance - Deck Repairs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Bridge Maintenance - Joints	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Bridge Preservation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Bridge Reconstruction/Rehab	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Drawbridge Maintenance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Painting - Structural	\$ 2,336,224	\$ 2,748,097	\$ 276,981	\$ - \$	
Structures Maintenance	\$ 112,207	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
04 - Capacity					
Hwy Reconstr - Added Capacity	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
05 - Facilities					
/ertical Construction (Ch 149)		\$ -	s -	\$ - \$	
07 - Intersection Improvements					
Traffic Signals	\$ 5,391	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
08 - Interstate Pavement	.,		-	·	
Resurfacing Interstate		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
		<u> </u>		•	
09 - Intelligent Transportation Systems Prog ntelligent Transportation System	ram	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
		-	-		
10 - Non-interstate DOT Pavement Program Milling and Cold Planing	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Resurfacing		\$ - \$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$ \$ - \$	
Resurfacing DOT Owned Non-Interstate		\$ -	\$ -		
-	\$ -	-	-	s - s	
I1 - Roadway Improvements		_	_		
Asbestos Removal	1 1	-	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Catch Basin Cleaning		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Contract Highway Maintenance		\$ -	\$ -	s - s	
Crack Sealing	1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Culvert Maintenance	1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Culvert Reconstruction/Rehab		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Orainage		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Guard Rail & Fencing		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Highway Sweeping		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
andscaping		\$ -	s -	\$ - \$	
Mowing and Spraying	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Sewer and Water	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Tree Trimming	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
2 - Roadway Reconstruction					
lwy Reconstr - Restr and Rehab	\$ 463	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
3 - Safety Improvements					
Electrical	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
mpact Attenuators		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Lighting		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Pavement Marking		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Safety Improvements		\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	
Sign Installation/Upgrading	\$ 124,116		\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$	
	\$ 858,527				
Structural Signing	a 858.527	a 180.823	\$ -	\$ - \$	

ATTACHMENT 1 - COMMENTS RECEIVED ON DRAFT TIP

2022 - 2026 TIP Comments

	2022 - 2026 TIP Comments
Action	
	MassDOT OTP - Completeness
	The link included on page 40 to weMoveMassachusetts does not appear to be active. Please remove.
Comment 1	Please revise the signatory sheet to just include one signature slot for the designee of Acting Secretary Tesler to sign on behalf of all MPO members.
	No acronym list is included; please consider adding.
	Within the second table on page 47, "Target Project Investment Percentage per Category," please revise to reflect 2022 - 2026.
Response 1	Noted, changes and updates have been made throughout
nesponse 1	invited, shanges and aparter nate seen made anoughout
	MassDOT OTP - Narrative
	The analysis of programmed funds broken down by the 2020 RTP strategy (pages 45 - 48) could be enhanced through analyzing how amounts included in
	leach funding source contibute to RTP goals, as opposed to including all costs and sources within the same category for each project. For example, the
	\$2.2 million in CMAQ attached to Lancaster 608779 could reasonably be categorized in either the "Pedestrian & Bicycle Facilities" or "Climate Change &
Comment 2	Environment" categories.
	On page 1, under "Procedures for Development of TIP," please add a reference to the electronic STIP (eSTIP).
	Page 8 states that moving projects between sequential years may constitute an administrative modification. However, according to MassDOT's amendment
	and adjustment procedures, this change requires an amendment. Please revise as appropriate.
	Additions and updates have been made to the narrative, staff will explore breaking down costs into different categories based on investments
Response 2	upon further discussion with MassDOT and the MJTC/MPO during the development of the 2024 Regional Transportation Plan
	population discussion with massbot and the MITC/MPO during the development of the 2024 Regional Hansportation Plan
	Mass DOT OTD. Deafsware Massacran
	MassDOT OTP - Performance Measurement MADT's Public Transportation Assaure Sefety Plan (PTASD) towards must also be included within the final various of the TIP. Places according to with MADT.
	MART's Public Transportation Agency Safety Plan (PTASP) targets must also be included within the final version of the TIP. Please coordinate with MART
	to ensure this is included.
Comment 3	On pages 31-32, please revise the figures included in the "current (2017)" column to match the figures reported in MassDOT's "2-year
	condition/performance" column in the table submitted to FHWA. More details are included in the feedback within the TIP document.
	Not all objectives have corresponding performance measures. Additionally, please see notes within the document on more specific suggestions for a
	number of performance measures included.
	All Regional Performance Measures were set and adopted as part of the development of the 2020 RTP. Staff will look to amend individual PMs
Response 3	lupon further discussion with the MJTC and MPO. PTASP information has been added
	papori farcifici anocassioni with the finite and fines. Finori information has been duded
	Mana DOT OTD Desirabilities
Comment 4	MassDOT OTP - Project Listing
	Additional information column is not shown; please include this in the final version.
Response 4	Additional information added into final document
	Mary DOT OTD House & Australia
	MassDOT OTP - Impact Analysis Disease ravise the CHC portification to just include one signature slet for the designed of Acting Secretary Tesler to sign on healf of all MDO members.
	Please revise the GHG certification to just include one signature slot for the designee of Acting Secretary Tesler to sign on behalf of all MPO members.
Comment 5	More information on why regional averages are used for Title VI but not for Environmental Justice (EJ) would be beneficial. Additionally, for the equity
	analysis described on page 16, please clarify whether the analysis was based on the total amounts for the 19 projects in the TIP appendix or the 9 target
	projects that are programmed. OTP believes the strongest analysis would include just programmed projects. Also, please revise the word "spent" to "programmed."
	programmou.
Response 5	Changes/ additions made
	PUNIA AND PARA
	FHWA - Minor Edits Provident for the control of TD control on the control of the tribute block above the control of the contr
Comment 7	Page I: would prefer to see a signed TIP posted on the website that clearly shows its endorsed and self-certified
	Page 5: could be good to include the TEC in the appendix, for more clarity in this document what categories mean and how they are applied to scoring projects and and
	anticipated effect to achieving performance targets
Response 7	All minor edits made
•	
	I
Comment 8	FHWA - Performance Measures
	Page 31: Outdated data. please include text on 2020 review and decision to keep targets as is.
Response 8	Updated data added
weshouse 0	opunica anto anno
	FHWA - RTP Priorities
Comment 9	Page 48: appreciate inclusion of this section in the TIP to link to MTP strategies. Per the Harvard project example, I wonder if, moving forward, an
Comment 9	Page 48: appreciate inclusion of this section in the TIP to link to MTP strategies. Per the Harvard project example, I wonder if, moving forward, an estimate of funding could be split across investment categories that captures the different elements that project touches (road
Comment 9	
Comment 9 Response 9	estimate of funding could be split across investment categories that captures the different elements that project touches (road